

less than one thousand (1,000) shall have at least one (1) such waiting room. And waiting rooms shall in all cases when necessary be constructed of such greater size as to accommodate all passengers patronizing [any] such railroad at any station.

SEC. 2. Any such railroad company or corporation failing to comply with the provisions of this act shall forfeit and pay to the state of Minnesota a penalty of not less than five hundred (500) dollars, nor more than one thousand (1,000) dollars for each and every violation of this act, and each period of thirty (30) days that any such railroad company or corporation shall fail to comply with the provisions of this act at any such station shall be taken and deemed to be a separate violation of this act.

SEC. 3. All suits commenced and prosecuted under this act shall be in the name of the state of Minnesota, and all penalties collected shall be paid into the state treasury.

SEC. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force on and after June first (1st), one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (1885).

Approved March 7, 1885.

Failure to comply—penalty.

219,97 Sec 7

How suits shall be brought.

When act to take effect.

CHAPTER 191.

AN ACT FOR THE COLLECTION, PRESERVATION AND REPORT OF CRIMINAL STATISTICS.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the county attorney of every county in this state to procure at the expense of the county a suitable book to be known and designated "A register of criminal actions," and which book shall be preserved and kept by him as hereinafter provided, and at the expiration of his term of office be delivered by him to his successor in office.

County attorney to keep a register of criminal actions.

SEC. 2. Immediately after the conclusion of any preliminary examination or prosecution, conducted by such county attorney and immediately after the receipt by him of any report of a justice of the peace as provided in section three (3) of this act and within ten (10) days after the adjournment of any term of a court of record in his county having criminal jurisdiction, it shall be the duty of such

When criminal cases to be registered.

What other records to be kept.

county attorney to enter in such register the title of all criminal causes, conducted, prosecuted or so reported to him; the date when such examination or prosecution was begun; the date of the finding of an indictment or the filing of a criminal appeal in such court; the nature of the criminal accusation against the defendant; the result of such examination, prosecution or trial; if convicted, the nature and extent of the punishment inflicted and whether the crime charged was committed under the influence of intoxicating liquors. He shall also upon the receipt of the report from the justice or clerk hereinafter provided for enter in such register under each case the amount of costs taxed therein, the amount of fines if any imposed, and the amount paid thereon.

Justices of the peace to report to county attorney—when—what report to contain.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of every justice of the peace, within ten (10) days after the conclusion of every criminal prosecution begun and prosecuted before him, to report to the county attorney of his county or to the county attorney of the county to which his county is attached for judicial purposes, the title of such criminal cause, the nature of the accusation, the result thereof and if the defendant is convicted, the nature and extent of the punishment inflicted; whether the crime charged was committed under the influence of intoxicating liquors, the amount of costs paid or incurred by the state in such case, and the amount of fines and costs, or fines or costs paid by the defendant.

Clerk of every court to report to county attorney—when—what report to contain.

SEC. 4. It shall be the duty of the clerk of every court of record having criminal jurisdiction, either before the adjournment or within ten (10) days after the adjournment of any term of such court, to tax the amount of costs paid or incurred by the county or state in the trial of each criminal case tried in said court during said term, including witness fees, and to enter the amount thereof in the record of such case and immediately thereafter to report to the county attorney of the county the amount of costs so taxed in each of such cases, the amount of fines imposed and the amount paid thereon.

Duty of sheriff.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of every sheriff or other officer or person who serves any subpoena or other process issued in a criminal action by any court of record having criminal jurisdiction, on or before the last day of every term of such court, to file such subpoena or other process with his fees for the service thereof indorsed thereon with the clerk of such court.

County attorney to report to attorney general—when—what report to contain.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of every county attorney, on or before the tenth (10th) day of January of each year, to prepare and transmit to the attorney general, in such form as the attorney general prescribes, a report of the number, character and result of all criminal cases prosecuted by or reported as aforesaid to him during the preceding year, which report shall also contain such other or further

information as the attorney general may require, and said register, if properly kept, may furnish, together with the costs of such prosecution to the county or state. Upon the reception of such report it shall be the duty of the attorney general to send to the county attorney a receipt for the same, which receipt shall be filed with the county auditor of the county; and thereupon and not otherwise, it shall be the duty of the county auditor to issue to such county attorney a warrant for the salary due him for the preceding month of December, and no warrant shall be issued for said month's salary until such receipt is filed as aforesaid; *Provided*, That the report for the year A. D. one thousand eight hundred and eighty-five (1885) shall include the period between November fifteenth (15th) one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four (1884) and January first (1st), one thousand eight hundred and eighty-six (1886).

Duty of attorney general.

SEC. 7. Section two hundred and sixteen (216) of chapter eight (8) of the general statutes of one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight (1878) is hereby repealed.

Repeal of former section.

SEC. 8. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

When act to take effect.

Approved February 10, 1885.

CHAPTER 192.

AN ACT TO LEGALIZE CERTAIN FORECLOSURE PROCEEDINGS BY EXECUTORS AND ADMINISTRATORS.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

SECTION 1. That all foreclosures heretofore made under section twenty-five (25) of chapter eighty-one (81) of the general statutes of A. D. one thousand eight hundred and seventy-eight (1878), and the executor or administrator was at the commencement of such foreclosure, authorized so to do by said section twenty-five (25), except that he had filed the authenticated copy of his appointment required by said section twenty-five (25) with the probate court of the proper county, instead of filing such authenticated copy for record in the office of the register of deeds of the proper county, be and the same are hereby legalized and made valid from and after the filing and recording thereof in the office of the register of deeds; *Provided*, That the time to redeem from such foreclosure is hereby

Legalization of certain mortgage foreclosures.

Extension of redemption.