

of charcoal, firewood and other fuel, and to appoint suitable persons to inspect, superintend and conduct the same.

*Second.*—To compel the owners or occupants of buildings or grounds to remove snow, dirt or rubbish from the sidewalks, streets, alleys opposite thereto; and in their default, by some officer of the village at the expense of the said owners or occupants.

*Third.*—To regulate and license public auctions and vendues.

*Fourth.*—To provide by ordinance for a standard of weights and measures, the appointment of a village sealer, and to provide for the punishment for the use of false weights and measures.

SEC. 30. The said village of Easton shall be liable for its proportionate share and interest of any bonds or other indebtedness which has been or may be voted or incurred by those townships for any purpose whatever prior to the time when this act shall take effect or be enforced.

SEC. 31. The farm land not surveyed and platted as town lots embraced within the limits and boundaries of the said village of Easton shall be exempt from attachment levy or sale upon execution or any other process issuing out of any court within this state, except as provided in chapter sixty-eight of the general statutes relating to homestead exemptions, the same as though they were not included in any corporate town, [city or village].

SEC. 32. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 9, 1874.

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## CHAPTER IX.

AN ACT TO INCORPORATE THE VILLAGE OF BLOOMING PRAIRIE, IN THE COUNTY OF STEELE, STATE OF MINNESOTA.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:*

SECTION 1. All that part of the township of Blooming Prairie, in the county of Steele and state of Minnesota, included within the following described limits or boundaries, to-wit: Section (36) thirty-six, section (25) twenty-five, the east ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) half of section (35) thirty-five, the east ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) half of section (26) twenty-six, section twenty-four (24), and the east half ( $\frac{1}{2}$ ) of section twenty-three (23), in

township one hundred and five (105), range nineteen (19), is hereby constituted a village by the name and style of the village of Blooming Prairie, and by that name the people now inhabiting, and those who may hereafter inhabit the said district of country, shall be a municipal corporation, possessing all the powers incident to municipal corporations at common law, with perpetual succession, and shall be capable of contracting and being contracted with, of suing and being sued, and of pleading and being impleaded, in all courts of law and equity, and may have a common seal.

SEC. 2. The male inhabitants of said village having the qualifications of electors of members of the legislature of the state of Minnesota, as hereinafter provided, may elect a president, three trustees, a recorder, a justice of the peace, and a constable, who shall hold their respective offices for one year, or until their successors are elected and qualified. And before entering upon the duties of their respective offices they shall each take an oath or affirmation to support the constitution and laws of the state of Minnesota, also an oath of office. The recorder shall act as treasurer, and shall give such bonds as the village council may require. The treasurer shall keep a true account of all moneys by him received by virtue of his office, and the manner in which the same are disbursed, in a book provided for that purpose, and exhibit such account, together with his vouchers, to the village council at its annual meeting, for adjustment; and shall deliver all books and property belonging to his office, and the balance of all moneys in his hands, as such treasurer and recorder, to his successor in office, on demand, after such successor has qualified according to law.

SEC. 3. The treasurer shall, from time to time, draw from the county treasurer such moneys as has been received by the county treasurer for the use of his village, and on receipt of such moneys he shall deliver proper vouchers therefor.

SEC. 4. The treasurer shall, on the Tuesday preceding the annual election for village officers, make out a statement in writing of the money by him received into the village treasury, from officers and other sources, and also of all moneys paid out by him as such treasurer; in which statement he shall set forth particularly from whom and on what account such moneys were received by him, with the amount received from each person or officer, and the date of receiving the same; also, to whom and for what purpose any moneys have been paid out by him, with the amount and date of each payment; he shall also state therein the amount of moneys remaining in his hands as treasurer; such statement shall be filed by him in his office, for the inspection of any person, and shall be carefully preserved and recorded in a book provided for that purpose.

SEC. 5. The president, the three trustees and recorder shall be the

village council of said village, any three of whom shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of any business and shall have full power and authority to enact, adopt, modify and enforce, and from time to time amend or repeal all such ordinances, rules and by-laws as they shall deem expedient for the following purposes, to wit :

*First.*—To provide for the construction and maintenance of suitable sidewalks, and street crossings, as they shall deem expedient, at the expense of the owners of the lots or parts of lots respectively opposite and adjoining to such sidewalks and crossings.

*Second.*—To prevent riots, noise, disturbance of meetings or public assemblies whatever, to punish any person or persons who may be engaged in, or in any way connected with the same, and generally to promote and preserve good order and the public peace.

*Third.*—To prevent the encumbering of streets, sidewalks, lanes or alleys with carriages, carts, wagons, boxes, barrels, sleighs, firewood, lumber or any other material or substance whatever.

*Fourth.*—To restrain the running at large of cattle, swine, sheep, horses, mules and poultry, and to authorize the impounding, distraining and sale of the same.

*Fifth.*—To prevent any person from bringing, depositing or having within the village any putrid carcass or other unwholesome substance, to require the removal of the same by any person who shall have the same upon his premises, or by the person who may have put the same thereon ; or from any street, lane, public square or alley, and in default to authorize the removal thereof at the expense of such person so required to remove the same.

*Sixth.*—To prevent open or notorious drunkenness, brawling or obscenity in the streets, alleys or public places, and to provide for the punishment of all persons who may be guilty of the same.

*Seventh.*—To prevent all persons from doing any damage to sidewalks.

*Eighth.*—To direct the location and management of slaughter houses and markets in said village and to regulate the sale, storage, conveying and keeping of gunpowder and other combustible materials.

*Ninth.*—To compel the owners, agents, or lessees of any hog yard or hog pen, stable, privy, sewer, hide yard, slaughter house, markets or any other unwholesome or nauseous house or place, to clean, remove or abate the same from time to time as the village council may deem necessary for the health, comfort and convenience of the inhabitants of said village.

*Tenth.*—To prevent the dangerous construction and condition of chimneys, fire places, hearths, stoves, stove pipes, ovens, boilers, boiler stacks and apparatus used in or about any building, and to cause the same to be placed in a safe condition, at the expense of

the owner, or owners; to prevent the deposit of ashes in unsafe places, or the throwing of them into the street; to regulate and prevent the use of fireworks and firearms, and to establish such regulations for the prevention and extinguishment of fires as they may deem expedient; also to adopt such regulations as they may deem proper to prevent the introduction or spread of contagious diseases.

*Eleventh.*—To establish the grades of streets and cause an accurate profile thereof to be made, a copy of which must be filed in the office of the village recorder.

*Twelfth.*—To license public showman [showmen] or exhibitions, billiard tables and bowling alleys.

*Thirteenth.*—To prevent and punish horse racing, immoderate riding or driving in the streets; to compel persons to fasten their horses or mules attached to vehicles while in the streets.

SEC. 6. Said village council shall have full power and authority to declare and impose fines, penalties and punishment, and to enforce the same against any person or persons who may violate any of the provisions of any ordinance, rule or by-law enacted by them, and all such ordinances, rules and by-laws are hereby declared to have the force of law; *Provided*, That they are not repugnant to the constitution and laws of the United States and the state of Minnesota. Fines, penalties and punishments may extend as follows, to-wit: fines, not to exceed one hundred dollars, nor imprisonment to exceed thirty days in the county or village jail. Offenders may be required to give security for their good behavior and to keep the peace for a period not exceeding one year in a sum not exceeding five hundred dollars.

SEC. 7. All ordinances, rules and by-laws shall be enacted by a majority of all the members of the village council, and shall be signed by the president or chairman, attested by the recorder and published once in a newspaper published and printed in said village or posted conspicuously in three public places in said village for ten days before the same shall be in force, and shall be recorded in a book kept for that purpose.

SEC. 8. All prosecutions for violating any of the ordinances, rules, or by-laws, enacted under the provisions of this act, shall be brought in the name of the village of Blooming Prairie, and shall be commenced by warrant upon complaint being made as required by law for criminal cases before justices of the peace; and the same proceedings shall be had thereon as are required to be had by the laws of this state in criminal or civil actions before justices of the peace; *Provided*, No appeal shall be allowed in any case where the fine or penalty imposed is less than twenty dollars. The justice of the peace of the village shall have and possess exclusive and original jurisdiction of all cases arising under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 9. All fines and penalties imposed under or by virtue of the provisions of this act shall belong to the village of Blooming Prairie, and shall constitute a fund to pay the expenses incurred under the provisions of this charter.

SEC. 10. Any five citizens, being freeholders within the corporate limits of said village, and having the qualifications requisite for electors of members of the state legislature may at any time call a meeting of the electors thereof to elect officers, provided for in section two (2) of this act, by posting a notice for ten days prior to the meeting, at the post office and at two more public places within the limits of said village, stating the object of the meeting and the time and place of holding the same, and the electors present at the time and place may organize such meeting by choosing viva voce two judges of election and one clerk, who shall take an oath or affirmation to faithfully discharge the duties required of them; and said judges and clerk being duly qualified, shall forthwith open the polls by proclamation, and conduct the election in the manner prescribed by the statutes of Minnesota, for the election of township officers, and the judges of election shall give to each person elected a certificate of his election within five days after his election.

SEC. 11. After the first election of officers, the village council shall act as judges of election, and the annual meeting for the election of officers shall be held on the second Tuesday in April in each year, at such place in said village as the council may direct, and the polls shall be opened between the hours of ten (10) and eleven (11) o'clock in the forenoon, and close at four (4) o'clock in the afternoon of said day. At the close of the polls the votes shall be counted and a true statement thereof proclaimed to the voters by some one of the judges of election, and the recorder shall make a true copy thereof in a book kept for that purpose, and within five days thereafter shall notify in writing the persons so elected of their election.

SEC. 12. The village council shall give notice of the time and place of holding the annual meeting for the election of officers by posting a notice of the same fourteen days immediately prior to the day of election, at the post office and at three or more public places in said village, or by publishing it for two weeks immediately prior to said election, in a paper published in said village, and may at any time call a special meeting of the electors of the village by publishing or posting a notice as provided in this section for the call of the annual meeting; *Provided*, No subject or question shall be considered or acted upon at any annual or special meeting unless it has been clearly stated in the notice for the call of such meeting.

SEC. 13. A majority of the legal voters of said village may at any annual or special meeting, authorize the village council to levy

a tax upon the taxable property in said village, not exceeding ten mills for every dollar of valuation, for any one year to be expended for such purpose as the voters of said village may direct, and any such tax shall be levied and collected as prescribed by the statutes of this state for the levying and collecting of township taxes.

SEC. 14. The village council shall have the exclusive right to license persons vending, dealing in or disposing of, spirituous, vinous, malt or fermented liquors, within the limits of said village, and persons so licensed shall not be required to obtain a license from the board of county commissioners, and shall not be prosecuted for selling, bartering or disposing of spirituous, vinous, malt or fermented liquors if having first obtained license therefor agreeably to the provisions of chapter sixteen (16) of the general statutes; *Provided*, That no license shall be granted for less than fifty dollars, and that previous to the granting of any such license a bond shall be executed, with the same conditions and with the same penal sum as required by the general act, and the council shall have full power to restrain any person from vending liquors unless duly licensed by the village council of said village.

SEC. 15. The justice of the peace and constable of said village shall have and may exercise in addition to the authority herein specially granted to such officers, all the power and authority in any case possessed by a justice of the peace or constable elected by the said township of Blooming Prairie. The village constable and justice shall take the same oath of office, and execute, before entering upon the discharge of their duties as such officers, the same bonds, and file the bonds with the same parties as justices of the peace and constables, elected by the said township of Blooming Prairie, are now or may hereafter be required to do, and shall receive the same fees for their services as justices of the peace and constables elected by the said township of Blooming Prairie are allowed under the statutes of this state, and the constable may at any time under the direction of the president or a majority of the village council call to his assistance any number of citizens, sufficient to aid him in the suppression of a riot or any public disturbance or to aid him in making arrests.

SEC. 16. Should a vacancy occur in any of the offices provided for in this act, the village council are hereby authorized to fill the same by appointment.

SEC. 17. The village of Blooming Prairie shall be a road district and all taxes raised within the limits of said village for building bridges or public highways, or for repairing the same, shall be expended under the direction of the village council. *Provided*, A village council is elected under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 18. The village council shall constitute a village board of

auditors for the purpose of auditing all accounts payable by said village; and the recorder shall be clerk of said board, and a member thereof.

SEC. 19. The said board of auditors shall meet annually on the Tuesday next preceding the annual village election to be held in said village, and at such other times as they shall deem necessary and expedient for the purpose of auditing and settling all charges against the said village; and they shall state on each account the amount allowed by them, but no allowance shall be made for any account which does not specially state each item of the same, and the nature thereof.

SEC. 20. Said board shall draw up a report stating in detail the items of accounts audited and allowed, the nature of each account and the name of the person to whom such account was allowed, including a statement of the fiscal concerns of the village.

SEC. 21. Such report shall be produced and publicly read by the clerk of the said board at the next ensuing village election; and the whole or a part of such report may be referred by the order of the meeting to a committee of three, whose duty it shall be to examine the report and report thereon to such meeting.

SEC. 22. The amounts of any accounts audited and allowed by the board of auditors, and the amount of any account voted to be allowed by any meeting of the voters of said village shall be paid by the village treasurer, on the order of the said board signed by the president and countersigned by the clerk of said board, and all orders issued to any person by such board for any sum of money due from said village, shall be received in payment of village taxes of said village.

SEC. 23. The village justice shall report quarterly to the village council all the proceedings instituted before him in which the village is interested; and shall at the same time account for and pay over to the village treasurer all fines and penalties collected by him and belonging to said village; and said justice shall be entitled to receive from the county of Steele such fees in criminal cases accruing [occurring] without the village as are allowed to other justices in the county for similar purposes.

SEC. 24. The cost and expense of building, grading, paving or repairing sidewalks shall be at the option of the village council chargeable to the lots fronting on said improvement. Whenever the village council shall deem it necessary to construct or repair any sidewalk in said village, they may notify the owners and occupants of any lot or lots, or parcels of land adjoining such sidewalks to construct or repair the same at his or their own proper expense or charge, within a certain time limited or designated by delivering to the owners or occupants of said lot or lots or parcels of land, or

by publication in a newspaper printed and published in said village for not less than two weeks of a notice to said owners or occupants setting forth what work is to be done and the character of the same, by such owner or occupants, and the time within which they are required to do the same.

SEC. 25. If such work is not done, and the said sidewalks not built or repaired in the manner and within the time prescribed, the village council may order the same to be done at the expense of the lots and parcels of land adjoining such sidewalks and such expense shall be assessed upon such lots and parcels of land so chargeable by the village council and returned by them; and said assessment so made and returned by them, if approved by the council, shall become a lien upon said lots and parcels of land, as in cases of town, county and state taxes.

SEC. 26. All the work for said village exceeding fifty dollars shall be let by contract to the lowest responsible bidder, and due notice shall be given of the time and place of letting such contract, and every contract so made shall be commenced within one week of the acceptance of the proposal unless the village council otherwise determine. *Provided*, That they shall have power to reject all unreasonable bids.

SEC. 27. No money shall be appropriated to any purpose whatever, except and not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars, unless it is expressly authorized by a vote of the legal voters of said village.

SEC. 28. All moneys arising from fines, commutations, licenses, &c., shall be paid into the village treasury.

SEC. 29. The village council shall have power and authority:

*First.*—To regulate the place and manner of selling and to provide for the inspection and weight of hay and coal, and measuring of charcoal, firewood and other fuel, and to appoint suitable persons to inspect, superintend and conduct the same.

*Second.*—To compel the owners or occupants of buildings or grounds to remove snow, dirt, or rubbish from the sidewalks, streets, alleys opposite thereto, and in their default by some officer of the village at the expense of such owners or occupants.

*Third.*—To regulate and license public auctions or vendues.

*Fourth.*—To provide by ordinance for a standard of weights and measures, the appointment of a village sealer, and to provide for the punishment for the use of false weights or measures.

SEC. 30. It shall be lawful for the village council to purchase, in the name of the said corporation, a suitable piece of land, not exceeding ten acres, either within or without the limits of the village, for cemetery purposes, and may cause the same to be surveyed and a plat thereof made and filed with the recorder of said village, and at the expense of the said village, whenever the legal voters of said village,



by vote, shall direct them so to do. They may also sell lots therein, and convey title to the same, and have the care and custody of the grounds. Deeds of lots in said cemetery shall be as other deeds of real estate, except they shall be used for cemetery purposes only, and be signed by the president and the village recorder.

SEC. 31. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 2, 1874.

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## CHAPTER X.

### AN ACT TO INCORPORATE THE VILLAGE OF NEW TRIER, IN THE COUNTY OF DAKOTA.

*Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:*

SECTION 1. All that part of the township of Hampton, county of Dakota, and state of Minnesota, hereinafter described, shall be known and constitute the village of New Trier, and as such corporation shall have all the powers generally possessed by municipal corporations at common law, and in addition thereto shall possess all the powers hereinafter granted, and by that name may sue and be sued, make contracts, purchase, take and hold real and personal property, and have a corporate seal, alterable at pleasure.

SEC. 2. The territory included in said village of New Trier shall be all of the territory included in said township of Hampton, as follows: The west half of the southwest quarter of section twelve, and another parcel of land commencing on the southeast corner of section eleven, thence running north eighty rods, thence west fifty rods, thence south fifty rods, thence west sixteen rods, thence south thirty rods, thence east sixty four rods to the place of beginning; also, another parcel of land commencing on the northeast corner of section fourteen, running thence west twenty-four rods, thence south twenty-four rods, thence east twenty-four rods, thence north twenty-four rods, to the place of beginning; also, another parcel of land, commencing on the northwest corner of section thirteen, running thence east twenty-four rods, thence south twenty-four rods, thence west twenty-four rods, thence north twenty four rods, to the place of beginning; all