which fee shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the highway user tax distribution fund.

The commissioner of public safety may adopt rules under the administrative procedure act, sections 15.041 to 15.052, to govern the issuance and use of the special plates authorized in this subdivision. All fees from the sale of special license plates for firefighters shall be paid into the state treasury and credited to the highway user tax distribution fund.

Sec. 2. APPROPRIATION.

There is appropriated from the highway user tax distribution fund to the commissioner of public safety the sum of \$175,000 for fiscal year 1983 for the purpose of providing firefighter license plates.

Approved March 18, 1982

CHAPTER 468 — S.F.No. 1967

An act relating to highway traffic regulations; including a person in a wheelchair within the definition of pedestrian; amending Minnesota Statutes 1980, Sections 169.01, Subdivision 24, and by adding a subdivision; and 169.21, Subdivision 5.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 169.01, Subdivision 24, is amended to read:
- Subd. 24. PEDESTRIAN. "Pedestrian" means any person afoot or in a wheelchair.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 169.01, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 24a. WHEELCHAIR. For the purposes of chapter 169 "wheel-chair" is defined to include any manual or motorized wheelchair, scooter, tricycle, or similar device used by a handicapped person as a substitute for walking.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 169.21, Subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. WALK ON LEFT SIDE OF ROADWAY. Pedestrians when walking or moving in a wheelchair along a roadway shall, when practicable, walk or move on the left side of the roadway or its shoulder giving way to oncoming traffic. Where sidewalks are provided and are accessible and usable it shall be unlawful for any pedestrian to walk or move in a wheelchair along and upon an adjacent roadway.

Changes or additions are indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 and 2 are effective the day following their final enactment.

Approved March 18, 1982

CHAPTER 469 — S.F.No. 1589

An act relating to crimes; amending the definitions of shelter care facility and secure detention facility; extending the time limit for detaining children who may be dependent or neglected children; clarifying the definition of physically helpless victims of criminal sexual conduct; amending Minnesota Statutes 1980, Sections 260.015, Subdivisions 16 and 17; 260.171, Subdivisions 2, 4, 5, and 6, and by adding a subdivision; 260.172, Subdivision 1; 609.341, Subdivision 9; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 260.015, Subdivision 15.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 260.015, Subdivision 16, is amended to read:
- Subd. 16. "Secure detention facility" means a physically restricting detention facility, including but not limited to a jail, a hospital, a state institution, a residential treatment center, or a detention home used for the temporary care of a child pending court action.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 260.015, Subdivision 17, is amended to read:
- Subd. 17. "Shelter care facility" means a physically unrestricting facility, such as but not limited to, a hospital, a group home or a licensed facility for foster care, excluding a detention home used for the temporary care of a child pending court action.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 260.171, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. If the child is not released as provided in subdivision 1, the person taking the child into custody shall notify the court as soon as possible of the detention of the child and the reasons for detention. Except a child taken into custody pursuant to section 260.165, subdivision 1, clause (a) or (c)(2), no child may be detained in a secure detention facility or a shelter care facility longer than 24 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays, after the taking into custody unless an order for detention, specifying the reason for detention, is signed by the judge or referee. No child may be held detained in a secure detention facility or shelter care facility longer than 36 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays or holidays, after the taking being taken into custody for a

Changes or additions are indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.