unless there is a reasonable time for the copy of such permit to be received by the Industrial Commission and for investigation by said Commission prior to the date when such performance will commence. If it shall appear to such Industrial Commission that such permit is in violation of any existing law, or that the character of a performance is such as to be dangerous to the life or limb, or injurious to the health or morals of such child, then the Industrial Commission shall have power to suspend the operation of such permit. The applicant shall be promptly notified of any

suspension or revocation of such permit.

Provided, further, that this section shall not apply to any child appearing as a singer, dancer, or musician in any church, school, or academy, or in any other place under the auspices of any church, school or academy, and any child under ten years of age may appear as a singer, dancer, musician or actor in a theatrical exhibition with the written permit only of the Industrial Commission, after application for such appearance has been made to said Commission, and such application and the permit based thereon shall specify the name of the child, its age, and the names and residence of its parents or guardian, the nature, kind and date of such appearance, the duration and number of appearances desired or permitted, together with the place and character of such appearances.

Application for such permit shall be made sufficiently in time prior to the date when such appearance will commence, to permit the Industrial Commission to investigate such application.

Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall

be guilty of a misdemeanor."

Sec. 2. Law repealed.—Section 10152, General Statutes

1923 is hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This Act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 22, 1927.

... CHAPTER 389-S. F. No. 211.

An act to amend Chapter 413, Laws 1921, being: "An act providing for the issue of permits to prospect for iron ore and other ores on lands belonging to the state, or in which the state has an interest, excepting lands situate under the waters of any public lake or river, and leases for the mining of such ores."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesata:

Section 1. State Auditor to issue permits to prospect for iron ore.—That Chapter 412 of General Laws 1921 he and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. The state auditor may execute permits to prospect for iron ore and other ores upon lands belonging to the state, or in which the state has an interest, and leases for the mining of such

ores, subject to the conditions hereinafter provided.

Sec. 2. The state auditor shall divide all lands belonging to the state, or in which the state has an interest, excepting lands situate under the waters of any public lake or river, into mining units of not to exceed in the aggregate two contiguous forty acre tracts of land, unless some of the descriptions are fractional subdivisions according to the government survey thereof, in which case the acreage may exceed eighty acres, but shall not exceed a total of ninety acres, provided that in case of lands containing low grade magnetite ore deposits, the total area shall not exceed three contiguous units. No mining unit herein provided for shall contain lands belonging to more than one permanent trust fund.

Sec. 3. The state auditor shall give public notice of sale of permits of four weekly publications in a daily paper printed and published in each of the cities of St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Hibbing, Virginia. The same notice of sales may be published in not to exceed two additional newspapers and two trade magazines as the state auditor may from time to time direct. The last publication above provided for shall be not less than seven days before the first day of June of each year. Said published notice shall

contain the following information:

1. Time and place of holding said sales.

2. The general requirements provided by law as to the purchasers of permits.

3. Place where list of lands, arranged in mining units upon which applications for permits to prospect for iron ore may be obtained.

Sec. 4. Applications for permits to prospect for iron ore shall be presented to the state auditor in writing in such form as he may prescribe at any time prior to the time of opening the bids as hereinafter provided. The application shall be accompanied by a certified check payable to the state treasurer in the sum of fifty dollars (\$50.), for each mining unit as set out above. Each application shall be accompanied also by a sealed bid setting forth the amount of royalty per gross ton of crude ore based upon the iron content of such ore when dried at 212 degrees Fahrenheit, as set out in detail hereafter, that the applicant proposes to pay to the State of Minnesota in case the permit shall be awarded to him. A separate sealed bid shall be required for each mining unit as established by the state auditor, covered by the application, and be accompanied by a certified check made payable to the state treasurer in the sum of two hundred dollars (\$200.) as a guarantee that the applicant will carry out and perform in good faith all the covenants set out in such permit. The envelope containing each

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bid shall be plainly marked on the outside showing the date of application, date received by the state auditor, and the name of the applicant. The state auditor shall endorse upon each application and sealed bid the exact time of presentation, and shall preserve the same unopened in his office. On the second Monday of June of each year beginning with June, 1927, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, in the office of the governor in the State Capitol, in St. Paul, the state auditor shall publicly announce the number of applications and bids received. The auditor, together with the Executive Council shall then publicly open said bids and announce the amount of each bid separately, and shall award the permits to the highest bidder but no bids shall be accepted that shall not equal or exceed the amounts provided for in section 7 of this act, nor shall any bid be accepted that shall not comply with the law and be accompanied by a certified check for the faithful performance of the terms of each permit as hereinbefore set out. The right is herein reserved to the state to reject any and all bids. All applications for permits and bids not accepted at such sale shall become void at the close of such sale, and the checks accompanying such applications and bids shall be returned to the applicants entitled to them.

The holder of any such permit shall have the right to prospect for iron ore on the land described therein for one year from the date thereof, and no longer; but no ore shall be removed therefrom until a lease has been executed. The work of prospecting under such permit shall begin in a substantial manner within ninety days from the date thereof and shall be continued until the permit expires, is surrendered or a lease asked for. The holder of such permit shall report in writing to the auditor on the first business day of each April, July, October and January, the progress of the work of prospecting and accompany such reports with blue prints showing the character and extent of the work done, the nature of materials encountered in such work and the analysis for iron, silica, phosphorus, alumina and manganese of all iron bearing formation encountered. The permit holder shall split all samples taken and furnish the auditor or his representative from time to time as the auditor or his representative shall direct, with a portion of such samples, properly marked for identification. The work done by the permit holder shall be subject to inspection at all reasonable times by the auditor or his representatives. The permit to prospect for ore is granted upon the express condition that if the permit holder shall fail to perform any of the terms, covenants or conditions in such permit to be performed by him, then it shall be the duty of the state auditor to cancel such permit, first having given said permit holder at least twenty days'

notice in writing thereof. Provided that for the purpose of encouraging the search for iron ore in localities five miles or more from known tonnages of iron ore or ore bearing materials not being operated on a commercial scale, the permit above provided for shall be for a period of two years and the holder thereof shall be required to begin the work of prospecting in a substantial manner within six months from date thereof.

Sec. 6. At any time prior to the expiration of any prospecting permit the original holder, or any assignee thereof, shallhave the right to receive from the state auditor a mining lease, which shall bind the state and the person to whom it shall be issued to the mutual observance of the obligations and conditions thereof. As a condition precedent to the issuing of such mining lease, the holder of the permit shall file a full report, properly verified of all work of exploration done under such permit, in accordance with the provisions of Section 5, or an affidavit in case no work was done stating such facts, and shall pay to the state treasurer a sum of money based on the quarterly royalty payment of \$312.50 for the first year, as set out in the lease, in the ratio that the unexpired portion of the quarter bears to the full quarter. Provided that the holder of any permit to prospect for iron ore on lands five miles or more from known tonnages of iron ore or ore bearing materials not being operated on a commercial scale, as provided for in section 5 hereof, shall be entitled to a lease in the form set out in section 7, except that until five years after a railroad has been built within two miles of such demised premises the annual rental when no ore is shipped, shall be \$500, per year, payable quarterly in advance, and at the close of such period of five years the annual rental shall be \$5,000, as provided in said section 7. If the permit holder shall fully comply with all terms and conditions therein contained, the state auditor shall return to him or his assigns the amount of the certified check which accompanied his bid.

Sec. 7. The lease provided for in section 6 shall be as

and demise unto the part.... of the second part for the term of fifty years from and after the day of 19..., the following described land, situated in the County of in the State of Minnesota, to-wit; which premises are leased to the part ... of the second part for the purpose of exploring for, mining, taking out and removing the iron ore found on or in said land, together with the right to construct or make such buildings, excavations, openings, ditches, drains, railroads, wagon roads, and other improvements upon said premises as may be necessary or suitable for such purposes. The party of the first part reserves the right to sell and dispose of under the provisions of law now or hereinafter governing the sale of timber on state lands, all the timber upon the land hereby leased, and reserves to the purchaser of such timber, his agents and servants, the right at all times to enter thereon, and to cut and remove any and all such timber therefrom, according to the terms of the purchaser's contract with the state, and without let or hindrance from the part....of the second part; but such purchaser shall not unnecessarily or materially interfere with the mining operations carried on thereon. And the party of the first part further reserves the right to grant to any person or corporation the right-of-way necessary for the construction and operation of one or more railroads over or across the land thereby leased, without let or hindrance from the part...of the second part; but such railroads shall not unnecessarily or materially interfere with the mining operations carried on thereon. The party of the first part further reserves the right to grant leases, permits or licenses to any portion of the surface of the demised premises to any person or corporation under authority of chapter 405, Laws of 1919, or as such law may be further amended or enlarged without let or hindrance from the part ... of the second part, but such leases, permits or licenses shall not unnecessarily or materially interfere with the mining operations carried on thereon. And the party of the first part agrees that the part....of the second part shall have the right to contract with others for the working of such mines, or any part thereof, or for the use of such land, or any part thereof, for the purpose of mining iron ore, with the same rights and privileges as are hereby granted to the part....of the second part.

The part....of the second part covenants and agrees with the party of the first part that the part.....of the second part will on or before the 20th day of April, July, October and January during the first year of this lease, pay to the treasurer of said state, a rental of \$312.50 for the quarter preceding the first day of the month in which such payment is made, and a quarterly rental

thereafter during the entire term this lease remains in force of \$1250.00; provided, that the total amount of royalty due on iron ore removed and accounted for during said first year as provided for hereafter does not equal or exceed the sum of twelve hundred and fifty dollars (\$1250.00) during the first year as above provided, and the sum of five thousand dollars per annum thereafter, it being the purpose of this covenant to secure a regular annual income from the demised premises of not less than \$1250.00 during the first year and \$5,000.00 thereafter in rentals or royalty on iron ore or both, except only in case of leases for lands five miles or more from known tonnages of iron ore or ore bearing materials not being operated on a commercial scale in which case the annual payments for the first five years shall be \$500.00, payable quarterly in advance.

And it is further understood and agreed that the schedule of minimum royalties to be paid by the part...of the second part to the party of the first part shall be as follows:

On a gross ton of crude ore in its natural state before beneficiation of any kind averaging in iron when dried at 212 degrees Fahrenheit, twenty-five per cent (25%) or less, twelve cents. For a ton of ore averaging twenty-six per cent (26%) in iron dried at 212 degrees Fahrenheit, twelve cents (12c), with a five per cent (5%) increase over twelve cents (12c), or a royalty of twelve and six-tenths cents (12.6c) per ton. For a ton of ore averaging twenty-seven per cent (27%) iron dried at 212 degrees Fahrenheit, twelve and six-tenths cents (12.6c), plus five per cent (5%) increase or a royalty of thirteen and twenty-three hundredths cents (13.23c); and so on, adding five per cent (5%) to the amount of royalty for a given grade of the next higher per cent, disregarding all thousandths of one cent that do not equal five and counting those that are five thousandths or above as one hundredths of a cent. The part....of the second part hereby covenant..and agree... with the party of the first part that the part....of the second part will, on or before the twentieth day of April, July, October and January in each year, during said term or during the period this lease continues in force, pay to the treasurer of said state, for all the iron ore mined and removed from said land during the three months preceding the first day of the month in which such payment is to be made, a royalty as hereinbefore provided.

Each ton shall be reckoned at twenty-two hundred and forty pounds. The part....of the second part at the time of such payment shall transmit to the auditor of said state an exact, truthful and verified statement of the amount of iron ore removed during the three months for which such payment

is made. Such statement shall show the tonnage of the several

grades of ore in accordance with the following plan;

Direct shipping ore shall be understood to mean any ore that is forwarded in its natural state without beneficiation of any kind. Each railroad car loaded with such ore shall be sampled in such a manner as to show the true grade of the ore contained. Ten cars when thus sampled shall constitute a "sample" or shipment, except where a smaller number becomes imperative. The samples of ore taken from such "sample" or shipment shall be mingled and split into two portions, both of which shall be properly marked for identification. One portion shall be delivered to the state auditor or his authorized agent and the other reserved by the part.....of the second part. Each sample shall be analyzed by a competent chemist for iron, silica, phosphorus, alumina and manganese at the sole cost and expense of the part... of the second part, and the results certified to the auditor in the statement above referred to together with the weight of each carload and "sample."

The direct shipping iron ore so taken by the part....of the second part from said land shall be weighed by the railroad company transporting the same from said land, and the part....of the second part shall transmit monthly statements showing the aforesaid grades and weights. Such grades and weights shall prima facie determine the quantity as between the parties, but the party of the first part shall have the right at any time, and in such manner as it may see fit, to sample the ore, check the analyses and inspect, review and test the correctness of the methods and books of the part....of the second part in sampling, analyzing, recording and reporting such grades and weights and to inspect, review and test the correctness of the railroad company's scales and of the aforesaid weights, it being understood that any errors in these respects, when ascertained, shall be corrected.

For the purpose of determining the grade of ore and royalty on same, all grades and kinds of ore taken from the demised premises shall be sampled in their crude state before being treated or beneficiated in any way. Such samples, when dried at 212 degrees Fahrenheit, shall be analyzed for iron, silica, phosphorus, alumina and manganese. The percentages of iron shall determine the amount of the royalty to be paid, provided that when the manganese content shall equal or exceed four (4) per cent, it shall be paid for separately under

agreement as hereinafter provided for by law.

It is understood and agreed that should the part...of the second part desire to beneficiate any ore found on the demised premises, the parties shall agree upon a method of sampling and weighing such ore before concentration, and in case they are unable to agree, each shall choose a referee, and the two referees so chosen shall choose a third. The decision of such board of referees shall be binding on the parties in interest as to the methods to be employed in such sampling and weighing only. The royalty on all ore under this lease shall be payable on the weight of the crude ore before beneficiation and the grade of the same when dried at 212 degrees Fahrenheit.

The party of the first part shall have the right to enter upon and into said premises at any time, and to inspect and survey the same, and to measure the quantity of ore which shall have been mined or removed therefrom, not unreasonably hindering or interrupting the operations of the part.... of the second part, and the part ... of the second part covenant...and agree....to furnish the state auditor from time to time with copies of all exploration reports, mine maps, analysis maps and plans of development made and used in the operations on said leased premises. The part....of the second part further covenant....and agree....to provide upon written requests from the state auditor a suitable room in the dry or wash house, or in some other suitable place, with water, light and heat free, to the agents of the state auditor for their use in the work of inspection on said premises, such room to be equal in size and equipment to that furnished for the use of the mining captain or superintendent at such mines. the part....of the second part further covenant....and agree That during said term the part....of theas follows; second part will pay all taxes, general and specific, which may be assessed against said land, and the improvements thereon made, used or controlled by said part...of the second part, and the iron ore product thereof, and any personal property at said mines, in all respects as if said land were owned in fee by the part....of the second part; and that the part....of the second part will open, use and work said mines in such manner only as is usual and customary in skillful and proper mining operations of similar character when conducted by the proprietors on their own land and in accordance with the requirements of good mining engineering, and in such manner as not to cause any unnecessary or unusual permanent injury to the same, or inconvenience or hindrance in the subsequent operation of the same, and will deposit all earth, rock and other useless materials or rubbish at such places and in such manner as will not embarrass such subsequent operations, and that upon the termination of this lease the part....of the second part will quietly and peaceably surrender the possession of said land to the party of the first part.

Provided, however, that the part.... of the second part shall have the right at any time to terminate this lease in so far as it requires the part.... of the second part to mine ore on said land, or to pay royalty therefor, by delivering written notice of such intention to terminate to the state auditor, who shall in writing acknowledge receipt of such notice, and this lease shall terminate sixty days thereafter, and all arrearages and sums which shall be due under this lease up to the time of such termination shall be paid upon settlement and adjustment thereof by the part.... of the second part.

Provided, further, and this lease is granted upon the express condition, that if any quarterly payment, or any payment for royalties or any part of such payments or any tax or portion thereof, shall remain unpaid after the expiration of sixty days from the time when the same was payable as herein provided, or in case the part....of the second part shall fail to perform any of the covenants or conditions herein expressed to be performed by said part....of the second part, then it shall be the duty of the state auditor to cancel this lease, first having given to the part....of the second part at least twenty days' notice in writing thereof, whereupon the party of the first part shall re-enter and again possess said premises as fully as if no lease had been given to the part....of the second part, and the part... of the second part and all persons claiming under such part....shall be wholly excluded therefrom, but such re-entry shall not work a forfeiture of the rents, royalties or taxes or other sums to be paid at the time of such re-entry.

It is mutually agreed that upon the termination of this lease, whether by act of either party or by limitation, the part of the second part shall have ninety days in which to remove all engines, tools, machinery, railroad tracks and structures placed or erected by the part... of the second part upon said land, but the part... of the second part shall not remove or impair any supports placed in said mines, or any timber or frame work necessary to the use or maintenance of shafts or other approaches to the mines, or tramways within the mines. The party of the first part reserves, and shall at all times have, a lien upon all ore mined, and upon all improvements made by the part... of the second part upon the premises, for any unpaid balances due under this lease.

The covenants, terms and conditions of this lease shall run with the land and be in all respects binding upon all sub-lessees and grantees under the part...of the second part."

Sec. 8. The lease provided for in section 7 shall be signed by the state auditor for and in behalf of the state, with his official seal attached, and shall be signed by the part....of the second part in the presence of two witnesses, and such sig-

natures and execution of the same by the part....of the second part shall be duly acknowledged.

- Sec. 9. All payments under this act shall be made to the state treasurer on the order of the state auditor, and shall be credited to the permanent fund of the class of land to which the demised premises belong, and in case the land shall not belong to any class of land having a permanent fund, then all payments shall be credited to such fund as the legislature shall by law direct.
- Sec. 10. The state auditor is hereby authorized and empowered in case the permit holder or lessee under any permit or lease hereinbefore provided for, fails or neglects fully to comply with all the conditions and covenants of such permit or lease, to enter at once upon the premises described in such permit or lease and take possession of the same.
- Sec. 11. Should gold, copper, silver, cobalt, coal, graphite, or manganese (4% or over, dried) or any other valuable mineral be discovered on lands leased as heretofore authorized, the terms and conditions on which the same may be mined, shall be agreed upon by the state auditor and the lessee, and in case they are unable to agree, each shall choose a referee. The two persons thus selected shall choose a third. The decision of said board shall be final and binding on the parties in interest.
- The state auditor may issue permits to prospect for gold, silver, copper, cobalt, graphite, coal and petroleum and other minerals than iron ore, for such period not to exceed one year and under such regulations as the state auditor may At any time prior to the expiration of any such prospecting permit the holder thereof shall have the right to lease the land covered by the permit for the purpose of mining and removing therefrom any minerals which may be discovered therein other than iron ore. The rents, royalties, terms, conditions and covenants of all such lease shall be fixed by the state auditor pursuant to such regulations as he may prescribe, but no lease shall be for a longer term than twenty-five years, and all such rents, royalties, terms, conditions and covenants shall be fully set forth in each lease thus issued, and the rents and royalties therein provided for shall be credited to the funds as provided in section 9 above.
- Sec. 13. All permits and leases, with the names and post office addresses of all parties in interest, issued by the state auditor under authority of this law, before delivery shall be duly recorded at length by him in his office in the record books to be provided and kept for that purpose, and a certificate of such record showing the date of record, the book and page thereof, shall be endorsed on each such permit or lease.

Sec. 14. All assignments, agreements or contracts affecting any such permit or lease shall be made in writing and signed by both parties thereto, witnessed by two witnesses and properly acknowledged and shall contain the post office addresses of all parties having an interest; and when so executed shall be presented to the state auditor for record. The state auditor shall then record such assignment, agreement or contract at length in his office in record books kept and provided for that purpose and a certificate of such record showing the date thereof and the book and page shall be endorsed on the assignment, agreement or contract, which then shall be returned to the party entitled thereto.

Sec. 15. All instruments by virtue of which the title to any permit or lease herein provided for, is in any way affected shall receive, as to form and execution, the approval of the state auditor, which approval shall be endorsed thereon and such instrument when so approved shall be duly recorded as provided in section 14 hereof. For recording any assignment or other instrument affecting the title to any permit or lease, or for furnishing certified copies of the records, the state auditor shall charge a fee of ten cents per folio. All such fees

shall be turned into the state treasury."

Sec. 2. Inconsistent acts repealed.—All acts and parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 22, 1927.

CHAPTER 390—S. F. No. 602

An act creating a Commissioner of registration and providing for the registration of qualified voters in all villages now or hereafter having a population of more than 9,000 and \$14,000,000 valuation, and in all cities now or hereafter having a population of more than 7,000 and an assessed valuation of more than \$14,-000,000.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. (a) Commissioner of registration in certain villages.—That the office of commissioner of registration be and the same hereby is created in all villages now or hereafter having a population of more than 9,000 and \$14,000,000.00 valuation, and when deemed expedient by the City Council by a four-fifths vote in all cities now or hereafter having a population of more than 7,000 and an assessed valuation of more than