Violation a misdemeanor.—Sec. 2. Any person practising medicine as an itinerant physician as defined in section 1 hereof, without having first procured such license therefor, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor;

Provided, however, that nothing herein shall be considered to prevent any physician, otherwise legally qualified, from attending patients in any part of the state to whom he shall be called in the regular course of business, or in consultation with other physicians:

Provided that nothing in this act shall preclude licensed dentists from practise of their profession.

Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 18, 1911.

## CHAPTER 261-S. F. No. 575.

An Act preventing discrimination by innkeepers, common carriers, or places of amusement against any persons wearing the uniform of the army, navy, marine corps or revenue cutter service of the United States, or of the National Guard or naval service of this state, and providing a penalty for the violation thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Discrimination against army, navy and other persons prohibited.—Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any common carrier, innkeeper or proprietor or lessee of any place of public amusement or entertainment, or any agent, servant, or representative of any such common carrier, innkeeper, proprietor or lessee as aforesaid, to debar from the full and equal enjoyment of the accommodations, advantages, facilities or privileges of any public conveyance on land or water or any inn or of any place of public amusement or entertainment, any person in service in the army, navy, marine corps or revenue cutter service of the United States, or of the National Guard or naval service of the United States, or of this state, wearing the uniform prescribed for him at that time or place by law, regulation of the service, or custom, on account of his wearing such uniform, or of his being in such service.

Injured person may recover actual damages and \$100.—Sec. 2. Any person who is debarred from such enjoyment contrary to the provisions of section 1 of this act shall be entitled to recover in an action on the case from any corporation, association or

person guilty of such violation, his actual damages and \$100 in addition thereto; and evidence that such person debarred was at the time sober, orderly and willing to pay for such enjoyment in accordance with rates fixed therefor for civilians, shall be prima facie evidence that he was debarred on account of his wearing such uniform or of his being in such service.

Sec. 3. Any person violating any provision of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Approved April 18, 1911.

## CHAPTER 262—S. F. No. 589.

An Act entitled "An Act to authorize any city in the State of Minnesota now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants, including any such city now or hereafter governed by a charter adopted pursuant to section 36, article 4, of the constitution of Minnesota, to issue and sell bonds sufficient to defray the damages, costs and expenses incurred in the condemnation and taking of any slaughtering or rendering establishment or establishments within the limits of any such city."

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Bonds for expenses incurred in condemning slaughtering establishments.—Section 1. That any city in this state now or hereafter having a population of over fifty thousand inhabitants, including any such city now or hereafter governed by a charter adopted pursuant to section 36, article 4 of the constitution of this state, in addition to all the powers now possessed by any such city, is hereby authorized and empowered, acting and through the common council of such city, by ordinance duly enacted by an affirmative vote of not less than two-thirds of all members elect of such common council, to issue and sell bonds of such city in an amount sufficient to defray the damages, costs and expenses which may be incurred in the condemnation and taking of any slaughtering or rendering establishment or establishments, within the limits of such city.

How issued and sold.—Sec. 2. The bonds authorized by this act may be issued and sold by any such city notwithstanding any limitation contained in the charter of such city or in any law of this state prescribing or fixing any limit upon the bonded indebtedness of such city, and the full faith and credit of any such city shall at all times be pledged for the payment of any bonds issued under this act, and for the payment of current interest thereon, and the common council of such city shall each