

clerk of such city, village, town or school district, by registered mail, a copy of such statement. Such city, village, town or school district may file with the clerk of such district court, within ten days after the service of such statement upon it, verified objections to the state's claim, and such district court shall thereupon summarily, in or out of term hear and determine the amount due the state, if any, for such examination, at a time and place fixed by the court therefor. The clerk of such court shall certify to the county auditor of the county or counties in which such city, village, town or school district is situated, the amount so determined by the court to be due to the state, if any.

**Sec. 6. State Auditor to certify amount due.**—On October first of each year, the state auditor shall certify the respective amounts due the state from the various cities, villages, towns and school districts, as shown by the list so filed by the treasurer, and not withdrawn therefrom, including interest computed to July first following, to the county auditor of the county in which any such city, village, town or school district is in whole or in part situated. The county auditor, upon receiving a certificate from the state auditor or a certificate from the clerk of court, as hereinbefore provided, shall include the amount of the state's claim, with 25 per cent added, in the tax levy for general revenue purposes of the municipality liable therefor, and such additional levy shall not be within any limitation imposed by law upon the amount of taxes which may be levied for revenue purposes. Upon completion of the June tax settlement following such levy the county treasurer shall deduct from the amount apportioned to the municipality for general revenue purposes, the amount due the state under this act, including interest, and remit the same to the state treasurer.

**Sec. 7. Inconsistent acts repealed.**—All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Approved April 19, 1929.

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#### CHAPTER 260—H. F. No. 994

*An act to amend General Statutes 1923, Section 4256 relating to the issuance of restraining orders and injunctions in cases involving disputes concerning terms or conditions of employment.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **When restraining order or injunction not to be issued.**—That General Statutes 1923, Section 4256, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“4256. No restraining order or injunction shall be granted by any court of this state, or any judge or judges thereof in any case between an employer and employes or between employer and employes or between employes or between persons employed and persons seeking employment, involving or growing out of a dispute concerning terms or conditions of employment, *except after notice and a hearing in court and shown to be necessary to prevent irreparable injury to property, or to a property right of the party making the application, for which injury there is no adequate remedy at law, and such property or property right must be described with particularity in the application, which must be in writing and sworn to by the applicant or by his agent or attorney; provided, that a temporary restraining order may be issued without notice and hearing upon a proper showing that violence is actually being caused or is imminently probable on the part of the person or persons sought to be restrained; and provided that in such restraining order all parties to the action shall be similarly restrained.*”

Approved April 19, 1929.

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#### CHAPTER 261—H. F. No. 1019

*An act to amend Sections 21 and 25 General Laws 1925, Chapter 407, relating to the setting, control, and prevention of fires in forest areas in certain cases.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Fires to be extinguished before leaving.**—That Section 21 General Laws 1925, Chapter 407, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

“Sec. 21. Every person who, when the ground is not covered with snow, starts a fire in the vicinity of forest or prairie land, shall exercise every reasonable precaution to prevent such fire from spreading, and shall, before lighting the same, clear the ground of all branches, brushwood, dry leaves and other combustible material within a radius of five feet from the fire, *and shall keep such fire*