

and return thereof to said probate court after said appeal shall have been determined. At any time after receipt of said original files by said district court, either party to said proceedings may bring said matter on for trial upon five day's notice to the other party. And thereupon it shall be the duty of said district court, without a jury, and in or out of term, summarily to hear, try and determine said matter de novo as though no trial in said probate court had occurred; and the trial thereof shall have precedence over every other matter or proceeding whatever in said district court which shall as promptly as possible thereafter make its order or decree affirming, modifying or reversing said order of the probate court so appealed from and making such other or further provision concerning such feeble-minded person as his own or the public welfare may require.

A certified copy of such order or decree of the district court shall be immediately transmitted with said original probate files to said probate court which shall be governed accordingly. No charge shall be made nor costs allowed against the board of control or the state on such appeal.

Upon the request of the relatives or friends of any person alleged or found to be feeble-minded they may be permitted to take charge of such person; but in such case the state board of control may require and approve a bond from such relatives or friends, running to the state, in a penal sum of not less than five hundred nor more than five thousand dollars, conditioned that such feeble-minded person shall be safely and adequately cared for and kept by the said relatives or friends and that they will indemnify and hold harmless the state and all political subdivisions, institutions and agencies thereof, from expense of any nature arising or resulting from any act or misconduct of such feeble-minded person committed while in their care."

Approved April 16, 1927.

CHAPTER 232—H. F. No. 1240.

An act to amend General Statutes 1923, Section 10808, relating to rights and privileges granted for good conduct during imprisonment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Diminution of sentence.—That Section 10808, General Statutes 1923, be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"10808. Every convict sentenced for *any* term other than life, whether confined in the state prison, *state reformatory*, or *state reformatory for women*, or on parole therefrom, may diminish the term of his sentence as follows:

First. For each month, commencing on the day of his arrival, during which he has not violated any prison rule or discipline, and has labored with diligence and fidelity, five days.

Second. After one year of such conduct, seven days for each month.

Third. After two years of such conduct, nine days for each month.

Fourth. After three years, ten days for each month for the entire time thereafter.

Said board, in view of the aggravated nature and frequency of offenses, may take away any or all of the good time previously gained, and, in consideration of mitigating circumstances or ignorance on the part of the convict, may afterwards restore him, in whole or in part, to the standing he possessed before such good time was taken away. Whenever a convict shall pass the entire period of his imprisonment without an unexcused violation of the rules or discipline, upon his discharge he shall be restored to his rights and privileges forfeited by conviction, and receive from the governor a certificate, under the seal of the state, as evidence of such restoration."

Approved April 16, 1927.

CHAPTER 233—H. F. No. 1239.

An act relating to bonds, recognizances, and undertakings for the appearance of defendants in criminal cases.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Bonds, recognizances, etc.**—Every personal surety upon any bond, recognizance, or undertaking given to secure the appearance of a defendant in any criminal case in any court of record shall make an affidavit, to be attached to such bond, recognizance, or undertaking, stating his full name, residence and post-office address, whether or not he is surety upon any other bond, recognizance, or undertaking in any criminal case, and if so stating the name of the principal, the amount of each obligation, and the court in which the same was given; also setting forth the legal description of all real property owned by such surety and specifying as to each parcel thereof its fair market value, what liens or encumbrances,