

opposing party had recovered some amount or some property by the order of the conciliation judge,

(3) If the aggrieved party recovers an amount or value of property in municipal court which is at least \$25 in excess of the amount or value of property which the aggrieved party recovered by the order of the conciliation judge or

(4) If the opposing party recovers from the aggrieved party an amount or value of property in municipal court which is at least \$25 less than the amount or value of property which the opposing party recovered by the order of the conciliation judge.

(d) In all other situations the opposing party shall be deemed to be the prevailing party in municipal court.

(e) Costs or disbursements in the conciliation or municipal court shall not be considered in determining whether there was a recovery by either party in either court or in determining the difference in recovery under this subdivision.

Approved May 24, 1967.

---

CHAPTER 735—S. F. No. 1790

*An act relating to the municipal court of Hennepin county, and the salaries of the judges thereof; amending Minnesota Statutes 1965, Section 488A.021, Subdivision 8.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1965, Section 488A.021, Subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. **Hennepin county; municipal court; judges' salaries.** Each judge shall be paid an annual salary of ~~\$17,000~~ \$20,000 in semimonthly installments out of the treasury of the county of Hennepin. If a judge dies while in office, the amount of his salary remaining unpaid for the month in which his death occurs shall be paid to his estate.

Approved May 24, 1967.

---

Changes or additions indicated by *italics*, deletions by ~~strikeout~~.