CHAPTER 36-H. F. No. 104.

An Act concerning mutilated, lost and destroyed orders and warrants.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Issuance of duplicate warrant.—That whenever any order or warrant of any county, city, township, incorporated village or school district in the State of Minnesota shall become lost or destroyed, a duplicate thereof may be issued by the officers authorized by law to issue such orders or warrants under the regulations and restrictions hereinafter prescribed.

Sec. 2. Form of warrant.—Such duplicate shall correspond in number, date, and amount, with the original order or warrant and shall have endorsed on its face by the officers issuing the same, the word, "duplicate," together with the date of its issuance.

- Sec. 3. Not to be issued until certain conditions have been complied with.—A duplicate for a lost or destroyed order or warrant shall not issue until there shall have been filed with the proper officer, an affidavit of the owner thereof setting forth the ownership of such order or warrant, the description thereof, and the manner of its loss and destruction, and until there shall have been executed and filed with the same officer, an indemnifying bond, with sureties to be approved by such officer, in a sum equal to double the amount of such warrant or order, conditioned that the parties thereto shall pay all damages which the county, city, township, incorporated village or school district, as the case may be, may sustain, if compelled to pay such lost or destroyed orders or warrants.
- Sec. 4. Record to be kept.—Any officer issuing duplicates under this act shall keep a record showing the number, dates and amounts of such mutilated, lost or destroyed orders or warrants, together with the date of issuance of the duplicates therefor, and the names of the persons to whom issued.
- Sec. 5. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 18, 1915.

CHAPTER 37—H. F. No. 826.

An Act to amend Chapter twenty-nine (29) of the Session Laws of 1915, also known as House File No. 68, to require all public service corporations doing business within this state to pay their employes at least semi-monthly, the wages earned by them to within fifteen (15) days of the date of such payment, unless prevented by inevitable casualty, and fixing costs and disbursements in case of default.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Amending Chapter twenty-nine S. L. 1915.—That said Chapter 29 of the Session Laws of 1915, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1. All public service corporations doing business within this state are required to pay their employees at least semi-monthly, the wages carned by them to within fifteen (15) days of the date of such payment, unless prevented by inevitable casualty.

Provided, however, that whenever an employee shall be discharged, his wages shall be paid to him at the time of his discharge or whenever he shall demand the same thereafter.

- Sec. 2. Penalty for failure to make payment.—Whenever any public service corporation shall for five days neglect or refuse to pay its employees as prescribed by Section 1 of this act, the wages due them may be recovered by action without further demand, and there shall be allowed to the plaintiff, and included in his judgment, in addition to his disbursements allowed by law, five dollars costs if the judgment be recovered in a justice court, and a like sum if the judgment be recovered in a municipal court, where no statutory costs are now allowed in such municipal court in such action, and double costs in all other courts or on appeal.
- Sec. 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after the first day of July, 1915."
- Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 18, 1915.

CHAPTER 38—S. F. No. 29.

An Act to amend Section 149 of the General Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1913, relating to the giving of additional instructions to a jury on Sunday.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Court may be opened on Sunday for purpose of giving additional instructions to jury.—That Section 149 of the General Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1913 be and hereby is amended so as to read as follows: "149—No court shall be opened on Sunday for any purpose other than to receive a verdict, give additional instructions to or discharge a jury; but this provision shall not prevent a judge of such court from exercising jurisdiction in any case where it is necessary for the preservation of the peace, the sanctity of the day or the arrest and commitment of an offender."