CHAPTER 227-8. F. No. 89.

An Act to amend Section 8300 of the General Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1913, relating to the service of notice in habeas corpus proceedings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Service upon county attorney or attorney general in habeas corpus proceedings.—That Section 8300 of the General Statutes of Minnesota for the year 1913 be amended so as to read as follows:

"8300. In criminal cases, if the prisoner is confined in a town, village, city or county jail, notice of the the time and place at which the writ is returnable shall be given to the county attorney of the county from which the prisoner was committed, if such county attorney is within his county; if the prisoner is confined in a state institution, said notice shall be given to the attorney general, whose duty it shall be to appear for the person named as respondent in said writ; in other cases, like notice shall be given to any person interested in continuing the custody or restraint of the party seeking the aid of such writ.

Approved April 21, 1915.

CHAPTER 228-S. F. No. 98.

An Act to provide for the establishment of juvenile detention homes for girls in certain counties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Juvenile detention home for Hennepin County.— County commissioners in counties having a population of 300,-000 or over shall have authority to purchase, lease, erect, equip and maintain a juvenile detention home for girls, and the same may, with the approval of the district court judges, be a separate institution, or it may be established and operated in connection with any other organized charitable or educational institution. The plans, location, equipment and operation of said detention home shall in all cases have the approval of the judges of the district court. There shall be a matron appointed for such home, and she shall be a probation officer of the juvenile court, and shall be appointed and removed by the district judges. The salaries of the matron and other employees shall be fixed by the judges of the district court.

• The juvenile court may place in said detention home, for temporary detention, or for a period of not more than six months under any order, any girl coming before or within the jurisdiction of said court, and any girl who is placed in such home may