- (c) If the defendant is acquitted or the charges against the defendant are dismissed, neither the owner nor the defendant is responsible for paying any costs associated with the seizure or storage of the vehicle.
- (d) A vehicle leased or rented under section 168.27, subdivision 4, for a period of 180 days or less is not subject to forfeiture under this subdivision.
- (e) A motor vehicle that is an off-road recreational vehicle as defined in section 169.01, subdivision 86, or a motorboat as defined in section 169.01, subdivision 87, is not subject to paragraph (b).

# Sec. 6. ASSESSING GROSS VIOLATIONS; REPORT.

The commissioner of natural resources must review and assess gross violations of taking game and fish resources. A report on increased penalties for gross violations must be completed by the commissioner by February 1, 2001, and delivered to the house and senate committees on natural resources policy and finance.

# Sec. 7. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 to 6 are effective the day following final enactment.

Presented to the governor May 11, 2000

Signed by the governor May 15, 2000, 10:48 a.m.

## CHAPTER 467—H.F.No. 2826

An act relating to elections; clarifying provisions and conforming procedures under the Minnesota election law and related provisions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1998, sections 103C.305, subdivision 6; 103C.315, subdivision 2; 123B.09, subdivision 1; 201.061, subdivision 4; 203B.06, subdivision 6; 204B.09, subdivisions 1a, 2, and by adding a subdivision; 204B.12, subdivision 1; 204B.14, subdivisions 2, 5, and 6; 204B.16, subdivision 1; 204B.18, subdivision 1; 204B.19, subdivision 6; 204B.40; 204C.32, subdivision 1; 204C.33, subdivision 1; 204C.37; 204D.13, subdivision 1; 204D.25, subdivision 1; 204D.27, subdivision 8; 205.13, subdivision 6, and by adding a subdivision; 205.17, subdivision 1; 205A.06, subdivision 5, and by adding a subdivision; 206.90, subdivision 6; and 447.32, subdivision 1; Minnesota Statutes 1999 Supplement, sections 10A.31, subdivision 3a; 203B.04, subdivision 1; 203B.085; 367.03, subdivision 4; and 447.32, subdivision 4; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.45, subdivision 1a.

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1999 Supplement, section 10A.31, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:

Subd. 3a. QUALIFICATION OF POLITICAL PARTIES. (a) A major political party qualifies for inclusion on the income tax form and property tax refund return as

provided in subdivision 3 if it qualifies as a major political party by July 1 of the taxable year.

- (b) A minor political party qualifies for inclusion on the income tax form and property tax refund return as provided in subdivision 3 if the secretary of state certifies to the commissioner of revenue by July 1 of the taxable year that the party satisfies the following conditions:
- (1) in the last general election, the party ran a candidate for the office of governor and lieutenant governor, secretary of state, state auditor, or attorney general, who received votes in each county that in the aggregate total at least one percent of the total number of individuals who voted in the election;
  - (2) it is a political party, not a principal campaign committee; and
- (3) it has held a state convention in the last two years and an officer of the party has filed with the secretary of state a certification to that effect.

The secretary of state shall notify each minor political party by the first Monday in January of each odd-numbered year of the conditions necessary for the party to participate in income tax form and property tax refund return programs.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 103C.305, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. VACANCY. (a) If a vacancy occurs in the office of an elected supervisor more than 56 days before the next state primary, the district board shall fill the vacancy by appointment. The supervisor appointed shall hold office until December 31 the first Monday in January following the next general election. A successor shall be elected at the general election following the appointment and hold office for the remainder of the term or for the next regular term, whichever is appropriate.
- (b) If a vacancy occurs less than 56 days before the next state primary, the district board shall fill the vacancy by appointment. The appointed supervisor shall hold office until the expiration of the term or until December 31 the first Monday in January following the second succeeding general election, whichever is shorter. A successor shall be elected at the general election preceding expiration of the appointed term and hold office for the remainder of the term or for the next regular term, whichever is appropriate.
- (c) All terms under this subdivision continue until a successor has been elected and has qualified.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 103C.315, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **TERMS.** The two supervisors appointed by the state board upon the establishment of a district shall serve terms ending on December 31 the first Monday in January following the next general election after their appointment. Their successors shall be elected for terms of four years.

A supervisor shall hold office commencing on the first Monday in January and until a successor is elected or appointed and has qualified. Vacancies in the office of supervisor appointed by the state board shall be filled by the state board.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 123B.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. SCHOOL BOARD MEMBERSHIP. The care, management, and control of independent districts is vested in a board of directors, to be known as the school board. The term of office of a member shall be four years commencing on the first Monday in January and until a successor qualifies. The membership of the board shall consist of six elected directors together with such ex officio member as may be provided by law. The board may submit to the electors at any school election the question whether the board shall consist of seven members. If a majority of those voting on the proposition favor a seven-member board, a seventh member shall be elected at the next election of directors for a four-year term and thereafter the board shall consist of seven members.

Those districts with a seven-member board may submit to the electors at any school election at least 150 days before the next election of three members of the board the question whether the board shall consist of six members. If a majority of those voting on the proposition favor a six-member board instead of a seven-member board, two members instead of three members shall be elected at the next election of the board of directors and thereafter the board shall consist of six members.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 201.061, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. REGISTRATION BY ELECTION JUDGES; PROCEDURES. Registration at the polling place on election day shall be conducted by the election judges. The election judge who registers an individual at the polling place on election day shall not handle that voter's ballots at any time prior to the opening of the ballot box after the voting ends. Registration cards and forms for oaths shall be available at each polling place. If an individual who registers on election day proves residence by oath of a registered voter, the form containing the oath shall be attached to the individual's registration card until the individual's address is verified by the county auditor. Registration cards completed on election day shall be forwarded to the county auditor who shall add the name of each voter to the registration system unless the information forwarded is substantially deficient. A county auditor who finds an election day registration substantially deficient shall give written notice to the individual whose registration is found deficient. An election day registration shall not be found deficient solely because the individual who provided proof of residence was ineligible to do so.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1999 Supplement, section 203B.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read;

Subdivision 1. **APPLICATION PROCEDURES.** Except as otherwise allowed by subdivision 2, an application for absentee ballots for any election may be submitted at any time not less than one day before the day of that election. The county auditor

shall prepare absentee ballot application forms in the format provided in the rules of the secretary of state and shall furnish them to any person on request. An application submitted pursuant to this subdivision shall be in writing and shall be submitted to:

- (a) the county auditor of the county where the applicant maintains residence; or
- (b) the municipal clerk of the municipality, or school district if applicable, where the applicant maintains residence.

An application shall be aecepted approved if it is timely received, signed and dated by the applicant, contains the applicant's name and residence and mailing addresses, and states that the applicant is eligible to vote by absentee ballot for one of the reasons specified in section 203B.02. The application may contain a request for the voter's date of birth, which must not be made available for public inspection. An application may be submitted to the county auditor or municipal clerk by an electronic facsimile device, at the discretion of the auditor or clerk. An application mailed or returned in person to the county auditor or municipal clerk on behalf of a voter by a person other than the voter must be deposited in the mail or returned in person to the county auditor or municipal clerk within ten days after it has been dated by the voter and no later than six days before the election. The absentee ballot applications or a list of persons applying for an absentee ballot may not be made available for public inspection until the close of voting on election day.

- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 203B.06, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. REQUESTS FROM ABROAD. If an application for absentee ballots requests delivery of absentee ballots to a point outside the continental United States, the absentee ballots shall must be sent by air mail. The transmittal and return envelopes shall be marked with the words "OFFICIAL ELECTION BALLOTING MATERIAL—VIA AIR MAIL." must contain the text or symbol or both prescribed by the United States Postal Service for transmitting election mail outside the continental United States. Priority in mailing shall be given to all ballots sent by air mail.
- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1999 Supplement, section 203B.085, is amended to read:

# 203B.085 COUNTY AUDITOR'S OFFICE TO REMAIN OPEN DURING CERTAIN HOURS PRECEDING ELECTION.

The county auditor's office in each county must be open for acceptance of absentee ballot applications and casting of absentee ballots from 10:00 a.m. to 3:00 p.m. on Saturday and until 5:00 p.m. on Monday immediately preceding a primary, special, or general election. Town clerks' offices must be open for absentee voting from 10:00 a.m. to 12:00 noon on the Saturday before a town general election held in March. The school district clerk, when performing the county auditor's election duties, need not comply with this section.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.09, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

- Subd. 1a. ABSENT CANDIDATES. A candidate for special district, county, state, or federal office who will be absent from the state during the filing period may submit a properly executed affidavit of candidacy, the appropriate filing fee, and any necessary petitions in person to the filing officer. The candidate shall state in writing the reason for being unable to submit the affidavit during the filing period. The affidavit, filing fee, and petitions must be submitted to the filing officer during the seven days immediately preceding the candidate's absence from the state. Nominating petitions may be signed during the 14 days immediately preceding the date when the affidavit of candidacy is filed.
- Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **OTHER ELECTIONS.** Affidavits of candidacy and nominating petitions for city, town or other elective offices shall be filed during the time and with the official specified in chapter 205 or other applicable law or charter, except as provided for a special district candidate under subdivision 1a. Affidavits of candidacy and applications filed on behalf of eligible voters for school board office shall be filed during the time and with the official specified in chapter 205A or other applicable law.
- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.09, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 3. WRITE-IN CANDIDATES. A candidate for state or federal office who wants write-in votes for the candidate to be counted must file a written request with the filing office for the office sought no later than the day before the general election. The filing officer shall provide copies of the form to make the request.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- Subdivision 1. **BEFORE PRIMARY.** A candidate may withdraw from the primary ballot by filing an affidavit of withdrawal with the same official who received the affidavit of candidacy. The affidavit shall request that official to withdraw the candidate's name from the ballot and shall be filed no later than three two days after the last day for filing for the office.
- Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.14, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **SEPARATE PRECINCTS**; **COMBINED POLLING PLACE**. (a) The following shall constitute at least one election precinct:
  - (1) each city ward; and
  - (2) each town and each statutory city.
- (b) A single, accessible, combined polling place may be established no later than June 1 of any year:

- (1) for any city of the third or fourth class, any town, or any city having territory in more than one county, in which all the voters of the city or town shall cast their ballots:
- (2) for two contiguous precincts in the same municipality that have a combined total of fewer than 500 registered voters; or
- (3) for up to four contiguous municipalities located entirely outside the metropolitan area, as defined by section 473.121, subdivision 2, that are contained in the same congressional, legislative, and county commissioner district.

A copy of the ordinance or resolution establishing a combined polling place must be filed with the county auditor within 30 days after approval by the governing body. A polling place combined under clause (3) must be approved by the governing body of each participating municipality. A municipality withdrawing from participation in a combined polling place must do so by filing a resolution of withdrawal with the county auditor no later than May 1 of any year.

The secretary of state shall provide a separate polling place roster for each precinct served by the combined polling place. A single set of election judges may be appointed to serve at a combined polling place. The number of election judges required must be based on the total number of persons voting at the last similar election in all precincts to be voting at the combined polling place. Separate ballot boxes must be provided for the ballots from each precinct. The results of the election must be reported separately for each precinct served by the combined polling place, except in a polling place established under clause (2) where one of the precincts has fewer than ten registered voters, in which case the results of that precinct must be reported in the manner specified by the secretary of state.

- Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.14, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. PRECINCT BOUNDARIES; DESCRIPTION; MAPS. When a precinct boundary has been changed, the municipal clerk shall immediately notify the secretary of state. Upon receipt of this notice or a notice of annexation from the Minnesota municipal board, the secretary of state shall provide the municipal clerk with a base map on which the clerk shall note the boundary change. The clerk shall return the file a corrected base map to with the secretary of state within 30 days after the boundary change was made. Upon request, the secretary of state shall provide a base map to the municipal clerk. The secretary of state shall update the precinct boundary database, prepare a corrected precinct map, and provide the corrected precinct map to the county auditor and the municipal clerk who shall make them available for public inspection. The county auditor shall prepare and file precinct boundary maps for precincts in unorganized territories in the same manner as provided for precincts in municipalities. For every election held in the municipality the election judges shall be furnished precinct maps as provided in section 201.061, subdivision 6. If a municipality changes the boundary of an election precinct, the county auditor shall notify each school district with territory affected by the boundary change at least 30 days before the effective date of the change.

- Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.14, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. PRECINCT BOUNDARIES TO FOLLOW PHYSICAL FEATURES. (a) Unless a precinct consists entirely of unorganized territory or more than one precinct is entirely included within one census block, for the first two years following a decennial census an election precinct boundary must follow a census block line,
- (b) The boundaries of election precincts shall must follow visible, clearly recognizable physical features. If it is not possible to establish the boundary between any two adjacent precincts along such features, the boundary around the two precincts combined shall be established in the manner provided in the rules of the secretary of state to comply with the provisions of this subdivision. The maps required by subdivision 5 shall clearly indicate which boundaries do not follow visible, clearly recognizable physical features.
- (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, "visible, clearly recognizable physical feature" means a street, road, boulevard, parkway, river, stream, shoreline, drainage ditch, railway right-of-way, or any other line which is clearly visible from the ground. A street or other roadway which has been platted but not graded is not a visible, clearly recognizable physical feature for the purposes of this subdivision.
- (d) If the secretary of state determines that a precinct boundary does not comply with this subdivision, the secretary of state shall send a notice to the county auditor or municipal clerk specifying the action needed to correct the precinct boundary. If, after 60 days, the county or municipal governing body has not taken action to correct the precinct boundary, the secretary of state shall correct the precinct boundary and notify the county auditor or municipal clerk of the action taken.
- (e) If a visible, clearly recognizable physical feature is not available for use as a precinct boundary, an alternate boundary used by the United States Bureau of the Census may be authorized by the secretary of state.
- Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.16, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. AUTHORITY; LOCATION. The governing body of each municipality and of each county with precincts in unorganized territory shall designate by ordinance or resolution a polling place for each election precinct. Polling places must be designated and ballots must be distributed so that no one is required to go to more than one polling place to vote in a school district and municipal election held on the same day. The polling place for a precinct in a city or in a school district located in whole or in part in the metropolitan area defined by section 473.121 shall be located within the boundaries of the precinct or within 3,000 feet of one of those boundaries unless a single polling place is designated for a city pursuant to section 204B.14, subdivision 2, or a school district pursuant to section 205A.11. The polling place for a precinct in unorganized territory may be located outside the precinct at a place which is convenient to the voters of the precinct. If no suitable place is available within a

town or within a school district located outside the metropolitan area defined by section 473.121, then the polling place for a town or school district may be located outside the town or school district within five miles of one of the boundaries of the town or school district.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **BOOTHS.** Each polling place must contain a number of voting booths in proportion to the number of individuals eligible to vote in the precinct. Each booth must be at least six feet high, three feet deep and two feet wide with a shelf at least two feet long and one foot wide placed at a convenient height for writing. The booth shall be provided with a door or curtains. Each accessible polling place must have at least one accessible voting booth or other accessible voting station. All booths or stations must be constructed so that a voter is free from observation while marking ballots. In all other polling places every effort must be made to provide at least one accessible voting booth or other accessible voting station. During the hours of voting, the booths or stations must have instructions, a pencil, and other supplies needed to mark the ballots. If needed, a chair must be provided for elderly and handicapped voters to use while in the voting booth. All ballot boxes, voting booths, voting stations, and election judges must be in open public view in the polling place.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.19, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS. Notwithstanding any other requirements of this section, a student enrolled in a high school in Minnesota who has attained the age of 16 is eligible to be appointed as a without party affiliation trainee election judge in the municipality county in which the student resides. The student must meet qualifications for trainee election judges specified in rules of the secretary of state. A student appointed as a trainee election judge may be excused from school attendance during the hours that the student is serving as a trainee election judge if the student submits a written request signed and approved by the student's parent or guardian to be absent from school and a certificate from the appointing authority stating the hours during which the student will serve as a trainee election judge to the principal of the school at least ten days prior to the election. Students shall not serve as trainee election judges after 10:00 p.m. Notwithstanding section 177.24 to the contrary, trainee election judges may be paid not less than two-thirds of the minimum wage for a large employer. The principal of the school may approve a request to be absent from school conditioned on acceptable academic performance and the requirement that the student must have completed or be enrolled in a course of study in government at the time of service as a trainee election judge.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.40, is amended to read:

204B.40 BALLOTS; ELECTION RECORDS AND OTHER MATERIALS; DISPOSITION; INSPECTION OF BALLOTS.

The county auditors and, municipal clerks, and school district clerks shall retain all election materials returned to them after any election for at least one year 22 months from the date of that election. The county auditor may also retain election materials from school district elections. All election materials involved in a contested election shall must be retained for one year 22 months or until the contest has been finally determined, whichever is later. Abstracts filed by canvassing boards shall be retained permanently by any officer with whom those abstracts are filed. Election materials no longer required to be retained pursuant to this section shall be disposed of in accordance with sections 138.163 to 138.21. Sealed envelopes containing voted ballots must be retained unopened, except as provided in this section, in a secure location. The county auditor, municipal clerk, or school district clerk shall not permit any voted ballots to be tampered with or defaced.

After the time for filing a notice of contest for an election has passed, the secretary of state may open the sealed ballot envelopes and inspect the ballots for that election maintained by the county auditors, municipal clerks, or school district clerks for the purpose of monitoring and evaluating election procedures. No inspected ballot may be marked or identified in any manner. After inspection, all ballots must be returned to the ballot envelope and the ballot envelope must be securely resealed.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204C.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **COUNTY CANVASS.** The county canvassing board shall meet at the county auditor's office on or before the third day following the state primary. After taking the oath of office, the canvassing board shall publicly canvass the election returns delivered to the county auditor. The board shall complete the canvass no later than the third day following the state primary and shall promptly prepare and file with the county auditor a report that states:

- (a) The number of individuals voting at the election in the county, and in each precinct;
- (b) The number of individuals registering to vote on election day and the number of individuals registered before election day in each precinct;
- (c) For each major political party, the names of the candidates running for each partisan office and the number of votes received by each candidate in the county and in each precinct;
- (d) The names of the candidates of each major political party who are nominated; and
- (e) The number of votes received by each of the candidates for nonpartisan office in each precinct in the county and the names of the candidates nominated for nonpartisan office.

Upon completion of the canvass, the county auditor shall mail or deliver a notice of nomination to each nominee for county office voted for only in that county. The county auditor shall transmit one of the certified copies of the county canvassing board

report for state and federal offices to the secretary of state by express mail or similar service immediately upon conclusion of the county canvass. The secretary of state shall mail a notice of nomination to each nominee for state or federal office.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204C.33, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **COUNTY CANVASS.** The county canvassing board shall meet at the county auditor's office on or before the seventh day following the state general election. After taking the oath of office, the board shall promptly and publicly canvass the general election returns delivered to the county auditor. Upon completion of the canvass, the board shall promptly prepare and file with the county auditor a report which states:

- (a) The number of individuals voting at the election in the county and in each precinct;
- (b) The number of individuals registering to vote on election day and the number of individuals registered before election day in each precinct;
- (c) The names of the candidates for each office and the number of votes received by each candidate in the county and in each precinct;
- (d) The number of votes counted for and against a proposed change of county lines or county seat; and
- (e) The number of votes counted for and against a constitutional amendment or other question in the county and in each precinct.

The result of write-in votes cast on the general election ballots must be compiled by the county auditor before the county canvass, except that write-in votes for a candidate for state or federal office must not be counted unless the candidate has timely filed a request under section 204B.09, subdivision 3. The county auditor shall arrange for each municipality to provide an adequate number of election judges to perform this duty or the county auditor may appoint additional election judges for this purpose. The county auditor may open the envelopes or containers in which the voted ballots have been sealed in order to count and record the write-in votes and must reseal the voted ballots at the conclusion of this process.

Upon completion of the canvass, the county canvassing board shall declare the candidate duly elected who received the highest number of votes for each county and state office voted for only within the county. The county auditor shall transmit one of the certified copies of the county canvassing board report for state and federal offices to the secretary of state by express mail or similar service immediately upon conclusion of the county canvass.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204C.37, is amended to read:

204C.37 COUNTY CANVASS; RETURN OF REPORTS TO SECRETARY OF STATE.

Two copies of the reports required by sections 204C.32, subdivision 1 and 204C.33, subdivision 1 shall be certified under the official seal of the county auditor. Each copy shall be enclosed in an envelope addressed to the secretary of state, with the county auditor's name and official address and the words "Election Returns" endorsed on the envelope. The eopies shall copy of the canvassing board report not sent by express mail and the precinct summary statements must be mailed or delivered to the secretary of state and, if mailed, shall be forwarded by different mails. If neither copy is received by the secretary of state within ten days following the applicable election, the secretary of state shall immediately notify the county auditor, who shall deliver another copy to the secretary of state by special messenger.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204D.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **ORDER OF OFFICES.** The candidates for partisan offices shall be placed first on the white ballot and shall appear in the following order: senator in Congress shall be first; representative in Congress, second; state senator, third; and state representative, fourth. The candidates for state offices shall follow in the order specified by the secretary of state. Candidates for governor and lieutenant governor shall appear so that a single vote may be cast for both offices.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204D.25, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **FORM.** Except as provided in subdivision 2, the county auditor shall prepare separate ballots for a special primary and special election as required by sections 204D.17 to 204D.27. The ballots shall be headed "Special Primary Ballot" or "Special Election Ballot" as the case may be, followed by the date of the special primary or special election. Immediately below the title of each office to be filled shall be printed the words "To fill vacancy in term expiring .......," with the date of expiration of the term and any other information that is necessary to distinguish the office from any other office to be voted upon at the same election. For a special primary or special election, the instructions to voters may use the singular tense when referring to candidates and offices when only one office is to be filled at the special election. Otherwise the form of the ballots shall comply as far as practicable with the laws relating to ballots for state primaries and state general elections. The county auditor shall post a sample of each ballot in the auditor's office as soon as prepared and not later than four days before the special primary or special election. Publication of the sample ballot for a special primary or special election is not required.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204D.27, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. CERTIFICATE OF CONGRESSIONAL ELECTION. No certificate of election in a special election for senator or representative in Congress may be issued by the county auditor of any county or by the secretary of state to any individual declared elected by the county or state canvassing board until seven days after the canvassing board has canvassed the returns and declared the results of the election. In

case of a contest the certificate may not be issued until the district court determines the contest.

- Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 205.13, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 1b. ABSENT CANDIDATES. A candidate for municipal office who will be absent from the state during the filing period may submit a properly executed affidavit of candidacy, the appropriate filing fee, and any necessary petitions in person to the filing officer. The candidate shall state in writing the reason for being unable to submit the affidavit during the filing period. The affidavit, filing fee, and petitions must be submitted to the filing officer during the seven days immediately preceding the candidate's absence from the state. In cities of the first class, and in any city where the use of nominating petitions is permitted under the city's charter, a nominating petition for a candidate who will be absent from the state during the filing period may be signed during the 14 days immediately preceding the date when the affidavit of candidacy is filed.
- Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 205.13, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **WITHDRAWAL.** A candidate for a municipal elective office may withdraw from the election by filing an affidavit of withdrawal with the municipal clerk by 12 o'clock noon of the day no later than 5:00 p.m. two days after the last day for filing affidavits of candidacy. Thereafter, no candidate may file an affidavit of withdrawal.
- Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 205.17, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **SECOND, THIRD, AND FOURTH CLASS CITIES; TOWNS.** In all statutory and home rule charter cities of the second, third and fourth class, and in all towns, for the municipal general election, the municipal clerk shall have printed on light green paper the official ballot containing the names of all candidates for municipal offices. The ballot shall be printed in blocks quantities of 25, 50, or 100, shall be headed "City or Town Election Ballot," shall state the name of the city or town and the date of the election, and shall conform in other respects to the white ballot used at the state general election. The names shall be arranged on city ballots in the manner provided for the state elections. On town ballots names of the candidates for each office shall be arranged either:

- (1) alphabetically according to the candidates' surnames; or
- (2) in the manner provided for state elections if the town electors chose at the town's annual meeting to arrange the names in that way for at least two consecutive years.
- Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 205A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

- Subd. 1c. ABSENT CANDIDATES. A candidate for the office of school board member who will be absent from the state during the filing period may submit a properly executed affidavit of candidacy, the appropriate filing fee, and any necessary petitions in person to the filing officer. The candidate shall state in writing the reason for being unable to submit the affidavit during the filing period. The affidavit, filing fee, and petitions must be submitted to the filing officer during the seven days immediately preceding the candidate's absence from the state.
- Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 205A.06, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **WITHDRAWAL.** A candidate for a school district elective office may withdraw from the election by filing an affidavit of withdrawal with the school district clerk by 12:00 noon of the day no later than 5:00 p.m. two days after the last day for filing affidavits of candidacy. After that date, no candidate may file an affidavit of withdrawal.
- Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 206.90, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. **BALLOTS.** In precincts using optical scan voting systems, a single ballot card on which all ballot information is included must be printed in black ink on white colored material except that marks not to be read by the automatic tabulating equipment may be printed in another color ink.

When optical scan ballots are used, the offices to be elected must appear in the following order: federal offices; state legislative offices; constitutional offices; proposed constitutional amendments; county offices and questions; municipal offices and questions; school district offices and questions; special district offices and questions; and judicial offices.

On optical scan ballots, the names of candidates and the words "yes" and "no" for ballot questions must be printed as close to their corresponding vote targets as possible.

The line on an optical scan ballot for write-in votes must contain the words "write-in, if any."

If a primary ballot contains both a partisan ballot and a nonpartisan ballot, the instructions to voters must include a statement that reads substantially as follows: "THIS BALLOT CARD CONTAINS A PARTISAN BALLOT AND A NONPARTISAN BALLOT. ON THE PARTISAN BALLOT YOU ARE PERMITTED TO VOTE FOR CANDIDATES OF ONE POLITICAL PARTY ONLY." If a primary ballot contains political party columns on both sides of the ballot, the instructions to voters must include a statement that reads substantially as follows: "ADDITIONAL POLITICAL PARTIES ARE PRINTED ON THE OTHER SIDE OF THIS BALLOT. VOTE FOR ONE POLITICAL PARTY ONLY." At the bottom of each political party column on the primary ballot, the ballot must contain a statement that reads substantially as follows: "CONTINUE VOTING ON THE NONPARTISAN BALLOT." The instructions in section 204D.08, subdivision 4, do not apply to optical scan partisan primary ballots.

- Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1999 Supplement, section 367.03, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. OFFICERS; NOVEMBER ELECTION. Supervisors and other town officers in towns that hold the town general election in November shall be elected for terms of four years commencing on the first Monday in January and until their successors are elected and qualified. The clerk and treasurer shall be elected in alternate years.
- Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 447.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. TERMS OF OFFICE. Each hospital district shall be governed by a hospital board composed of one member elected from each city and town in the district and one member elected at large. A member's term of office is four years commencing on the first Monday in January and until a successor qualifies. At the first election, however, members must be elected for terms set by the governing body calling the election, so that half the terms, as nearly as may be, expire on December 34 the first Monday in January of the next even-numbered odd-numbered year and the remaining terms expire two years from that date. After that, before a member's term expires, a new member shall be elected for a term of four years from the expiration date.

If a member dies, resigns, fails to qualify, or moves from the hospital district, a successor may be appointed by a majority of the remaining members of the board. The successor shall hold office until December 31 the first Monday in January after the next regular hospital district election. At the election a successor must be elected to fill the unexpired term.

When an additional city or town is annexed to the district, in accordance with section 447.36, its governing body shall by resolution appoint a member to the board. The member shall hold office until December 31 the first Monday in January after the next regular hospital district election. At the election a successor must be elected for a term of either two or four years, to be set by the hospital board so that the number of members of the board whose terms expire in any later year will not exceed one-half of the members plus one.

- Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1999 Supplement, section 447.32, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. CANDIDATES; BALLOTS; CERTIFYING ELECTION. A person who wants to be a candidate for the hospital board shall file an affidavit of candidacy for the election either as member at large or as a member representing the city or town where the candidate resides. The affidavit of candidacy must be filed with the city or town clerk not more than ten weeks nor less than eight weeks before the election. The city or town clerk must forward the affidavits of candidacy to the clerk of the hospital district or, for the first election, the clerk of the most populous city or town immediately after the last day of the filing period. A candidate may withdraw from the election by filing an affidavit of withdrawal with the clerk of the district no later than

12:00 p.m. on the day 5:00 p.m. two days after the last day to file affidavits of candidacy.

Voting must be by secret ballot. The clerk shall prepare, at the expense of the district, necessary ballots for the election of officers. Ballots must be printed on tan paper and prepared as provided in the rules of the secretary of state. The ballots must be marked and initialed by at least two judges as official ballots and used exclusively at the election. Any proposition to be voted on may be printed on the ballot provided for the election of officers. The hospital board may also authorize the use of voting systems subject to chapter 206. Enough election judges may be appointed to receive the votes at each polling place. The election judges shall act as clerks of election, count the ballots cast, and submit them to the board for canvass.

After canvassing the election, the board shall issue a certificate of election to the candidate who received the largest number of votes cast for each office. The clerk shall deliver the certificate to the person entitled to it in person or by certified mail. Each person certified shall file an acceptance and oath of office in writing with the clerk within 30 days after the date of delivery or mailing of the certificate. The board may fill any office as provided in subdivision 1 if the person elected fails to qualify within 30 days, but qualification is effective if made before the board acts to fill the vacancy.

## Sec. 35. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 204B.45, subdivision 1a, is repealed.

Presented to the governor May 11, 2000

Signed by the governor May 15, 2000, 10:56 a.m.

## CHAPTER 468—H.F.No. 3501

An act relating to government data practices; classifying data; providing for access to and sharing of data; authorizing certain restrictions on access to data; clarifying definitions and application provisions; modifying penalty provisions; providing for electronic copies of data; classifying and regulating disclosure of information held by health maintenance organizations; prohibiting monitoring of persons requesting access to public data; requiring government entities to have a data practices compliance official; limiting tort liability for disclosure of geographic information systems data; providing for administrative and civil remedies; amending Minnesota Statutes 1998, sections 13.01, by adding subdivisions; 13.02, by adding a subdivision; 13.03, subdivision 5; 13.05, by adding subdivisions; 13.08, subdivision 4; 13.41, subdivision 2; 13.84, subdivisions 5 and 6; 62D.14, by adding a subdivision; 72A.491, subdivision 17; 119A.376, by adding a subdivision; 119A.44, by adding a subdivision; 119A.50; 270B.14, subdivision 8; 466.03, by adding a subdivision; and 609.115, subdivision 5; Minnesota Statutes 1999 Supplement, sections 13.03, subdivision 3; 13.32, subdivision 7; 13.99, subdivision 19, and by adding a subdivision; 256.978, subdivision 1; and 268.19; Laws 1999, chapter 216, article 2, section 27, subdivision 1, and by adding subdivisions; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 13; and 62D; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 62D.14, subdivision 4.