Subd. 6. RECYCLING VEHICLES. Weight restrictions imposed under subdivisions 1 and 2 do not apply to a two-axle vehicle that does not exceed 20,000 pounds per single axle and is used exclusively for recycling, while engaged in recycling in a political subdivision that mandates curbside recycling pickup.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.

 $\frac{\text{Sections 1}}{\text{June 1, 2003.}} \, \frac{1}{\text{to 3}} \, \frac{\text{are effective the day following final enactment and are repealed}}{\text{June 1, 2003.}}$

Presented to the governor April 20, 2000

Signed by the governor April 24, 2000, 1:52 p.m.

CHAPTER 434-S.F.No. 2946

An act relating to motor fuels; limiting the use of certain oxygenates in gasoline sold in Minnesota; amending Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 239.761, subdivision 6; Minnesota Statutes 1999 Supplement, section 239.791, subdivision 1.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1998, section 239.761, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

- Subd. 6. GASOLINE BLENDED WITH OXYGENATE. (a) A person responsible for the product shall comply with the following requirements:
- (1) after July 1, 2000, gasoline containing in excess of one-third of one percent, in total, of the oxygenates listed in paragraph (b) may not be sold or offered for sale at any time in this state; and
- (2) after July 1, 2005, gasoline containing any of the oxygenates listed in paragraph (b) may not be sold or offered for sale in this state.
 - (b) The oxygenates prohibited under paragraph (a) are:
 - (1) methyl tertiary butyl ether, as defined in section 296A.01, subdivision 34;
 - (2) ethyl tertiary butyl ether, as defined in section 296A.01, subdivision 18; or
 - (3) tertiary amyl methyl ether.
- (c) Gasoline that is blended with an oxygenate, other than denatured ethanol, must comply with ASTM specification D 4814-96. Oxygenates, other than denatured ethanol, must not be blended into gasoline after the gasoline has been sold, transferred, or otherwise removed from a refinery or terminal.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1999 Supplement, section 239.791, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

Subdivision 1. **MINIMUM OXYGEN CONTENT REQUIRED.** Except as provided in subdivisions 10 to 14, a person responsible for the product shall comply with the following requirements:

- (a) After October 1, 1995, gasoline sold or offered for sale at any time in a carbon monoxide control area must contain at least 2.7 percent oxygen by weight.
- (b) After October 1, 1997, all gasoline sold or offered for sale in Minnesota must contain at least 2.7 percent oxygen by weight.
- (c) For the purposes of this subdivision, the oxygenates listed in section 239.761, subdivision 6, paragraph (b), shall not be included in calculating the oxygen content of the gasoline.

Presented to the governor April 20, 2000

Signed by the governor April 24, 2000, 1:53 p.m.

CHAPTER 435—H.F.No. 3692

An act relating to agriculture; amending feedlot permit provisions; providing for training and certification; defining terms; providing a moratorium; providing specific requirements for feedlot permit rules; adding requirements for administrative penalty orders; requiring a report, a study, and a plan; amending Minnesota Statutes 1998, sections 116.06, by adding a subdivision; 116.07, subdivision 7c; and 116.0713; Minnesota Statutes 1999 Supplement, sections 116.07, subdivision 7; and 116.072, subdivision 13; Laws 1998, chapter 40, section 52; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 18C.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. [18C.432] MANURE APPLICATOR EDUCATION AND TRAINING.

Subdivision 1. EDUCATION AND TRAINING. (a) The commissioner shall develop, in conjunction with the University of Minnesota extension service, innovative educational and training programs addressing manure applicator concerns, including water quality protection and the development of manure management plans.

- (b) The commissioner shall appoint educational planning committees which must include representatives of industry.
- (c) Specific current regulatory concerns must be discussed and, if appropriate, incorporated into each training session.
- (d) The commissioner may approve programs from private industry and nonprofit organizations that meet minimum requirements for education, training, and certification.

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.