(2) a judge or referee has determined under section 260.172 that the child shall remain in detention.

After August 1, 1991, no child described in this paragraph may be detained in an adult jail or municipal lockup longer than 24 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, or longer than six hours in an adult jail or municipal lockup in a standard metropolitan statistical area, unless the requirements of this paragraph have been met and, in addition, a motion to refer the child for adult prosecution has been made under section 260.125.

- (d) No child taken into custody and placed in a shelter care facility or relative's home by a peace officer pursuant to section 260.165, subdivision 1, clause (a) or (c)(2) may be held in a shelter care facility custody longer than 72 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays and holidays, unless a petition has been filed and the judge or referee determines pursuant to section 260.172 that the child shall remain in custody.
- (e) If a child described in paragraph (c) is to be detained in a jail beyond 24 hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays, the judge or referee, in accordance with rules and procedures established by the commissioner of corrections, shall notify the commissioner of the place of the detention and the reasons therefor. The commissioner shall thereupon assist the court in the relocation of the child in an appropriate juvenile secure detention facility or approved jail within the county or elsewhere in the state, or in determining suitable alternatives. The commissioner shall direct that a child detained in a jail be detained after eight days from and including the date of the original detention order in an approved juvenile secure detention facility with the approval of the administrative authority of the facility. If the court refers the matter to the prosecuting authority pursuant to section 260.125, notice to the commissioner shall not be required.
 - Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 260.173, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision 1, if the child had been taken into custody pursuant to section 260.165, subdivision 1, clause (a) or clause (c)(2), and is not alleged to be delinquent, the child shall be detained in the least restrictive setting consistent with the child's health and welfare and in closest proximity to the child's family as possible. Placement may be with a child's relative, or in a shelter care facility. The placing officer shall comply with this section and shall document why a less restrictive setting will or will not be in the best interests of the child for placement purposes.

Presented to the governor March 30, 1996

Signed by the governor April 2, 1996, 12:50 p.m.

CHAPTER 422—S.F.No. 2255

An act relating to local government; providing for certain vacancies in the elected offices of mayor or council member in statutory cities and county commissioner; amending Minnesota Statutes 1994, sections 375.101; and 412.02, subdivision 2a, and by adding a subdivision.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 375.101, is amended to read:

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

375.101 VACANCY IN OFFICE OF COUNTY COMMISSIONER.

Subdivision 1. Except as provided in subdivision 3, a vacancy in the office of county commissioner shall be filled at a special election not less than 30 nor more than 60 days after the vacancy occurs. The special primary or special election may be held on the same day as a regular primary or regular election but the special election shall be held not less than 14 days after the special primary. The person elected at the special election shall take office immediately after receipt of the certificate of election and upon filing the bond and taking the oath of office and shall serve the remainder of the unexpired term. If the county has been reapportioned since the commencement of the term of the vacant office, the election shall be based on the district as reapportioned.

Subd. 2. If the a vacancy for which a special election is required occurs less than 60 days before the general election preceding the end of the term, the vacancy shall be filled by the person elected at that election for the ensuing term who shall take office immediately after receiving the certificate of election, filing the bond and taking the oath of office.

Subd. 3. In addition to the events specified in section 351.02, absence from the county for six consecutive months shall create a vacancy in the office of county commissioner may be declared by the county board when a commissioner is unable to serve in the office or attend board meetings for a 90-day period because of illness, or because of absence from or refusal to attend board meetings for a 90-day period. If any of the preceding conditions occurs, the county board may, after the board by resolution has declared a vacancy to exist, make an appointment to fill the vacancy at a regular or special meeting for the remainder of the unexpired term or until the ill or absent member is again able to resume duties and attend county board meetings, whichever is earlier. If the original member is again able to resume duties and attend board meetings, the board shall by resolution so determine and remove the appointed officeholder and restore the original member to office.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 412.02, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 2b, a vacancy in an office shall be filled by council appointment until an election is held as provided in this subdivision. In case of a tie vote in the council, the mayor shall make the appointment. If the vacancy occurs before the first day to file affidavits of candidacy for the next regular city election and more than two years remain in the unexpired term, a special election shall be held at the next regular city election and the appointed person shall serve until the qualification of a successor elected at a special election to fill the unexpired portion of the term. If the vacancy occurs on or after the first day to file affidavits of candidacy for the regular city election or when less than two years remain in the unexpired term, there shall be no special election to fill the vacancy and the appointed person shall serve until the qualification of a successor elected at a regular city election.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1994, section 412.02, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2b. A vacancy in the office of mayor or council member may be declared by the council when the officeholder is unable to serve in the office or attend council meetings for a 90-day period because of illness, or because of absence from or refusal to attend council meetings for a 90-day period. If any of the preceding conditions occurs, the council may, after it has by resolution declared a vacancy to exist, fill the vacancy at a

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout-

regular or special council meeting for the remainder of the unexpired term, or until the person is again able to resume duties and attend council meetings, whichever is earlier. When the person is again able to resume duties and attend council meetings, the council shall by resolution remove the temporary officeholder and restore the original officeholder.

Presented to the governor March 30, 1996 Signed by the governor April 2, 1996, 12:53 p.m.

CHAPTER 423—H.F.No. 66 VETOED

CHAPTER 424—S.F.No. 842

An act relating to occupations and professions; board of psychology; modifying board duties; changing types of licensure; changing licensure provisions; providing for discipline; providing penalties; amending Minnesota Statutes 1994, sections 148.88; 148.881; 148.89, subdivisions 2a and 5; 148.90, subdivisions 1 and 2; 148.905, subdivision 1; 148.911; 148.925; 148.941, subdivisions 2, 4, and by adding subdivisions; 148.96; 148.975; 148.98; 253B.02, subdivision 11; Minnesota Statutes 1995 Supplement, section 147.09; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 148; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1994, sections 148.89, subdivisions 6, 7, and 8; 148.91; 148.93; 148.951; and 148.97; Minnesota Statutes 1995 Supplement, section 148.921.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1995 Supplement, section 147.09, is amended to read:

147.09 EXEMPTIONS.

Section 147.081 does not apply to, control, prevent or restrict the practice, service, or activities of:

- (1) A person who is a commissioned medical officer of, a member of, or employed by, the armed forces of the United States, the United States Public Health Service, the Veterans Administration, any federal institution or any federal agency while engaged in the performance of official duties within this state, if the person is licensed elsewhere.
 - (2) A licensed physician from a state or country who is in actual consultation here.
- (3) A licensed or registered physician who treats the physician's home state patients or other participating patients while the physicians and those patients are participating together in outdoor recreation in this state as defined by section 86A.03, subdivision 3. A physician shall first register with the board on a form developed by the board for that purpose. The board shall not be required to promulgate the contents of that form by rule. No fee shall be charged for this registration.

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.