- <u>Subd.</u> 3d. POLITICAL SUBDIVISION ELIGIBILITY. (a) <u>Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivisions 1 to 3, a political subdivision may apply to the board for partial reimbursement under subdivision 3 where the political subdivision:</u>
 - (1) is not a responsible person under section 115C.02; and
 - (2) incurs reimbursable costs on or after the effective date of this section.
- (b) A political subdivision eligible for reimbursement under this subdivision may only apply for reimbursement if the identified responsible person has failed to take a corrective action ordered by the commissioner.
- (c) A political subdivision eligible for reimbursement under this subdivision must, to the maximum extent possible, comply with the same conditions and requirements of reimbursement as those imposed by this section on a responsible person.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This act is effective the day following final enactment.

Presented to the governor April 3, 1992

Signed by the governor April 7, 1992, 2:57 p.m.

CHAPTER 415-S.F.No. 2301

An act relating to water and soil resources; lands eligible for the reinvest in Minnesota program; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 103F.505; 103F.511, by adding a subdivision; and Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 103F.515, subdivision 2.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 103F.505, is amended to read:

103F.505 PURPOSE AND POLICY.

It is the purpose of sections 103F.505 to 103F.531 to keep certain marginal agricultural land out of crop production to protect soil and water quality and support fish and wildlife habitat. It is state policy to encourage the retirement of marginal, highly erodible land, particularly land adjacent to public waters and, drainage systems, wetlands, and locally designated priority waters, from crop production and to reestablish a cover of perennial vegetation.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 103F.511, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

- Subd. 8a. RIPARIAN LAND. "Riparian land" means lands adjacent to public waters, drainage systems, wetlands, or locally designated priority waters identified in a comprehensive local water plan, as defined in section 103B.3363, subdivision 3.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1991 Supplement, section 103F.515, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. ELIGIBLE LAND. (a) Land may be placed in the conservation reserve program if the land meets the requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c).
 - (b) Land is eligible if the land:
 - (1) is marginal agricultural land:
- (2) is adjacent to marginal agricultural land and is either beneficial to resource protection or necessary for efficient recording of the land description;
 - (3) consists of a drained wetland;
 - (4) is land that with a windbreak would be beneficial to resource protection;
 - (5) is land in a sensitive groundwater area;
 - (6) is eropland adjacent to public waters riparian land;
- (7) is cropland or noncropland adjacent to restored wetlands to the extent of up to four acres of cropland or one acre of noncropland for each acre of wetland restored;
 - (8) is a woodlot on agricultural land;
- (9) is abandoned building site on agricultural land, provided that funds are not used for compensation of the value of the buildings; or
 - (10) is land on a hillside used for pasture.
 - (c) Eligible land under paragraph (a) must:
- (1) have been owned by the landowner on January 1, 1985, or be owned by the landowner, or a parent or other blood relative of the landowner, for at least one year before the date of application;
- (2) be at least five acres in size, except for a windbreak, woodlot, or abandoned building site, or be a whole field as defined by the United States Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Services;
- (3) not be set aside, enrolled or diverted under another federal or state government program; and
- (4) have been in agricultural crop production for at least two of the last five years before the date of application during the period 1981 to 1985 except

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

drained wetlands, <u>riparian</u> <u>lands</u>, woodlots, abandoned building sites, or land on a hillside used for pasture.

- (d) The enrolled land of a landowner may not exceed 20 percent of the average farm size in the county where the land is being enrolled according to the average farm size determined by the United States Department of Agriculture, Census of Agriculture.
- (e) In selecting drained wetlands for enrollment in the program, the highest priority must be given to wetlands with a cropping history during the period 1976 to 1985.
- (f) In selecting land for enrollment in the program, highest priority must be given to permanent easements that are consistent with the purposes stated in section 103F.505.

Presented to the governor April 3, 1992

Signed by the governor April 7, 1992, 2:58 p.m.

CHAPTER 416—S.F.No. 1671

An act relating to statutes; providing for the numbering of session law chapters; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 3C.04, subdivision 5.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 3C.04, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. ENGROSSMENT AND ENROLLMENT. The revisor's office shall assist in the enrollment and engrossment of bills. Senate bills are to be under the supervision of the secretary of the senate. House bills are to be under the supervision of the chief clerk of the house of representatives.

In preparing an engrossment or enrollment, the revisor may correct misspelled words and other minor clerical errors. No correction of this kind constitutes an alteration or departure from the text as shown in the journals of the Senate and House of Representatives.

In preparing an enrollment of a bill passed at a legislative session, the revisor shall assign the bill a chapter number. As far as practical, the order of numbering is numbers shall be assigned in the order of the date of the legislature's last vote on the bill bills before its presentment to the governor. The revisor, as the agent of the legislature, shall present the enrolled bills to the governor and report to the house of origin the date of presentment of the enrollment. The revisor shall show on the enrollment the date the enrollment was presented to the governor.

New language is indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.