this section, an organization must meet the organizational and operational tests that apply to nonprofit organizations under Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.25, subdivision 16.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 1 is effective for sales occurring after May 5, 1989, and before August 15, 1991.

Presented to the governor April 29, 1991

Signed by the governor May 1, 1991, 11:47 a.m.

CHAPTER 41—H.F.No. 472

VETOED

CHAPTER 42-H.F.No. 697

An act relating to credit unions; providing that credit unions may be designated as depositories of state funds; providing for the election of a supervisory committee; clarifying investment authority of board of directors; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, sections 9.031, subdivision 1; 52.04, subdivision 1; 52.08; and 52.09, subdivision 2.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 9.031, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. REQUIREMENTS FOR DEPOSITORIES. The executive council shall designate banks of, trust companies, or credit unions within the state as depositories to receive state funds. The state treasurer is not liable for the safekeeping of the funds so lawfully deposited. The banks of, trust company companies, or credit unions so designated as depositories must:

- (1) have been organized for at least one year; or
- (2) have taken over or absorbed a bank or, trust company, or credit union that has been organized for at least one year.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 52.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. A credit union has the following powers:

- (1) to offer its members and other credit unions various classes of shares, share certificates, deposits, or deposit certificates;
- (2) to receive the savings of its members either as payment on shares or as deposits, including the right to conduct Christmas clubs, vacation clubs, and other thrift organizations within its membership. Trust funds received by a real estate broker or the broker's salespersons in trust may be deposited in a credit union;
- (3) to make loans to members for provident or productive purposes as provided in section 52.16;
- (4) to make loans to a cooperative society or other organization having membership in the credit union;
- (5) to deposit in state and national banks and trust companies authorized to receive deposits;
- (6) to invest in any investment legal for savings banks or for trust funds in the state and, notwithstanding clause (3), to invest in and make loans of unsecured days funds (federal funds or similar unsecured loans) to financial institutions insured by an agency of the federal government and a member of the Federal Reserve System or required to maintain reserves at the Federal Reserve;
 - (7) to borrow money as hereinafter indicated;
 - (8) to adopt and use a common seal and alter the same at pleasure;
- (9) to make payments on shares of and deposit with any other credit union chartered by this or any other state or operating under the provisions of the federal Credit Union Act, in amounts not exceeding in the aggregate 25 percent of its unimpaired assets. However, payments on shares of and deposit with credit unions chartered by other states are restricted to credit unions insured by the National Credit Union Administration. The restrictions imposed by this clause do not apply to share accounts and deposit accounts of the Minnesota corporate credit union in United States central credit union or to share accounts and deposit accounts of credit unions;
- (10) to contract with any licensed insurance company or society to insure the lives of members to the extent of their share accounts, in whole or in part, and to pay all or a portion of the premium therefor;
- (11) to indemnify each director, officer, or committee member, or former director, officer, or committee member against all expenses, including attorney's fees but excluding amounts paid pursuant to a judgment or settlement agreement, reasonably incurred in connection with or arising out of any action, suit, or proceeding to which that person is a party by reason of being or having been a director, officer, or committee member of the credit union, except with respect to matters as to which that person is finally adjudged in the action, suit, or proceeding to be liable for negligence or misconduct in the performance of duties.

The indemnification is not exclusive of any other rights to which that person may be entitled under any bylaw, agreement, vote of members, or otherwise;

- (12) upon written authorization from a member, retained at the credit union, to make payments to third parties by withdrawals from the member's share or deposit accounts or through proceeds of loans made to such member, or by permitting the credit union to make those payments from the member's funds prior to deposit; to permit draft withdrawals from member accounts, but a credit union proposing to permit draft withdrawals shall notify the commissioner of commerce, in the form prescribed, of its intent not less than 90 days prior to authorizing draft withdrawals. The board of directors of a credit union may restrict one class of shares to the extent that it may not be redeemed, withdrawn, or transferred except upon termination of membership in the credit union:
- (13) to inform its members as to the availability of various group purchasing plans which are related to the promotion of thrift or the borrowing of money for provident and productive purposes by means of informational materials placed in the credit union's office, through its publications, or by direct mailings to members by the credit union;
- (14) to facilitate its members' voluntary purchase of types of insurance incidental to promotion of thrift or the borrowing of money for provident and productive purposes including, but not limited to the following types of group or individual insurance: Fire, theft, automobile, life and temporary disability; to be the policy holder of a group insurance plan or a subgroup under a master policy plan and to disseminate information to its members concerning the insurance provided thereunder; to remit premiums to an insurer or the holder of a master policy on behalf of a credit union member, if the credit union obtains written authorization from the member for remittance by share or deposit withdrawals or through proceeds of loans made by the members, or by permitting the credit union to make the payments from the member's funds prior to deposit; and to accept from the insurer reimbursement for expenses incurred or in the case of credit life and accident and health insurance within the meaning of chapter 62B commissions for the handling of the insurance. The amount reimbursed or the commissions received may constitute the general income of the credit union. The directors, officers, committee members and employees of a credit union shall not profit on any insurance sale facilitated through the credit unions;
- (15) to contract with another credit union to furnish services which either could otherwise perform. Contracted services under this clause are subject to regulation and examination by the commissioner of commerce like other services:
- (16) in furtherance of the twofold purpose of promoting thrift among its members and creating a source of credit for them at legitimate rates of interest for provident purposes, and not in limitation of the specific powers hereinbefore conferred, to have all the powers enumerated, authorized, and permitted by this

chapter, and such other rights, privileges and powers incidental to, or necessary for, the accomplishment of the objectives and purposes of the credit union;

- (17) to rent safe deposit boxes to its members if the credit union obtains adequate insurance or bonding coverage for losses which might result from the rental of safe deposit boxes;
- (18) notwithstanding the provisions of section 52.05, to accept deposits of public funds in an amount secured by insurance or other means pursuant to chapter 118 or section 9.031;
- (19) to accept and maintain treasury tax and loan accounts of the United States and to pledge collateral to secure the treasury tax or loan accounts, in accordance with the regulations of the Department of Treasury of the United States;
- (20) to accept deposits pursuant to section 149.12, notwithstanding the provisions of section 52.05, if the deposits represent funding of prepaid funeral plans of members;
 - (21) to sell, in whole or in part, real estate secured loans provided that:
 - (a) the loan is secured by a first lien;
 - (b) the board of directors approves the sale;
- (c) if the sale is partial, the agreement to sell a partial interest shall, at a minimum:
 - (i) identify the loan or loans covered by the agreement:
- (ii) provide for the collection, processing, remittance of payments of principal and interest, taxes and insurance premiums and other charges or escrows, if any;
- (iii) define the responsibilities of each party in the event the loan becomes subject to collection, loss or foreclosure;
- (iv) provide that in the event of loss, each owner shall share in the loss in proportion to its interest in the loan or loans;
- (v) provide for the distribution of payments of principal to each owner proportionate to its interest in the loan or loans;
 - (vi) provide for loan status reports;
- (vii) state the terms and conditions under which the agreement may be terminated or modified; and
 - (d) the sale is without recourse or repurchase unless the agreement:

- (i) requires repurchase of a loan because of any breach of warranty or misrepresentation;
 - (ii) allows the seller to repurchase at its discretion; or
 - (iii) allows substitution of one loan for another;
- (22) in addition to the sale of loans secured by a first lien on real estate, to sell, pledge, discount, or otherwise dispose of, in whole or in part, to any source, a loan or group of loans, other than a self-replenishing line of credit; provided, that within a calendar year beginning January 1 the total dollar value of loans sold, other than loans secured by real estate or insured by a state or federal agency, shall not exceed 25 percent of the dollar amount of all loans and participating interests in loans held by the credit union at the beginning of the calendar year, unless otherwise authorized in writing by the commissioner;
- (23) to designate the par value of the shares of the credit union by board resolution;
- (24) to exercise by resolution the powers set forth in United States Code, title 12, section 1757, as amended through August 1, 1985. Before exercising each power, the board must submit a plan to the commissioner of commerce detailing implementation of the power to be used;
- (25) to offer self-directed individual retirement accounts and Keogh accounts and act as custodian and trustee of these accounts if:
- (1) all contributions of funds are initially made to a deposit, share or share certificate account in the credit union;
- (2) any subsequent transfer of funds to other assets is solely at the direction of the member and the credit union exercises no investment discretion and provides no investment advice with respect to plan assets; and
- (3) the member is clearly notified of the fact that National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund coverage is limited to funds held in deposit, share or share certificate accounts of National Credit Union Share Insurance Fundinsured credit unions.
 - Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 52.08, is amended to read:

52.08 ANNUAL MEETING.

At the annual meeting the credit union shall elect a board of directors of not less than five members, a supervisory committee of three members, and may elect a credit committee of not less than three members, all to hold office for the terms provided in the bylaws and until successors qualify. The credit union must have a supervisory committee. Pursuant to its bylaws, the credit union may elect a supervisory committee of not less than three members nor more than five members, or the board of directors may appoint the supervisory committee.

Some or all of the terms of office may be staggered, as provided in the bylaws. A record of the names and addresses of the members of the board and committees and the officers shall be filed with the commissioner of commerce within ten days of their election. A full-time manager of a credit union may be a director of a credit union operating under this chapter.

The organization meeting shall be the first annual meeting.

- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 52.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. PARTICULAR DUTIES. The directors shall manage the affairs of the credit union and shall:
- (1) act on applications for membership. This power may be delegated to a membership chair who serves at the pleasure of the board of directors and is subject to its rules. An application must contain a certification signed by the membership chair or a member of the board showing the basis of membership;
- (2) determine interest rates on loans and on deposits. The interest period on deposits may be on a daily, monthly, quarterly, semiannual, or annual basis, and may be paid on all deposits whether or not the deposits have been withdrawn during the interest period. Interest may be computed on a daily basis;
- (3) fix the amount of the surety bond required of all officers and employees handling money;
- (4) declare dividends and transmit to the members recommended amendments to the bylaws;
- (5) fill vacancies in the board and in the credit committee until successors are chosen and qualify at the next annual meeting;
- (6) limit the number of shares and deposits which may be owned by a member, not to exceed ten percent of the outstanding shares and deposits, or \$2,000, whichever is larger, and the maximum individual loan which can be made with and without security, including liability indirectly as a comaker, guarantor, or endorser to ten percent of outstanding shares and deposits. The ten percent share and deposit limitation is not applicable to the Minnesota corporate credit union, or to credit unions insured by the National Credit Union Administration;
- (7) have charge of investments including loans to members; unless. If a credit committee is established pursuant to section 52.08 or paragraph clause (13), then the credit committee shall have charge of loans to members;
- (8) fix the salaries of the treasurer and other employees, which must be on a fixed monthly or annual basis, in dollars (not percentage);
- (9) designate the depository institution in which the funds of the credit union will be deposited;

- (10) authorize the officers of the credit union to borrow money from any source, as provided in section 52.15;
- (11) with the permission of the commissioner of commerce, suspend any member of the credit committee or supervisory committee if it deems this action necessary to the proper conduct of the credit union, and call the members together to act on the suspension within a reasonable time after the suspension. The members at the meeting may, by majority vote of those present, sustain the suspension and remove the committee members permanently or may reinstate the committee members;
- (12) provide financial assistance to the supervisory committee in carrying out its audit responsibilities;
- (13) if the bylaws so provide and no credit committee has been elected pursuant to section 52.08, appoint a credit manager or a credit committee of not less than three members; and
 - (14) to establish different classes of shares.

Presented to the governor April 29, 1991

Signed by the governor May 1, 1991, 11:45 a.m.

CHAPTER 43-S.F.No. 6

An act relating to insurance; clarifying policy requirement provisions relating to Medicare supplement insurance plans; amending Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 62A.31, subdivision 1.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1990, section 62A.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **POLICY REQUIREMENTS.** No individual or group policy, certificate, subscriber contract or other evidence of accident and health insurance issued or delivered in this state shall be sold or issued to an individual age 65 or older covered by Medicare unless the following requirements are met:

- (a) The policy must provide a minimum of the coverage set out in subdivision 2;
- (b) The policy must cover preexisting conditions during the first six months of coverage if the insured was not diagnosed or treated for the particular condition during the 90 days immediately preceding the effective date of coverage;