ments for nonresidential child care center staff contained in the rules that were in effect on January 1, 1988, shall be the minimum qualifications until July 1, 1991.

Sec. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This act is effective the day following final enactment.

Approved April 24, 1988

CHAPTER 609—H.F.No. 1925

An act relating to education; eliminating the cap on the state university system student health service fee; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136.11, subdivision 7.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 136.11, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. STUDENT HEALTH SERVICE. The state university board shall offer health services for students at each state university. The health services may be offered either on campus or in the community nearby. The board may charge each student a health service fee in an amount not exceeding \$75 per year that the board considers appropriate. The proceeds of the fee shall be used to maintain the health service and equip and construct facilities for it. Proceeds of the fee may be used to contract for health, medical and hospitalization insurance for the students. The proceeds of the fees shall be deposited in the university activity fund and are annually appropriated to the state university board for the purposes of this subdivision.

Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 1 takes effect the day after its final enactment.

Approved April 24, 1988

CHAPTER 610-H.F.No. 2041

An act relating to agriculture; limiting ownership of agricultural land by certain corporations and limited partnerships; providing for conveyance of certain interests; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 40.43, by adding a subdivision; 500.24, subdivisions 3, 3a, 3b, 4, and 5; Minnesota Statutes 1987 Supplement, section 500.24, subdivisions 2, 6, and 7.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 40.43, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- Subd. 8. CORRECTION OF CONSERVATION EASEMENT BOUNDARY LINES. To correct errors in legal descriptions for easements obtained that affect the ownership interests in the state and adjacent landowners, the commissioner may, in the name of the state, with the approval of the attorney general, convey, without consideration, interests of the state necessary to correct legal descriptions of boundaries. The conveyance must be by quitclaim deed or release in a form approved by the attorney general.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1987 Supplement, section 500.24, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. **DEFINITIONS.** For the purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings here given them:
- (a) "Farming" means the production of (1) agricultural products; (2) livestock or livestock products; (3) milk or milk products; or (4) fruit or other horticultural products. It does not include the processing, refining, or packaging of said products, nor the provision of spraying or harvesting services by a processor or distributor of farm products. It does not include the production of timber or forest products or the production of poultry or poultry products.
- (b) "Family farm" means an unincorporated farming unit owned by one or more persons residing on the farm or actively engaging in farming.
- (c) "Family farm corporation" means a corporation founded for the purpose of farming and the ownership of agricultural land in which the majority of the voting stock is held by and the majority of the stockholders are persons or the spouses of persons related to each other within the third degree of kindred according to the rules of the civil law, and at least one of said related persons is residing on or actively operating the farm, and none of whose stockholders are corporations; provided that a family farm corporation shall not cease to qualify as such hereunder by reason of any devise or bequest of shares of voting stock.
- (d) "Authorized farm corporation" means a corporation meeting the following standards:
 - (1) its shareholders do not exceed five in number;
 - (2) all its shareholders, other than any estate are natural persons;
 - (3) it does not have more than one class of shares; and
- (4) its revenues from rent, royalties, dividends, interest and annuities does not exceed 20 percent of its gross receipts; and

- (5) shareholders holding a majority of the shares 51 percent or more of the interest in the corporation must be residing on the farm or actively engaging in farming:
- (6) the authorized farm corporation, directly or indirectly, owns or otherwise has an interest, whether legal, beneficial, or otherwise, in any title to no more than 1,500 acres of real estate used for farming or capable of being used for farming in this state; and
- (7) a shareholder of the authorized farm corporation is not a shareholder in other authorized farm corporations that directly or indirectly in combination with the authorized farm corporation own not more than 1,500 acres of real estate used for farming or capable of being used for farming in this state.
 - (e) "Agricultural land" means land used for farming.
- (f) "Pension or investment fund" means a pension or employee welfare benefit fund, however organized, a mutual fund, a life insurance company separate account, a common trust of a bank or other trustee established for the investment and reinvestment of money contributed to it, a real estate investment trust, or an investment company as defined in United States Code, title 15, section 80a-3. "Pension or investment fund" does not include a benevolent trust established by the owners of a family farm, authorized farm corporation or family farm corporation.
- (g) "Farm homestead" means a house including adjoining buildings that has been used as part of a farming operation or is part of the agricultural land used for a farming operation.
- (h) "Family farm partnership" means a limited partnership formed for the purpose of farming and the ownership of agricultural land in which the majority of the interests in the partnership is held by and the majority of the partners are persons or the spouses of persons related to each other within the third degree of kindred according to the rules of the civil law, and at least one of the related persons is residing on or actively operating the farm, and none of the partners are corporations. A family farm partnership does not cease to qualify as a family farm partnership because of a devise or bequest of interest in the partnership.
- (i) "Authorized farm partnership" means a limited partnership meeting the following standards:
- (1) it has been issued a certificate from the secretary of state or is registered with the county recorder and farming and ownership of agricultural land is stated as a purpose or character of the business;
 - (2) its partners do not exceed five in number;
 - (3) all its partners, other than an estate, are natural persons;

- (4) its revenues from rent, royalties, dividends, interest, and annuities do not exceed 20 percent of its gross receipts;
- (5) its general partners hold at least 51 percent of the interest in the land assets of the partnership and reside on the farm or are actively engaging in farming not more than 1,500 acres as a general partner in an authorized limited partnership;
- (6) its limited partners do not participate in the business of the limited partnership including operating, managing, or directing management of farming operations;
- (7) the authorized farm partnership, directly or indirectly, does not own or otherwise have an interest, whether legal, beneficial, or otherwise, in a title to more than 1,500 acres of real estate used for farming or capable of being used for farming in this state; and
- (8) a limited partner of the authorized farm partnership is not a limited partner in other authorized farm partnerships that directly or indirectly in combination with the authorized farm partnership own not more than 1,500 acres of real estate used for farming or capable of being used for farming in this state.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 500.24, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. FARMING AND OWNERSHIP OF AGRICULTURAL LAND BY CORPORATIONS RESTRICTED. No corporation of person or investment fund, or limited partnership shall engage in farming; nor shall any corporation of person or investment fund, or limited partnership, directly or indirectly, own, acquire, or otherwise obtain an interest, whether legal, beneficial or otherwise, in any title to real estate used for farming or capable of being used for farming in this state. Provided, however, that the restrictions provided in this subdivision shall do not apply to the following corporations or partnerships in clause (b) and do not apply to corporations, limited partnerships, and pension or investment funds that record its name and the particular exception under clauses (a) to (r) under which the agricultural land is owned or farmed, have a conservation plan prepared for the agricultural land, report as required under subdivision 4, and satisfy one of the following conditions under clauses (a) to (r):
 - (a) A bona fide encumbrance taken for purposes of security;
- (b) A family farm corporation or, an authorized farm corporation, a family farm partnership, or an authorized farm partnership as defined in subdivision 2 or a general partnership;
- (c) Agricultural land and land capable of being used for farming owned by a corporation as of May 20, 1973, or a pension or investment fund as of May 12, 1981, including the normal expansion of such ownership at a rate not to exceed 20 percent of the amount of land owned as of May 20, 1973, or, in the case of

a pension or investment fund, as of May 12, 1981, measured in acres, in any five-year period, and including additional ownership reasonably necessary to meet the requirements of pollution control rules;

- (d) Agricultural land operated for research or experimental purposes with the approval of the commissioner of agriculture, provided that any commercial sales from such farm shall the operation must be incidental to the research or experimental objectives of the corporation. A corporation, limited partnership, or pension or investment fund seeking to operate agricultural land for research or experimental purposes must submit to the commissioner a prospectus or proposal of the intended method of operation, containing information required by the commissioner including a copy of any operational contract with individual participants, prior to initial approval of an operation. A corporation, limited partnership, or pension or investment fund operating agricultural land for research or experimental purposes prior to the effective date of section 2 must comply with all requirements of this clause except the requirement for initial approval of the project;
- (e) Agricultural land operated by a corporation or <u>limited partnership</u> for the purpose of raising breeding stock, including embryos, for resale to farmers or operated for the purpose of growing seed, wild rice, nursery plants or sod;
- (f) Agricultural land and land capable of being used for farming leased by a corporation or limited partnership in an amount, measured in acres, not to exceed the acreage under lease to such corporation as of May 20, 1973, or to the limited partnership as of May 1, 1988, and the additional acreage required for normal expansion at a rate not to exceed 20 percent of the amount of land leased as of May 20, 1973, for a corporation or May 1, 1988, for a limited partnership in any five-year period, and the additional acreage reasonably necessary to meet the requirements of pollution control rules;
- (g) Agricultural land when acquired as a gift (either by grant or a devise) by an educational, religious or charitable nonprofit corporation or by a pension or investment fund or limited partnership; provided that all lands so acquired by a pension or investment fund, and all lands so acquired by a corporation or limited partnership which are not operated for research or experimental purposes, or are not operated for the purpose of raising breeding stock for resale to farmers or operated for the purpose of growing seed, wild rice, nursery plants or sod must be disposed of within ten years after acquiring title thereto;
- (h) Agricultural land acquired by a pension or investment fund or a corporation other than a family farm corporation or authorized farm corporation, as defined in subdivision 2, or a limited partnership other than a family farm partnership or authorized farm partnership as defined in subdivision 2, for which the corporation or limited partnership has documented plans to use and subsequently uses the land within six years from the date of purchase for a specific nonfarming purpose, or if the land is zoned nonagricultural, or if the land is located within an incorporated area. A pension or investment fund or a

corporation or limited partnership may hold such agricultural land in such acreage as may be necessary to its nonfarm business operation; provided, however, that pending the development of agricultural land for nonfarm purposes, such land may not be used for farming except under lease to a family farm unit, a family farm corporation or, an authorized farm corporation, a family farm partnership, or an authorized farm partnership, or except when controlled through ownership, options, leaseholds, or other agreements by a corporation which has entered into an agreement with the United States of America pursuant to the New Community Act of 1968 (Title IV of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968, United States Code, title 42, sections 3901 to 3914) as amended, or a subsidiary or assign of such a corporation;

- (i) Agricultural lands acquired by a pension or investment fund or a corporation or limited partnership by process of law in the collection of debts, or by any procedure for the enforcement of a lien or claim thereon, whether created by mortgage or otherwise; provided, however, that all lands so acquired be disposed of within ten years after acquiring the title if acquired before May 1, 1988, and five years after acquiring the title if acquired on or after May 1, 1988, acquiring the title thereto, and further provided that the land so acquired shall not be used for farming during the ten-year or five-year period except under a lease to a family farm unit, a family farm corporation er, an authorized farm corporation, a family farm partnership, or an authorized farm partnership. The aforementioned ten-year or five-year limitation period shall be deemed a covenant running with the title to the land against any pension or investment fund or corporate or limited partnership grantee or assignee or the successor of such pension or investment fund or corporation or limited partnership. Notwithstanding the five-year divestiture requirement under this paragraph, a financial institution may continue to own the agricultural land if the agricultural land is leased to the immediately preceding former owner, but must divest of the agricultural land within the ten-year period;
- (j) Agricultural land acquired by a corporation regulated under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1974, chapter 216B, for purposes described in that chapter or by an electric generation or transmission cooperative for use in its business, provided, however, that such land may not be used for farming except under lease to a family farm unit, or a family farm corporation, or a family farm partnership;
- (k) Agricultural land, either leased or owned, totaling no more than 2,700 acres, acquired after May 20, 1973 for the purpose of replacing or expanding asparagus growing operations, provided that such corporation had established 2,000 acres of asparagus production;
- (1) All agricultural land or land capable of being used for farming which was owned or leased by an authorized farm corporation as defined in Minnesota Statutes 1974, section 500.24, subdivision 1, clause (d) but which does not qualify as an authorized farm corporation as defined in subdivision 2, clause (d);

- (m) A corporation formed primarily for religious purposes whose sole income is derived from agriculture;
- (n) Agricultural land owned or leased by a corporation prior to August 1, 1975, which was exempted from the restriction of subdivision 3 under the provisions of Laws 1973, chapter 427, including normal expansion of such ownership or leasehold interest to be exercised at a rate not to exceed 20 percent of the amount of land owned or leased on August 1, 1975 in any five-year period and the additional ownership reasonably necessary to meet requirements of pollution control rules;
- (o) Agricultural land owned or leased by a corporation prior to August 1, 1978, including normal expansion of such ownership or leasehold interest, to be exercised at a rate not to exceed 20 percent of the amount of land owned or leased on August 1, 1978 and the additional ownership reasonably necessary to meet requirements of pollution control rules, provided that nothing herein shall reduce any exemption contained under the provisions of Laws 1975, chapter 324, section 1, subdivision 2;
- (p) An interest in the title to agricultural land acquired by a pension fund or family trust established by the owners of a family farm, authorized farm corporation or family farm corporation, but limited to the farm on which one or more of those owners or shareholders have resided or have been actively engaged in farming as required by subdivision 2, clause (b), (c), or (d);
- (q) Agricultural land owned by a nursing home located in a city with a population, according to the state demographer's 1985 estimate, between 900 and 1,000, in a county with a population, according to the state demographer's 1985 estimate, between 18,000 and 19,000, if the land was given to the nursing home as a gift with the expectation that it would not be sold during the donor's lifetime. This exemption is available until July 1, 1995;
- (r) The acreage of agricultural land and land capable of being used for farming owned and recorded by an authorized farm corporation as defined in Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 500.24, subdivision 2, paragraph (d), or a limited partnership as of May 1, 1988, including the normal expansion of the ownership at a rate not to exceed 20 percent of the land owned and recorded as of May 1, 1988, measured in acres, in any five-year period, and including additional ownership reasonably necessary to meet the requirements of pollution control rules.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 500.24, subdivision 3a, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3a. LEASE AGREEMENT; CONSERVATION PRACTICE PROTECTION CLAUSE. A corporation, pension or investment fund, or limited partnership, other than a family farm corporation of an authorized farm partnership, when leasing farm land to a family farm unit, a family farm corporation, or an authorized farm corporation, or an authorized farm corporation, or an authorized farm

partnership under provisions of subdivision 3, clause (i), must include within the lease agreement a provision prohibiting intentional damage or destruction to a conservation practice on the agricultural land.

- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 500.24, subdivision 3b, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3b. PROTECTION OF CONSERVATION PRACTICES. If a corporation, pension or investment fund, or limited partnership, other than a family farm corporation of an authorized farm corporation, a family farm partnership, or authorized farm partnership, during the period of time it holds agricultural land under subdivision 3, clause (i), intentionally destroys a conservation practice as defined in section 40.19, subdivision 5, to which the state has made a financial contribution, the corporation, pension or investment fund, or limited partnership must pay the commissioner of agriculture, for deposit in the general fund, an amount equal to the state's total contributions to that conservation practice plus interest from the time of investment in the conservation practice. Interest must be calculated at an annual percentage rate of 12 percent.
- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 500.24, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. **REPORTS.** (a) The chief executive officer of every pension or investment fund or, corporation which, or limited partnership, except a family farm corporation or a family farm limited partnership, that holds any interest in agricultural land or land used for the breeding, feeding, pasturing, growing, or raising of livestock, dairy or poultry, or products thereof, or land used for the production of agricultural crops or fruit or other horticultural products, other than a bona fide encumbrance taken for purposes of security, or which is engaged in farming or proposing to commence farming in this state after May 20, 1973, shall file with the commissioner of agriculture a report containing the following information and documents:
- (1) The name of the pension or investment fund or, corporation, or <u>limited</u> partnership and its place of incorporation, <u>certification</u>, <u>or registration</u>;
- (2) The address of the pension or investment plan headquarters or of the registered office of the corporation in this state, the name and address of its registered agent in this state and, in the case of a foreign corporation or limited partnership, the address of its principal office in its place of incorporation, certification, or registration;
- (3) The acreage and location listed by quarter-quarter section, township and county of each lot or parcel of land in this state owned or leased by the pension or investment fund, <u>limited partnership</u>, or corporation and used for the growing of crops or the keeping or feeding of poultry or livestock;
- (4) The names and addresses of the officers, administrators, directors or trustees of the pension or investment fund, or of the officers, shareholders

owning more than 10 percent of the stock, including the percent of stock owned by each such shareholder, and the members of the board of directors of the corporation, and the general and limited partners and the percentage of interest in the partnership by each partner; and

- (5) The farm products which the pension or investment fund, <u>limited partnership</u>, or corporation produces or intends to produce on its agricultural land;
- (6) With the first report, a copy of the title to the property where the farming operations are or will occur indicating the particular exception claimed under subdivision 3, clauses (a) to (r); and
- (7) With the first or second report, a copy of the conservation plan proposed by the soil and water conservation district, and with subsequent reports a statement of whether the conservation plan was implemented.

The report of a corporation seeking to qualify hereunder as a family farm corporation of, an authorized farm corporation, a family farm partnership, or authorized farm partnership shall contain the following additional information: The number of shares or the partnership interests owned by persons residing on the farm or actively engaged in farming, or their relatives within the third degree of kindred according to the rules of the civil law or their spouses; the name, address and number of shares owned by each shareholder or partnership interests owned by each partner; and a statement as to percentage of gross receipts of the corporation derived from rent, royalties, dividends, interest and annuities. No pension or investment fund, limited partnership, or corporation shall commence farming in this state until the commissioner of agriculture has inspected the report and certified that its proposed operations comply with the provisions of this section.

- (b) Every pension or investment fund, <u>limited partnership</u>, or corporation as described in clause (a) shall, prior to April 15 of each year, file with the commissioner of agriculture a report containing the information required in clause (a), based on its operations in the preceding calendar year and its status at the end of the year. A pension or investment fund, <u>limited partnership</u>, or corporation that does not file the report by April 15 must pay a \$500 civil penalty. The penalty is a lien on the land being farmed under subdivision 3 until the penalty is paid.
- (c) Failure to file a required report, or the willful filing of false information, shall constitute a gross misdemeanor.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 500.24, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. ENFORCEMENT. With reason to believe that a corporation, <u>limited partnership</u>, or pension or investment fund is violating subdivision 3, the attorney general shall commence an action in the district court in which any agricultural lands relative to such violation are situated, or if situated in two or

more counties, in any county in which a substantial part of the lands are situated. The attorney general shall file for record with the county recorder or the registrar of titles of each county in which any portion of said lands are located a notice of the pendency of the action as provided in section 557.02. If the court finds that the lands in question are being held in violation of subdivision 3, it shall enter an order so declaring. The attorney general shall file for record any such order with the county recorder or the registrar of titles of each county in which any portion of said lands are located. Thereafter, the pension or investment fund, limited partnership, or corporation owning such land shall have a period of five years from the date of such order to divest itself of such lands. The aforementioned five year limitation period shall be deemed a covenant running with the title to the land against any pension or investment fund, limited partnership, or corporate grantee or assignee or the successor of such pension or investment fund, limited partnership, or corporation. Any lands not so divested within the time prescribed shall be sold at public sale in the manner prescribed by law for the foreclosure of a mortgage by action. In addition, any prospective or threatened violation may be enjoined by an action brought by the attorney general in the manner provided by law.

- Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1987 Supplement, section 500.24, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- Subd. 6. DISPOSAL OF LAND. (a) A state or federal agency, limited partnership, or a corporation, other than a family farm corporation or an authorized farm corporation, may not lease or sell agricultural land or a farm homestead that was acquired by enforcing a debt against the agricultural land or farm homestead, including foreclosure of a mortgage, accepting a deed in lieu of foreclosure, terminating a contract for deed, or accepting a deed in lieu of terminating a contract for deed, before offering or making a good faith effort to offer the land for sale or lease to the immediately preceding former owner at a price no higher than the highest price offered by a third party that is acceptable to the seller or lessor. The offer must be made on the notice to offer form under subdivision 7. Selling or leasing property to a third party at a price is prima facie evidence that the price is acceptable to the seller or lessor.
- (b) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "a price no higher than the highest price offered by a third party" means the acceptable cash price offered by a third party or the acceptable time-price offer made by a third party. A cash price offer is one that involves simultaneous transfer of title for payment of the entire amount of the offer. If the acceptable offer made by a third party is a time-price offer, the seller or lessor must make the same time-price offer or an equivalent cash offer to the immediately preceding former owner. An equivalent cash offer is equal to the total of the payments made over a period of the time-price offer discounted by yield curve of the United States treasury notes and bonds on the first business day of the month in which the offer is personally delivered or mailed for time periods similar to the time period covered by the time-price offer, plus 2.0 percent. A time-price offer is an offer that defers payment of a portion of the price and does not involve a transfer of fee title until payment of the entire amount of the offer is made.

- (c) This subdivision applies to a seller when the property is sold and to a lessor each time the property is leased, for five years after the agricultural land is acquired except:
- (1) an offer to lease to the immediately preceding former owner is required only until the immediately preceding owner fails to accept an offer to lease the property or the property is sold; and
- (2) an offer to sell to the immediately preceding former owner is required until the property is sold.
- (d) The notice of an offer under subdivision 7 that is personally delivered with a signed receipt or sent by certified mail with a receipt of mailing to the immediately preceding former owner's last known address is a good faith offer.
- (e) This subdivision does not apply to a sale or lease that occurs after the seller or lessor has held the property for five years or longer.
- (f) For purposes of this subdivision, if the immediately preceding former owner is a bankruptcy estate the debtor in the bankruptcy is the immediately preceding owner.
- (g) The immediately preceding former owner must exercise the right to lease agricultural land or a homestead located on agricultural land in writing within 15 days after an offer to lease under this subdivision is mailed with a receipt of mailing or personally delivered. The immediately preceding former owner must exercise the right to buy the agricultural land or farm homestead located on agricultural land, in writing, within 65 days after an offer to buy under this subdivision is mailed with a receipt of mailing or is personally delivered. Within ten days after exercising the right to lease or buy by accepting the offer, the immediately preceding owner must fully perform according to the terms of the offer including paying the amounts due. A seller may sell and a lessor may lease the agricultural land or farm homestead subject to this subdivision to the third party in accordance with their lease or purchase agreement if:
- (1) the immediately preceding former owner does not accept an offer to lease or buy before the offer terminates; or
- (2) the immediately preceding former owner does not perform the obligations of the offer, including paying the amounts due, within ten days after accepting the offer.
- (h) A certificate indicating whether or not the property contains agricultural land or a farm homestead that is signed by the county assessor where the property is located and recorded in the office of the county recorder or the registrar of titles where the property is located is prima facie evidence of whether the property is agricultural land or a farm homestead.
- (i) As prima facie evidence that an offer to sell or lease agricultural land or a farm homestead has terminated, a receipt of mailing the notice under subdivi-

sion 7 and an affidavit, signed by a person authorized to act on behalf of a state, federal agency, or corporation selling or leasing the agricultural land or a farm homestead may be filed in the office of the county recorder or registrar of titles of the county where the agricultural land or farm homestead is located. The affidavit must state that:

- (1) notice of an offer to buy or lease the agricultural land or farm homestead was provided to the immediately preceding former owner at a price not higher than the highest price offered by a third party that is acceptable;
- (2) the time during which the immediately preceding former owner is required to exercise the right to buy or lease the agricultural land or farm homestead has expired;
- (3) the immediately preceding former owner has not exercised the right to buy or lease the agricultural land or farm homestead as provided in this subdivision or has accepted an offer and has not fully performed according to the terms of the offer; and
 - (4) the offer to the immediately preceding former owner has terminated.
- (j) The right of an immediately preceding former owner to receive an offer to lease or purchase agricultural land under this subdivision or to lease or purchase at a price no higher than the highest price offered by a third party that is acceptable to the seller or lessor may be extinguished or limited by an express statement signed by the immediately preceding owner that complies with the plain language requirements of section 325G.31. The right may not be extinguished or limited except by the express statement in a deed in lieu of foreclosure or in a deed in lieu of a termination of a contract for deed for the agricultural land.
- (k) The right of an immediately preceding former owner to receive an offer to lease or purchase agricultural land under this subdivision may not be assigned or transferred, but may be inherited.
- Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1987 Supplement, section 500.24, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- Subd. 7. NOTICE OF OFFER. (a) The state, a federal agency, <u>limited partnership</u>, or a corporation subject to subdivision 6 must provide a notice of an offer to sell or lease agricultural land substantially as follows, after inserting the appropriate terms within the parentheses:

"NOTICE OF OFFER TO (LEASE, BUY) AGRICULTURAL LAND

TO: (...Immediately preceding former owner...)

FROM: (...The state, federal agency, limited partnership, or

corporation subject to subdivision 6...)

DATE: (...date notice is mailed or personally delivered...)

(...The state, federal agency, <u>limited partnership</u>, or corporation...) HAS ACQUIRED THE AGRICULTURAL LAND DESCRIBED BELOW AND HAS RECEIVED AN ACCEPTABLE OFFER TO (LEASE, SELL) THE AGRICULTURAL LAND FROM ANOTHER PARTY. UNDER MINNESOTA STATUTES, SECTION 500.24, SUBDIVISION 6, AN OFFER FROM (...the state, federal agency, <u>limited partnership</u>, or corporation...) MUST BE MADE TO YOU AT A PRICE NO HIGHER THAN THE HIGHEST OFFER MADE BY ANOTHER PARTY.

THE AGRICULTURAL LAND BEING OFFERED CONTAINS APPROXIMATELY (...approximate number of acres...) ACRES AND IS INFORMALLY DESCRIBED AS FOLLOWS:

(Informal description of the agricultural land being offered that reasonably describes the land. This description does not need to be a legal description.)

(...The state, federal agency, <u>limited partnership</u>, or corporation...) OFFERS TO (SELL, LEASE) THE AGRICULTURAL LAND DESCRIBED ABOVE FOR A CASH PRICE OF \$(...cash price or equivalent cash price for lease and lease period, or cash price or equivalent cash price for sale of land...), WHICH IS NOT HIGHER THAN THE PRICE OFFERED BY ANOTHER PARTY. THE PRICE IS OFFERED ON THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

(Terms, if any, of acceptable offer)

IF YOU WANT TO ACCEPT THIS OFFER YOU MUST NOTIFY (...the state, federal agency, <u>limited partnership</u>, or corporation...) IN WRITING THAT YOU ACCEPT THE OFFER OR SIGN UNDERNEATH THE FOLLOWING PARAGRAPH AND RETURN A COPY OF THIS NOTICE BY (15 for a lease, 65 for a sale) DAYS AFTER THIS NOTICE IS PERSONALLY DELIVERED OR MAILED TO YOU. THE OFFER IN THIS NOTICE TERMINATES ON (...date of termination - 15 days for lease and 65 days for sale after date of mailing or personal delivery...).

ACCEPTANCE OF OFFER

I ACCEPT THE OFFER TO (BUY, LEASE) THE AGRICULTURAL LAND DESCRIBED ABOVE AT THE PRICE OFFERED TO ME IN THIS NOTICE. AS PART OF ACCEPTING THIS OFFER I WILL PERFORM ACCORDING TO THE TERMS OF THE OFFER, INCLUDING MAKING PAYMENTS DUE UNDER THE OFFER, WITHIN TEN DAYS AFTER THE DATE I ACCEPT THIS OFFER.

Signature of Former Owner Accepting Offer	•
Date"	

- (b) For an offer to sell, a copy of the purchase agreement containing the price and terms of the highest offer made by a third party that is acceptable to the seller and a signed affidavit by the seller affirming that the purchase agreement is true, accurate, and made in good faith must be included with the notice under this subdivision. At the seller's discretion, reference to the third party's identity may be deleted from the copy of the purchase agreement.
- (c) For an offer to lease, a copy of the lease containing the price and terms of the highest offer made by a third party that is acceptable to the lessor and a signed affidavit by the lessor affirming that the lease is true, accurate, and made in good faith must be included with the notice under this subdivision. At the lessor's discretion, reference to the third party's identity may be deleted from the copy of the lease agreement.
 - (d) The affidavit under paragraphs (b) and (c) is subject to section 609.48.

Sec. 10. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This act is effective May 1, 1988.

Approved April 24, 1988

CHAPTER 611—H.F.No. 2049

An act relating to commerce; motor vehicles; clarifying the intent of the legislature regarding certain motor vehicle coverages; regulating motor vehicle franchises; clarifying the intent of the legislature regarding cancellations, terminations, or nonrenewals; specifying unfair practices; prohibiting agreements designed to waive, nullify, or modify statutory regulation; requiring lessors to title and register vehicles; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 60A.08, by adding a subdivision; 80E.06; 80E.07; 80E.08; 80E.09; 80E.13; Minnesota Statutes 1987 Supplement, sections 65B.49, subdivision 5a; and 72A.125, by adding a subdivision; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapter 80E.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 60A.08, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:
- <u>Subd. 12.</u> EXCLUSIONS. <u>All liability policies must provide coverage for rented vehicles as required in chapter 65B.</u>

This subdivision does not apply to liability policies that the commissioner has exempted by order.

This coverage can be excess over any and all specific motor vehicle coverage that is applicable.