

nursing home administrators established pursuant to section 144A.19, the board of medical examiners created pursuant to section 147.01, the board of nursing created pursuant to section 148.181, the board of chiropractic examiners established pursuant to section 148.02, the board of optometry established pursuant to section 148.52, the board of psychology established pursuant to section 148.90, the board of dentistry established pursuant to section 150A.02, the board of pharmacy established pursuant to section 151.02, the board of ~~podiatry~~ podiatric medicine established pursuant to section 153.02, and the board of veterinary medicine, established pursuant to section 156.01.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 319A.02, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. "Professional service" means personal service rendered by a professional pursuant to a license or certificate issued by the state of Minnesota to practice medicine and surgery pursuant to sections 147.01 to 147.29, chiropractic pursuant to sections 148.01 to 148.101, nursing pursuant to sections 148.171 to 148.285, optometry pursuant to sections 148.52 to 148.62, psychology pursuant to sections 148.88 to 148.98, dentistry pursuant to sections 150A.01 to 150A.12, pharmacy pursuant to sections 151.01 to 151.40, ~~podiatry~~ podiatric medicine pursuant to sections ~~153.01~~ 1 to ~~153.15~~ 16, veterinary medicine pursuant to sections 156.001 to 156.14, architecture, engineering, surveying and landscape architecture pursuant to sections 326.02 to 326.15, accountancy pursuant to sections 326.17 to 326.23, or law pursuant to sections 481.01 to 481.17, or pursuant to a license or certificate issued by another state pursuant to similar laws.

Sec. 17. **REPEALER.**

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 153.01, subdivision 4; 153.04; 153.05; 153.06; 153.07; 153.08; 153.09; 153.13; 153.14; and 153.15, are repealed.

Approved May 14, 1987

CHAPTER 109—S.F.No. 461

An act relating to natural resources; changing certain provisions relating to the sale of state timber; eliminating laws relating to white pine blister rust control and cutting notices; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 88.49, subdivisions 5, 9, and 11; 90.031, subdivision 3; 90.041, subdivision 2; 90.101, subdivision 1; 90.14; 90.151, subdivisions 1 and 13; 90.161, subdivision 1; 90.173; and 97A.205; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18.431 to 18.436 and 88.13.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 88.49, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Changes or additions are indicated by underline, deletions by ~~strikeout~~.

Subd. 5. **CANCELLATION.** Upon the failure of the owner faithfully to fulfill and perform such contract or any provision thereof, or any requirement of sections 88.47 to 88.53, or any rule adopted by the commissioner thereunder, the commissioner may cancel the contract in the manner herein provided. The commissioner shall give to the owner, in the manner prescribed in section 88.48, subdivision 4, 60 days notice of a hearing thereon at which the owner may appear and show cause, if any, why the contract should not be canceled. The commissioner shall thereupon determine whether the contract should be canceled and make an order to that effect. Notice of the commissioner's determination and the making of the order shall be given to the owner in the manner provided in section 88.48, subdivision 4. On determining that the contract should be canceled and no appeal therefrom be taken, the commissioner shall send notice thereof to the auditor of the county and to the town clerk of the town affected and file with the recorder a certified copy of the order, who shall forthwith note the cancellation upon the record thereof, and thereupon the land therein described shall cease to be an auxiliary forest and, together with the timber thereon, become liable to all taxes and assessments that otherwise would have been levied against it had it never been an auxiliary forest from the time of the making of the contract, any provisions of the statutes of limitation to the contrary notwithstanding, less the amount of taxes paid under the provisions of section 88.51, subdivision 1, together with interest on such taxes and assessments at six percent per annum, but without penalties.

The commissioner may in like manner and with like effect cancel the contract upon written application of the owner.

The commissioner shall cancel any contract if the owner has made successful application under sections 270.31 to 270.39 inclusive, the Minnesota tree growth tax law, and has paid to the county treasurer the difference between the amount which would have been paid had the land under contract been subject to the Minnesota tree growth tax law from the date of the filing of the contract and the amount actually paid under section 88.51, subdivisions 1 and 2. If the amount which would have been paid, had the land under contract been under the Minnesota tree growth tax law from the date of the filing of the contract, is less than the amount actually paid under the contract, the cancellation shall be made without further payment by the owner.

When the execution of any contract creating an auxiliary forest shall have been procured through fraud or deception practiced upon the county board or the commissioner or any other person or body representing the state, it may be canceled upon suit brought by the attorney general at the direction of the ~~executive council~~ commissioner. This cancellation shall have the same effect as the cancellation of a contract by the commissioner.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 88.49, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

Subd. 9. **AUXILIARY FORESTS; WITHDRAWAL OF LAND FROM.**

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Land needed for other purposes may be withdrawn from an auxiliary forest as herein provided. A verified application therefor in a form prescribed by the commissioner of natural resources may be made by the owner to the county board of the county in which the land is situated, describing the land and stating the purpose of withdrawal. Like proceedings shall be had upon the application as upon an application for the establishment of an auxiliary forest, except that consideration need be given only to the questions to be determined as provided in this subdivision. If the county board shall determine that the land proposed to be withdrawn is needed and is suitable for the purposes set forth in the application, and that the remaining land in the auxiliary forest is suitable and sufficient for the purposes thereof as provided by law, the board may, in its discretion, grant the application, subject to the approval of the commissioner ~~and the executive council~~. Upon such approval a supplemental contract evidencing the withdrawal shall be executed, filed, and recorded or registered as the case may require, in like manner as an original auxiliary forest contract. Thereupon the land described in the supplemental contract shall cease to be part of the auxiliary forest, and, together with the timber thereon, shall be liable to taxes and assessments in like manner as upon cancellation of an auxiliary forest contract.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 88.49, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

Subd. 11. AUXILIARY FORESTS; TRANSFER OF TITLE; PROCEDURE ON DIVISION. The title to the land in an auxiliary forest or any part thereof is subject to transfer in the same manner as the title to other real estate, subject to the auxiliary forest contract therefor and to applicable provisions of law. In case the ownership of such a forest is divided into two or more parts by any transfer or transfers of title and the owners of all such parts desire to have the same made separate auxiliary forests, they may join in a verified application therefor to the county board of the county in which the forest is situated in a form prescribed by the commissioner of natural resources. If the county board determines that each of the parts into which the forest has been divided is suitable and sufficient for a separate auxiliary forest as provided by law, it may, in its discretion, grant the application, subject to the approval of the commissioner ~~and the executive council~~. Upon such approval, the commissioner shall prepare a new auxiliary forest contract for each part transferred, with like provisions and for the remainder of the same term as the prior contract in force for the entire forest at the time of the transfer, and shall also prepare a modification of such prior contract, eliminating therefrom the part or parts of the land transferred but otherwise leaving the remaining land subject to all the provisions of such contract. The new contract or contracts and modification of the prior contract shall be executed and otherwise dealt with in like manner as provided for an original auxiliary forest contract, but no such instrument shall take effect until all of them, covering together all parts of the forest existing before the transfer, have been executed, filed, and recorded or registered, as the case may require. Upon the taking effect of all such instruments, the owner of the forest prior to the transfer shall be divested of all rights and relieved from all liabilities

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under the contract then in force with respect to the parts transferred except such as may have existed or accrued at the time of the taking effect of such instruments, and thereafter the several tracts into which the forest has been divided and the respective owners thereof shall be subject to the new contract or contracts or the modified prior contract relating thereto, as the case may be, as provided for an original auxiliary forest contract. The provisions of this subdivision shall not supersede or affect the application of any other provision of law to any auxiliary forest which is divided by transfer of title unless the procedure herein authorized is fully consummated.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 90.031, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. ~~The executive council may compromise and settle, with the approval of the attorney general, upon terms as it may deem just, any claim of the state for casual and involuntary trespass upon state lands or timber where the full value of such timber or other materials so taken in trespass exceeds \$5,000; provided, that no claim shall be settled for less than the full value of all timber or other materials taken in casual trespass or the full amount of all actual damage or loss suffered by the state as a result. The executive council commissioner may make settlement for not less than the full value of any timber cut by lessees of state lands holding under section 92.50.~~

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 90.041, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. The commissioner may compromise and settle, with the approval of the attorney general, upon terms the commissioner deems just, any claim of the state for casual and involuntary trespass upon state lands or timber ~~where the full value of the timber or other materials taken in trespass is \$5,000 or less;~~ provided that no claim shall be settled for less than the full value of all timber or other materials taken in casual trespass or the full amount of all actual damage or loss suffered by the state as a result. The commissioner shall advise the executive council of any information acquired by the commissioner concerning any trespass on state lands, giving all details and names of witnesses and all compromises and settlements made under this subdivision.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 90.101, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. The commissioner may sell the timber on any tract of state land in lots not exceeding \$20,000 in appraised value and may determine the number of sections or fractional sections of land to be covered by any one permit issued to the purchaser of timber on state lands, or in any one contract or other instrument relating thereto. No timber shall be sold, except (1) to the highest bidder at public auction, and or (2) if unsold at public auction the commissioner may offer the timber for private sale for a period of no more than 90 days after the public auction to any person who pays the appraised value for the timber. The minimum price shall be the appraised value as fixed by the

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report of the state appraiser. All sales shall be held in the county in which the tract is located and no sale shall be held in more than one location on any one day.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 90.14, is amended to read:

90.14 AUCTION SALE PROCEDURE.

All state timber shall be offered and sold by the same unit of measurement as it was appraised. The sale shall be made to the party who (1) shall bid the highest price for all the several kinds of timber as advertised, or (2) if unsold at public auction, to the party who purchases at any sale authorized under section 90.101, subdivision 1. The purchaser at any sale of timber shall, immediately upon the approval of the bid, or, if unsold at public auction, at the time of purchase at a subsequent sale under section 90.101, subdivision 1, pay to the commissioner 25 percent of the appraised value. In case any purchaser fails to make such payment, the purchaser shall be liable therefor to the state in a civil action, and the commissioner may reoffer the timber for sale as though no bid or sale under section 90.101, subdivision 1, therefor had been made.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 90.151, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. (a) Following receipt of the down payment for state timber sold at public auction, the commissioner shall issue a numbered permit to the purchaser, in a form approved by the attorney general, by the terms of which the purchaser shall be authorized to enter upon the land, and to cut and remove the timber therein described, according to the provisions of this chapter. The permit shall be correctly dated and executed by the commissioner or agent and signed by the purchaser.

(b) The permit shall expire no later than ~~two~~ three years after the date of sale as the commissioner shall specify, and the timber shall be cut within the time specified therein. All cut timber, equipment, and buildings not removed from the land within 90 days after expiration of the permit shall become the property of the state.

(c) The commissioner may grant an additional (c) period of time not to exceed 120 days for the removal of cut timber, equipment, and buildings upon receipt of such request by the permit holder for good and sufficient reasons. No permit shall be issued to any person other than the purchaser in whose name the bid was made.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 90.151, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

Subd. 13. **PERMIT EXTENSIONS.** (a) The commissioner may grant extensions of timber permits and contracts for periods as the commissioner deems advisable, provided that:

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(1) for permits issued on or after May 15, 1975, and before the effective date of this act, the total of the extensions shall not exceed three years from the date of the expiration of the original permit; and

(2) for permits issued ~~prior to May 15, 1975~~ the total of the extensions and the original permit term shall not exceed ten years from date of issuance of the permit on or after the effective date of this act, the permit may not be extended more than two one-year periods.

(b) All extensions granted pursuant to this subdivision shall be subject to all the provisions of this chapter.

Subd. 14. INTEREST ON EXTENSIONS. (a) The commissioner shall include in each extension a condition that the purchaser shall pay to the state interest at the rate of:

(1) eight percent of the unpaid purchase price for each year of extension ~~or portion thereof~~ for an extension granted under subdivision 13, paragraph (a), clause (1); and

(2) five percent the first year of extension and 15 percent the second year of extension for an extension granted under subdivision 13, paragraph (a), clause (2).

(b) The interest shall be calculated from the beginning of the extension period to the date of the seasonal scale report of products cut ~~as~~ and computed on:

(1) the sale price of the timber cut; or

(2) if not cut, upon the official estimate ~~thereof; however,~~ of the merchantable timber not utilized under the permit.

(c) A purchaser is not required to pay interest totaling \$1 or less.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 90.161, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Except as otherwise provided by law the purchaser of any state timber, before any timber permit shall become effective for any purpose, shall within 90 days from the date of purchase give a good and valid bond to the state of Minnesota equal to the value of all timber covered or to be covered by the permit, as shown by the sale price bid therefor and the appraisal report thereof as to quantity, less the amount of any payment pursuant to section 90.14, which bond shall be conditioned upon the faithful performance by the purchaser and successors in interest of all the terms and conditions of the permit and all requirements of law in respect to such sales; and the bond shall be approved in writing by the commissioner and filed for record in the commissioner's office. In the alternative to cash and bond as provided above, but upon the same conditions, a purchaser may post bond for 100 percent of the purchase

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price and request refund of the amount of any payment pursuant to section 90.14.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 90.173, is amended to read:

90.173 PURCHASER'S OR ASSIGNEE'S CASH DEPOSIT IN LIEU OF BOND.

In lieu of filing the bond required by section 90.161 or 90.171, as security for the issuance or assignment of a timber permit the person required to file the bond may deposit with the state treasurer cash, a certified check, a cashier's check, a personal check, a postal, bank, or express money order, assignable bonds or notes of the United States, or an assignment of a bank savings account or investment certificate or an irrevocable bank letter of credit, in the same amount as would be required for a bond. If securities listed in this section are deposited, the par value of the securities shall be not less than the amount required for the timber sale bond, and the person required to file the timber sale bond shall submit an agreement authorizing the commissioner to sell or otherwise take possession of the security in the event of default under the timber sale. All of the conditions of the timber sale bond shall equally apply to the deposit with the state treasurer. In the event of a default the state may take from the deposit the sum of money to which it is entitled; the remainder, if any, shall be returned to the person making the deposit and shall bear interest at the rate determined pursuant to section 549.09 if not returned within 30 days from the date of the default. Sums of money as may be required by the state treasurer to carry out the terms and provisions of this section are appropriated from the general fund to the state treasurer for these purposes. When cash is deposited for a bond, it shall be applied to the amount due when a statement is prepared and transmitted to the permit holder pursuant to section 90.181. Any balance due to the state shall be shown on the statement and shall be paid as provided in section 90.181. Any amount of the deposit in excess of the amount determined to be due pursuant to section 90.181 shall be returned to the permit holder when a final statement is transmitted pursuant to that section. All or part of a cash bond may be withheld from application to an amount due on a nonfinal statement if it appears that the total amount due on the permit will exceed the bid price.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 97A.205, is amended to read:

97A.205 ENFORCEMENT OFFICER POWERS.

An enforcement officer is authorized to:

(1) execute and serve court issued warrants and processes relating to wild animals, wild rice, public waters, water pollution, conservation, and use of water, in the same manner as a constable or sheriff;

(2) enter any land to carry out the duties and functions of the division;

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(3) make investigations of violations of the game and fish laws;

(4) take an affidavit, if it aids an investigation;

(5) arrest, without a warrant, a person that is detected in the actual violation of the game and fish laws, a provision of chapters 84A, 85, 86A, 88 to 106A, 361, sections 89.51 to 89.61 ~~and 18.431 to 18.436~~; or 609.66, subdivision 1, clauses (1), (2), (5), and (7); and 609.68; and

(6) take an arrested person before a court in the county where the offense was committed and make a complaint.

Sec. 13. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 18.431, 18.432, 18.433, 18.434, 18.435, 18.436, and 88.13 are repealed.

Sec. 14. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This act is effective 30 days after final enactment.

Approved May 14, 1987

CHAPTER 110—S.F.No. 555

An act relating to human services; prohibiting the use of faradic shock in certain facilities; including certain aversive and deprivation procedures as abuse; amending Minnesota Statutes 1986, sections 245.825, subdivision 1; 626.556, subdivision 2; and 626.557, subdivision 2.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 245.825, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **RULES GOVERNING USE OF AVERSIVE AND DEPRIVATION PROCEDURES.** The commissioner of human services shall by October, 1983 promulgate rules governing the use of aversive and deprivation procedures in all licensed facilities and licensed services serving persons with mental retardation or related conditions, as defined in section 252.27, subdivision 1. No provision of these rules shall encourage or require the use of aversive and deprivation procedures. The rules shall prohibit: (a) the application of certain aversive or deprivation procedures in facilities except as authorized and monitored by the designated regional review committees; ~~and~~ (b) the use of aversive or deprivation procedures that restrict the consumers' normal access to nutritious diet, drinking water, adequate ventilation, necessary medical care, ordinary hygiene facilities, normal sleeping conditions, and necessary clothing; and (c) the

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