

amount with the court the petitioner may apply to the court for an order transferring title and possession of the property or properties involved from the owner to the petitioner. In all other cases, petitioner has the right to the title and possession after the filing of the award by the court appointed commissioners as follows:

(a) if appeal is waived by the parties upon payment of the award;

(b) if appeal is not waived by the parties upon payment or deposit of three-fourths of the award. The amount deposited shall be deposited by the clerk of court in an interest bearing account no later than the business day next following the day on which the amount was deposited with the court. All interest credited to the amount deposited from the date of deposit shall be paid to the ultimate recipient of the amount deposited.

Nothing in this section shall limit rights granted in section 117.155.

Sec. 2. **EFFECTIVE DATE.**

This act is effective the day following its final enactment.

Approved March 25, 1981

CHAPTER 9 — S.F.No. 13

An act relating to crimes; eliminating the power of a sentencing court to stay the revocation of the driver's license of a person convicted of driving, operating or being in physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances or a combination thereof; amending Minnesota Statutes 1980, Sections 169.121, Subdivision 5; and 609.135, Subdivision 1.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 169.121, Subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. The court may stay imposition or execution of any sentence authorized by subdivision 3 or 4, except the revocation of the driver's license, on the condition that the convicted person submit to treatment by a public or private institution or a facility providing rehabilitation for chemical dependency licensed by the department of public welfare. A stay of imposition or execution shall be in the manner provided in section 609.135. The court shall report to the commissioner of public safety any stay of imposition or execution of sentence granted under the provisions of this section.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 609.135, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Changes or additions are indicated by underline, deletions by ~~strikeout~~.

Subdivision 1. Except when a sentence of life imprisonment is required by law, or when a person is convicted of one of the crimes specified under section 609.11, subdivision 1, and had in his possession a firearm or used another dangerous weapon, any court, including a justice of the peace to the extent otherwise authorized by law, may stay imposition or execution of sentence and place the defendant on probation with or without supervision and on such terms as the court may prescribe, including restitution when practicable. The court may order the supervision to be under the probation officer of the court, or, if there is none and the conviction is for a felony, by the commissioner of corrections, or in any case by some other suitable and consenting person.

A court may not stay the revocation of the driver's license of a person convicted of violating the provisions of section 169.121.

Sec. 3. EFFECTIVE DATE.

This act is effective the day following its final enactment and applies to offenses committed after that date.

Approved March 25, 1981

CHAPTER 10 — H.F.No. 87

An act relating to commerce; clarifying the definition of a "sale of goods" as it applies to consumer credit sales to include certain terminable bailments or leases; clarifying the interests of the respective parties; providing for a certain contract provision; amending Minnesota Statutes 1980, Sections 325G.15, Subdivision 5; and 325G.16, by adding subdivisions.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 325G.15, Subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. "Sale of goods" includes, without limitation, any agreement in the form of a bailment or lease of goods if the bailee or lessee agrees to pay as compensation for use a sum substantially equivalent to or in excess of the aggregate value of the goods involved and it is agreed that the bailee or lessee will become, or for no other or a nominal consideration has the option to become, the owner of the goods upon full compliance with his obligations under the agreement. The term also includes a contract in the form of a terminable bailment or lease of goods if: (a) the bailee or lessee has the option to renew the contract by making the payments specified in the contract; (b) the contract obligates the bailor or lessor to transfer ownership of the property to

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