made, or prescribing or limiting interest rates upon loans or advances of credit, or prescribing or limiting the period for which loans or advances of credit may be made, shall be deemed to apply to loans, advances of credit or purchases made pursuant to section 47.20, subdivisions 1, 3 and 4 4a.

(1) Such institutions may invest in notes or bonds secured by mortgage or trust deed insured pursuant to section 47.20, subdivision 1, clause (2), and in securities issued by national mortgage associations;

(2) The notes, bonds and other securities herein made eligible for investment may be used wherever, by statute, collateral is required as security for the deposit of public or other funds; or deposits are required to be made with any public official or department; or an investment of capital or surplus, or a reserve or other fund, is required to be maintained consisting of designated securities.

Sec. 14. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 47.20, Subdivision 4, is repealed. Sec. 15. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Sections 1 to 14 are effective the day following final enactment.

Approved June 1, 1981

CHAPTER 352 - S.F.No. 1040

An act relating to the environment; clarifying terms, procedures, powers, and duties in the waste management act and for counties and metropolitan waste management; extending time limits for site selections and reports; providing that certain appropriations shall remain available until expended; amending Minnesota Statutes 1980, Sections 115A.03, Subdivisions 15 and 29; 115A.05, Subdivision 3; 115A.06, Subdivisions 4 and 5, and by adding a subdivision; 115A.08, Subdivisions 4, 5 and 6; 115A.09; 115A.11, Subdivision 1; 115A.19; 115A.20; 115A.21; 115A.22, Subdivisions 3 and 4; 115A.23; 115A.24; 115A.26; 115A.28, Subdivision 2; 115A.33; 115A.34; 115A.37, Subdivision 2; 115A.54, Subdivision 3; 116.07, Subdivisions 2 and 4; 116.41, Subdivision 2; 400.161; 473.149, Subdivisions 2b, 2c, 2e, and by adding a subdivision; 473.153, Subdivisions 1, 2, 3 and 6; 473.516, Subdivision 4; 473.801, by adding a subdivision; 473.803, Subdivision 1a; 473.831, Subdivisions 2, 3, 4, 5b, 8, and by adding subdivision 2; repealing Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.834, Subdivision; 4 and 5.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.03, Subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. "Intrinsic suitability" of a land area or site means that, because of based on existing data on the inherent and natural attributes, physical features, and location of the land area or site, there is no known reason why the waste facility proposed to be located in the area or site would not be likely to result in material harm to the public health and safety and natural resources and that therefore the proposed facility can cannot reasonably be expected to qualify for permits in accordance with agency rules. Agency certification of intrinsic suitability shall be based on data submitted to the agency by the proposing entity and data included by the hearing examiner in the record of any public hearing on recommended certification, and applied against criteria in agency rules and any additional criteria developed by the agency in effect at the time the proposing entity submits the site for certification.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.03, Subdivision 29, is amended to read:

Subd. 29. "Sewage sludge" means the solids and associated liquids in municipal wastewater which are encountered and concentrated by a municipal wastewater treatment plant for disposal at a sewage sludge disposal facility. Sewage sludge does not include incinerator residues and grit, scum, or screenings removed from other solids during treatment.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.05, Subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **TEMPORARY MEMBERS.** For the purposes of each project review conducted by the board under sections 115A.18 to 115A.30 and 115A.32 to 115A.39 and for the purpose of preparing and adopting the hazardous waste management plan under section 115A.11 and making decisions on the elements of the certification of need for disposal required under sections 115A.18 to 115A.30, six local representatives shall be added to the board as temporary voting members, as provided in sections 115A.22, subdivision 4, and 115A.34. The provisions of section 15.075 15.0575, subdivisions 3 and 4 relating to compensation, removal, and vacancy shall apply to temporary members except that the rate of compensation shall be \$50 per day spent on board activities and that appointments by the governor to fill vacancies shall take effect in the same manner as the original appointment.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.06, Subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. ACQUISITION OF SITES FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE FACILITIES. The board may direct the commissioner of administration to acquire by purchase, lease, condemnation, gift, or grant, any <u>permanent or</u> <u>temporary</u> right, title, and interest in and to real property, including positive and negative easements and water, air, and development rights, for sites and

buffer areas surrounding sites for hazardous waste facilities approved by the board pursuant to sections 115A.18 to 115A.30 and 115A.32 to 115A.39. Money for the acquisition of any real property and interest in real property pursuant to this subdivision shall come from the issuance of state waste management bonds in accordance with sections 115A.57 to 115A.59. The property shall be leased to the owner and operator of the hazardous waste facility located thereon at a rate sufficient to pay debt service on the bonds which provided funds used to acquire the property and to evaluate the eligibility of the property for inclusion in the inventory under section 115A.09 or candidacy under sections 115A.18 to 115A.30. Any local government unit and the commissioners of transportation, natural resources, and administration may convey or allow the use of any property for such sites and areas, subject to the rights of the holders of any bonds issued with respect thereto, with or without compensation and without an election or approval by any other government agency. Land owned by the state may be exchanged for land not owned by the state for the purpose of providing a site and buffer area for a commercial hazardous waste facility, in accordance with the provisions of section 94.341 to 94.347 and other law. The commissioner of administration may hold the property for the purposes for which it was acquired, and may lease, rent, or dispose of the property so far as not needed for such purposes, upon the terms and in the manner the commissioner deems advisable. The right to acquire lands and property rights by condemnation shall be exercised in accordance with chapter 117. The commissioner of administration may take possession of any property for which condemnation proceedings have been commenced at any time after the issuance of a court order appointing commissioners for its condemnation. Where the property is acquired through eminent domain proceedings, the land owner's compensation shall be the fair market value of the property. Where the property is acquired by means other than through eminent domain proceedings, as by direct purchase or gift, the land owner's compensation shall be determined by the agreement of the parties involved. An award of compensation in a condemnation proceeding shall not be increased or decreased by reason of any increase or decrease in the value of the property caused by its designation in the inventory of sites and buffer preferred areas under section 115A.09 or as a candidate site under sections 115A.18 to 115A.30 or its selection as a site or buffer area.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.06, Subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **RIGHT OF ACCESS.** Whenever the board or the chairperson acting on behalf of the board deems it necessary to the accomplishment of its purposes, the board or any member, employee, or agent thereof, when authorized by it or the chairperson, may enter upon any property, public or private, for the purpose of obtaining information or conducting surveys or investigations, provided that the entrance and activity is undertaken after reasonable notice and during normal business hours and provided that compen-

sation is made for any damages to the property caused by the entrance and activity. The board may pay a reasonable estimate of the damages it believes will be caused by the entrance and activity before entering any property.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.06, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 13. PRIVATE AND NON-PUBLIC DATA. Any data held by the board which consists of trade secret information as defined by section 15.1673, subdivision 1, clause (b), sales information, or any other information which, if public, would tend to adversely affect the competitive position of the subject of the data, shall be classified as private or non-public data as defined in section 15.162, subdivisions 5a and 5c if the subject of the data has certified that the data qualifies as non-public or private data under this subdivision and the chairman of the waste management board approves the classification in writing. When data is classified private or non-public pursuant to this subdivision the board may:

(a) Use the data to compile and publish analyses or summaries and to carry out its statutory responsibilities in a manner which does not identify the subject of the data; or

(b) Disclose the data when it is obligated to disclose it to comply with federal law or regulation but only to the extent required by the federal law or regulation.

The subject of data classified as private or non-public pursuant to this subdivision may authorize the disclosure of some or all of that data by the board.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.08, Subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **REPORT ON HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT; DRAFT MANAGEMENT PLAN AND CERTIFICATION OF NEED.** By January 4 August 15, 1982, the board through its chairperson shall report to the legislative commission on hazardous waste management. The report shall include at least:

(a) an evaluation of alternative disposal facilities, disposal facility technologies, and disposal facility design and operating specifications and an explanation of the preliminary design and operating specifications for disposal facilities selected for consideration under section 115A.23;

(b) an evaluation of prospects, strategies, and methods for developing commercial hazardous waste disposal facilities of various types, sizes, and functions;

(c) an evaluation of all feasible and prudent alternatives to disposal, including waste reduction, separation, pretreatment, processing, and resource recovery, and the potential of the alternatives to reduce the need for and practice of disposal;

(d) an evaluation of feasible and prudent disposal abatement objectives, along with a description of hazardous waste management methods and technologies, private and government actions, facilities and services, development schedules, revenue-raising measures, and levels of public and private expenditure and effort necessary to the achievement of those objectives.

The report shall analyze the environmental, social, and economic effects of the alternatives and methods by which unavoidable adverse effects could be mitigated. The report shall include a draft hazardous waste management plan, based on the analysis in the report and proposed for adoption pursuant to section 115A.11, and a draft certificate or certificates of need proposed for issuance under section 115A.24.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.08, Subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. REPORT ON MITIGATION OF LOCAL EFFECTS OF HAZARDOUS WASTE FACILITIES. By January 4 August 15, 1982, the board through its chairperson shall report and make recommendations to the legislative commission on methods of mitigating and compensating for the local risks, costs, and other adverse effects of various types of hazardous waste facilities and on methods of financing mitigation and compensation measures. The methods of mitigating and compensating to be considered shall include but not be limited to the following: payment outside of levy limitations in lieu of taxes for all property taken off the tax rolls: preference in reviews of applications for federal funds conducted by the metropolitan council and regional development commissions; payment of all costs to service the facilities including the cost of roads, monitoring, inspection, enforcement, police and fire, and litter clean up costs; payment for buffer zone amenities and improvement; local control over buffer zone design; a guarantee against any and all liability that may occur.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.08, Subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. PREPARATION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE REPORTS; PROCEDURES; PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT. By January 1, 1981, the board through its chairperson shall submit a proposed scope of work and work program for the hazardous waste reports required by subdivisions 4 and 5 to the legislative commission for review. During the preparation of the proposed scope of work and work plan and the reports, the board and the chairperson on behalf of the board shall encourage public debate and discussion of the issues

relating to the reports. The board and the chairperson on behalf of the board shall meet with local officials and sponsor at least one public meeting in areas of the state affected by the inventory of preferred processing facility sites areas prepared pursuant to section 115A.09. The board and the chairperson on behalf of the board shall follow the procedures set out in section 115A.22, for consulting with citizens in areas affected by the selection of candidate sites for disposal facilities. To assist it in preparing the reports required by subdivisions 4 and 5, the board through its chairperson shall make grants to each local project review committee established for a candidate site for disposal identified under sections 115A.18 to 115A.30. The grants may be used by the committee to employ staff, pay administrative expenses, or contract with affected units of government or qualified consultants. The board and the chairperson on behalf of the board shall request recommendations from the private waste management industry, the board's advisory councils, affected regional development commissions, and the metropolitan council and shall consult with them on the board's intended disposition of the recommendations. The reports of the board shall summarize the comments received and the board's response to the comments.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.09, is amended to read:

115A.09 DUTIES OF THE BOARD; INVENTORY OF PREFERRED SITES AREAS FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE PROCESSING FACILITIES.

Subdivision 1. BOARD RESPONSIBILITY. By November January 1, 1981 1982, the board shall prepare an inventory of preferred sites areas of up to ten square miles in size for commercial hazardous waste processing facilities. No preferred area may extend into more than one statutory or home rule charter city or town, but the board may propose adjoining preferred areas in adjacent cities and towns. The inventory shall include at least three sites areas for each of the following categories of processing facilities: (a) a commercial chemical processing facility for hazardous waste, (b) a commercial incineration facility for hazardous waste, and (c) a commercial transfer and storage facility for hazardous waste.

Subd. 2. EVALUATION OF SITES AREAS. The board shall not be required to promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 15 to govern its evaluation and selection of sites areas under this section. The board and the chairperson on behalf of the board shall evaluate the sites areas in consultation with the board's advisory councils, the affected counties and regions, generators of hazardous waste, and prospective facility developers. The evaluation shall consider at least the consistency of sites areas with state and federal regulations, local land use and land use controls, the protection of agriculture and natural resources, existing and future development patterns, transportation and other services appropriate to the hazardous waste facilities, the quality of other

potential sites areas, and the location of hazardous waste generators. No site shall be included in the inventory unless the agency certifies its intrinsic suitability for the use intended. No land shall be excluded from consideration for inclusion in the inventory except land determined by the agency to be intrinsically unsuitable. The agency shall prepare a report on the suitability of each proposed area for the use intended.

Subd. 3. PROCEDURES. The board shall propose the inventory of sites areas by June August 1, 1981 by publication in the state register and newspapers of general circulation in the state and by mail to each regional development commission or metropolitan council, and local government unit containing a proposed site area. Any The publications and mailing shall include notice of person objecting to the agency's certification or the board's proposal of a site for inclusion in the inventory shall have 30 days in which to request a hearing. If a hearing is requested, the hearing shall be ordered by the chairperson of the board and hearings on the board's proposal. The hearings shall be conducted by the state office of administrative hearings in a manner determined by the hearing examiner to be consistent with the completion of the proceedings and the examiner's report in the time allowed by this section. At the hearing, any county local government unit in which a site an area is proposed for inclusion in the inventory may propose an alternative site area or sites areas within the county its jurisdiction. The hearing shall afford all interested persons an opportunity to testify and present evidence on the subject of the hearing. The subject of the hearing shall be limited to information submitted by the board and additional information on the proposed area or alternative areas which is relevant to the board's decision on the areas to be included in the inventory. The rulemaking and contested case procedures of chapter 15 shall not apply to this hearing. The hearing examiner may consolidate hearings. The report of the hearing examiner shall contain findings of fact, conclusions, and recommendations on the subject of the hearing. When any site area in the inventory becomes unavailable as a hazardous waste facility site, the inventory shall be amended, in the manner of its original adoption, provided, however, that during the period when the inventory is being amended any other site area in the inventory may be reviewed and approved under sections 115A.32 to 115A.39. No action of the board shall be held invalid by reason of the board's failure to notify any of the entities listed in this subdivision.

Subd. 4. GRANTS; TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE. To assist counties participating in the inventory required by this section, the board through its chairperson may make grants to the counties to be used to employ staff, pay administrative expenses, or contract with qualified consultants. The board through its chairperson shall ensure the delivery to the counties of technical information and assistance by appropriate state agencies.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.11, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. CONTENTS. By May + December 15, 1982, the board shall adopt a hazardous waste management plan. The plan shall include at least the following elements:

(a) an estimate of the types and volumes of hazardous waste which will be generated in the state through the year 2000;

(b) specific and quantifiable objectives for reducing to the greatest feasible and prudent extent the need for and practice of disposal, through waste reduction, pretreatment, processing, and resource recovery;

(c) a description of the minimum disposal capacity and capability needed to be developed within the state for use through the year 2000, based on the achievement of the objectives under clause (b).

The plan shall require the establishment of at least one commercial disposal facility in the state. The board may make the implementation of elements of the plan contingent on actions of the legislature which have been recommended in the reports submitted pursuant to section 115A.08.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.19, is amended to read:

115A.19 PROCEDURE NOT EXCLUSIVE.

Except as provided in Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.21, Subdivision 1, the procedure established by sections 115A.18 to 115A.30 for the permitting of hazardous waste disposal facilities shall not preclude the issuance of permits by the agency pursuant to section 116.07 for disposal facilities at sites not reviewed under sections 115A.18 to 115A.30.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.20, is amended to read:

115A.20 EVALUATION OF SITES.

The board shall not be required to promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 15 to govern its evaluation and selection of sites for commercial disposal facilities under sections 115A.18 to 115A.30, nor shall the agency be required to promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 15 on criteria and standards to govern its certification of intrinsic suitability of sites for commercial disposal facilities under sections 115A.18 to 115A.30. In evaluating and selecting sites for disposal facilities, the board shall consider at least the following factors:

(a) economic feasibility, including proximity to concentrations of generators of the types of hazardous wastes likely to be proposed and permitted for disposal;

(b) intrinsic suitability of the sites;

(c) federal and state pollution control and environmental protection rules;

(d) the risk and effect for local residents, units of government, and the local public health, safety, and welfare, including such dangers as an accidental release of wastes during transportation to a facility or at a facility, water, air, and land pollution, and fire or explosion;

(e) the consistency of a facility with, and its effect on, existing and planned local land use and development; local laws, ordinances, and permits; and local public facilities and services;

(f) the adverse effects of a facility at the site on agriculture and natural resources and opportunities to mitigate or eliminate such adverse effects by stipulations, conditions, and requirements respecting the design and operation of a disposal facility at the proposed site.

No land shall be excluded from consideration except land determined by the agency to be intrinsically unsuitable for the use intended.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.21, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. SELECTION. By August 1, 1981 March 15, 1982, the board shall select six locations in the state, no more than one site per county, as candidate sites for commercial disposal facilities for hazardous waste. No location shall be selected as a candidate site unless the agency certifies its intrinsic suitability for the use intended. The board shall consult with the agency and the private waste management industry in selecting candidate sites. Any sites proposed in applications for permits for disposal facilities being reviewed by the agency on August 1, 1981, may be included by the board as candidate sites, provided the agency certifies the intrinsic suitability of the sites. The agency shall suspend its review of any permit application being reviewed by the board for inclusion as a candidate site until the site is eliminated from consideration as a candidate site.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.21, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **PROCEDURE.** As soon as practicable, the board through its chairperson shall publish a request soliciting proposals and permit applications for hazardous waste disposal facilities from potential developers and operators of such facilities. Notice of the request shall be published in the state register and newspapers of general circulation in the state and shall be transmitted to all regional development commissions, the metropolitan council, and all counties in the state. The board may select conceptual design and operating specifications for a variety of hazardous waste disposal facilities in sufficient detail and extent in the judgment of the board to assist the evaluation of sites and the selection of candidate sites. By November 1, 1980, the board through its chairperson shall notify each regional development commission, or the metropolitan council, and each local government unit within whose jurisdic-

tion the board intends to search for candidate sites. The notification shall explain the selection of the jurisdiction as a search area; shall summarize any conceptual specifications and the evaluation factors, criteria, standards, and procedures the board intends to use in selecting candidate sites; and shall describe the relationship of the candidate site selection process to the other review procedures under sections 115A.18 to 115A.30 and the hazardous waste reports and plans required under sections 115A.04 to 115A.15. The notification shall request recommendations and suggestions from each such commission, the metropolitan council, and local government unit on the criteria, standards, and procedures the board should use in selecting candidate sites within the time allowed. The board through its chairperson shall make a written response to any recommendations, explaining its disposition of the recommendations. The board shall provide to the agency data relating to the intrinsic suitability of the sites to be proposed as candidate sites as soon as available but no later than November 1, 1981. By May + November 15, 1981, the board shall propose at least six locations as candidate sites, and the director of the agency shall issue a notice indicating which of those sites the director recommends be certified as intrinsically suitable and. The board through its chairperson and the director shall publish notice of hearings on the board's proposal and the director's recommendations. Notice shall be published in the state register and newspapers of general circulation in the state and shall notify be sent by mail to all regional development commissions, or the metropolitan council, and to local government units containing a proposed candidate site. Any person objecting to the agency's certification or the board's proposal of a site for candidacy shall have 30 days in which to request a hearing. If a hearing is requested, the hearing shall be ordered by the chairperson of the board and The hearings shall be conducted by the state office of administrative hearings in a manner consistent with the completion of the proceedings and the hearing examiner's report to the agency and board in the time allowed by this section. The hearing shall afford all interested persons an opportunity to testify and present evidence on the subject of the hearing. The subject of the hearing shall be limited to information submitted by the board and additional information on the proposed sites which is relevant to the board's decision on candidate sites and the agency's decision on intrinsic suitability. The rulemaking and contested case procedures of chapter 15 shall not apply to this hearing. The hearing examiner may consolidate hearings. The report of the hearing examiner shall contain findings of fact, conclusions, and recommendations on the subject of the hearing. The agency shall make a final determination as to the intrinsic suitability of each proposed site and shall certify sites accordingly by March 1, 1982. No action of the board or agency shall be held invalid by reason of the board's or agency's failure to notify any of the entities listed in this subdivision.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.21, Subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. MORATORIUM. In order to permit the comparative evaluation of sites and the participation of affected localities in decisions about the use of sites, a moratorium is hereby imposed as provided in this subdivision on all development, except hazardous waste facilities, within each proposed or candidate site identified pursuant to this section and in a buffer area identified by the board surrounding and at least equal in area to the site. The moratorium on candidate sites and buffer areas shall extend until six months following final action of the board pursuant to sections 115A.18 to 115A.30. No development shall be allowed to occur within a proposed site or buffer area during the period of the moratorium without the approval of the board. No land use control of any political subdivision shall permit development which has not been approved by the board, nor shall any political subdivision sanction or approve any subdivision, permit, license, or other authorization which would allow development to occur which has not been approved by the board. The board shall not approve actions which would jeopardize the availability of a candidate site for use as a hazardous waste facility. The board may establish guidelines for reviewing requests for approval under this subdivision. The guidelines shall not be subject to the rule-making provisions of chapter 15. Requests for approval shall be submitted in writing to the chairperson of the board and shall be deemed to be approved by the board unless the chairperson otherwise notifies the submitter in writing within 15 days.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.22, Subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. MEMBERSHIP ON LOCAL COMMITTEES. By September 1, 1981 April 15, 1982, the governor shall appoint the chairperson and members of each local project review committee, ensuring a balanced representation of all parties with a legitimate and direct interest in the outcome of the project review. The governor shall consult particularly with affected local units of government before selecting members. Members may be added to the local committee from time to time by the governor.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.22, Subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. APPOINTMENT OF TEMPORARY BOARD MEMBERS. By October 1, 1981 May 15, 1982, each local committee shall select a temporary board member to be added to the board for the purposes of the reports, certifications, and review conducted under sections 115A.18 to 115A.30. If a local committee fails to appoint a temporary board member within 45 days after the appointment of the committee the governor shall appoint a temporary board member to represent the committee on the board. Temporary board members may be members of the local project review committee, and they shall be residents of the county where the candidate site is located. Temporary

board members shall serve for terms lasting until the board has taken final action pursuant to section 115A.28 and, in the case of members representing the site or sites finally chosen for the facility, until the commencement of the operation of the facility at that site.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.23, is amended to read:

115A.23 DISPOSAL FACILITIES; PRELIMINARY DESIGN AND OPERATING SPECIFICATIONS.

By January 4 August 15, 1982, the board shall select, for further study and consideration, design and operating specifications for a variety of disposal facilities for hazardous waste in sufficient detail and extent in the judgment of the agency to allow the agency to begin preparing an environmental impact statement on the alternative facilities at each of the candidate sites pursuant to section 115A.25. The preliminary design and operating specifications shall not be final and shall not preclude the consideration of other specifications nor foreclose the subsequent addition by the board of other disposal facility alternatives.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.24, is amended to read:

115A.24 CERTIFICATION OF NEED.

Subdivision 1. CERTIFICATE. Except as provided in subdivision 2, by May 4 December 15, 1982, on the basis of and consistent with its hazardous waste management plan adopted under section 115A.11, the board shall issue a certificate or certificates of need for disposal facilities for hazardous wastes in the state. The certificate or certificates shall indicate the types and volumes of waste for which disposal facilities are and will be needed through the year 2000 and the number, types, sizes, general design and operating specifications, and function or use of the disposal facilities needed in the state. The board shall certify need only to the extent that the board has determined that there are no feasible and prudent alternatives including waste reduction, separation, pretreatment, processing, and resource recovery which would minimize adverse impact upon natural resources, provided that the board shall require the establishment of at least one commercial disposal facility in the state. Economic considerations alone shall not justify certification nor the rejection of alternatives. Alternatives that are speculative and conjectural shall not be deemed to be feasible and prudent. The certificate or certificates shall not be subject to the provisions of chapter 15 but shall be the final determination required on the matters decided by the certificate or certificates and shall have the force and effect of law. The certificate or certificates shall not be amended for five years. The board and the permitting agencies, in reviewing and selecting sites, completing environmental impact statements, and issuing ap-

provals and permits for waste disposal facilities described in the certificate or certificates of need, shall not reconsider matters determined in the certification. The board and the permitting agencies shall be required to make a final decision approving the establishment of facilities consistent with the certification. The board and the permitting agencies shall be required to make a final decision approving the establishment of at least one commercial disposal facility for hazardous waste in the state.

<u>Subd. 2.</u> CONDITION. No certificate or certificates of need for disposal facilities for hazardous waste shall be issued by the board pursuant to subdivision 1 unless legislation is enacted to:

(a) Define the liability of owners and operators of disposal facilities and generators and other persons responsible for the disposal of hazardous waste;

(b) Provide the appropriate units of state or local government with the capability to clean up disposal sites or take other action to mitigate an imminent or substantial danger to public health or welfare or the environment from the disposal of hazardous waste; and

(c) Provide for the payment of the state's share of costs incurred pursuant to the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, Public Law 96-510, as amended, as required by that act as a match to federal moneys.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.26, is amended to read:

115A.26 AGENCIES; PERMIT CONDITIONS.

Within 60 days following the acceptance determination of adequacy of the final environmental impact statement, and after consulting with the board, facility developers, affected local government units, and the local project review committees, each permitting state agency shall issue a notice of intent to issue permits, indicating the terms, conditions, and requirements of agency approval for all permits needed at each candidate site for the establishment of the facilities described in the board's certification of need. The agency decisions shall be consistent with the establishment of facilities in accordance with the certification of need.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.28, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. BOARD'S DECISION PARAMOUNT. The board's decision under subdivision I shall be final and shall supersede and preempt requirements of state agencies and political subdivisions, excepting only and the requirements of sections 473H.02 to 473H.17; except that a facility established pursuant to the decision shall be subject to those terms, conditions, and requirements of permitting agencies embodied in the board's decision and

except as provided in any requirements imposed pursuant to subdivision 3. The permitting agencies shall issue permits within 60 days following and in accordance with the board's final decision, and all permits shall conform to the terms, conditions, and requirements of the board's decision. No charter provision, ordinance, regulation, permit, or other requirement of any state agency or political subdivision shall prevent or restrict the establishment, operation, expansion, continuance, or closure of a facility in accordance with the final decision of the board and permits issued pursuant thereto.

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.33, is amended to read:

115A.33 ELIGIBILITY; REQUEST FOR REVIEW.

The following persons shall be eligible to request supplementary review by the board pursuant to sections 115A.32 to 115A.39: (a) a generator of sewage sludge within the state who has been issued permits by the agency for a facility to dispose of sewage sludge or solid waste resulting from sewage treatment; (b) a political subdivision which has been issued permits by the agency, or a political subdivision acting on behalf of a person who has been issued permits by the agency, for a solid waste facility which is no larger than 250 acres, not including any proposed buffer area, and located outside the metropolitan area; (c) a generator of hazardous waste within the state who has been issued permits by the agency for a hazardous waste facility to be owned and operated by the generator, on property owned by the generator, and to be used by the generator for managing the hazardous wastes produced by the generator only; (d) a person who has been issued permits by the agency for a commercial hazardous waste processing facility at a site included in the board's inventory of preferred sites for such facilities adopted pursuant to section 115A.09; (e) a person who has been issued permits by the agency for a disposal facility for the nonhazardous sludge, ash, or other solid waste generated by a permitted hazardous waste processing facility operated by the person. The metropolitan waste control commission shall not be eligible to request review under clause (a) for a sewage sludge disposal facility. The metropolitan waste control commission shall not be eligible to request review under clause (a) for a solid waste facility with a proposed permitted life of longer than four years. The board may require completion of a plan conforming to the requirements of section 115A.46, before granting review under clause (b). A request for supplementary review shall show that the required permits for the facility have been issued by the agency and that a political subdivision has refused to approve the establishment or operation of the facility.

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.34, is amended to read:

115A.34 APPOINTMENT OF TEMPORARY BOARD MEMBERS.

Within 45 days of the submission of a request determined by the board to satisfy the requirements for review under sections 115A.32 to 115A.39, temporary board members shall be added to the board for the purpose of the supplementary review. Three members shall be selected by the governing body of the city or town in which the chairperson of the waste management board determines the facility would be principally located, and three members shall be selected by the governing body of the county in which the chairperson of the waste management board determines the proposed facility would be principally located. If the proposed facility is located in unorganized territory, all six members shall be selected by the governing board of the county. Temporary members shall be residents of the county in which the proposed facility would be located and shall be selected to represent broadly the local interests that would be directly affected by the proposed facility. At least one member appointed by the city or town shall live within one mile of the proposed facility, and at least one member appointed by the county shall be a resident of a city or town in which the proposed facility would be located. If the appointing authority fails to appoint temporary board members in the period allowed, the governor shall appoint the temporary members to represent the local interests in accordance with this section. Temporary board members shall serve for terms lasting until the board has taken final action on the facility.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.37, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. DECISION PARAMOUNT. The decision of the board to approve a facility shall be final and shall supersede and preempt requirements of state agencies and political subdivisions, excepting only and the requirements of sections 473H.02 to 473H.17; except that the facility shall be subject to those terms, conditions, and requirements of permitting agencies embodied in the board's approval and except as provided in any requirements imposed pursuant to subdivision 3. The permitting agencies shall issue or amend the permits for the facility within 60 days following and in accordance with the final decision of the board, and all permits shall conform to the terms, conditions, and requirements of the board's decision. No charter provision, ordinance, regulation, permit, or other requirement of any state agency or political subdivision shall prevent or restrict the establishment, operation, expansion, continuance, or closure of the facility in accordance with the final decision of the board and permits issued pursuant thereto.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 115A.54, Subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. OBLIGATIONS OF RECIPIENT. No grant or loan for any project shall be disbursed until the governing body of the recipient has made an irrevocable undertaking, by resolution, to use all funds made available exclu-

sively for the capital cost of the project and to pay any additional amount by which the cost of the project exceeds the estimate by appropriation to the construction fund of additional funds or proceeds of additional bonds of the recipient. The resolution shall also indicate that any subsequent withdrawal of allocated or additional funds of the recipient will impair the obligation of contract between the state of Minnesota, the recipient, and the bondholders. The resolution shall pledge payment to the debt service account of all revenues of the project to the extent that they exceed costs and shall also obligate the recipient to levy a tax sufficient to make timely payments under the loan agreement, if a deficiency occurs in the amount of user charges, taxes, special assessments, or other moneys pledged for payment under the loan agreement. Each loan made to a recipient shall be secured by resolutions adopted by the board and the governing body of the recipient, obligating the recipient to repay the loan to the state treasurer in annual installments including both principal and interest. Installments shall be in an amount sufficient to pay the principal amount within the period required by the agency board. The interest on the loan shall be calculated on the declining balance at a rate not less than the average annual interest rate on the state bonds of the issue from which proceeds of the loan were made. The resolution shall obligate the recipient to provide money for the repayment from user charges, taxes, special assessments or any other funds available to it.

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 116.07, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. ADOPTION OF STANDARDS. The pollution control agency shall improve air quality by promoting, in the most practicable way possible, the use of energy sources and waste disposal methods which produce or emit the least air contaminants consistent with the agency's overall goal of reducing all forms of pollution. The agency shall also adopt standards of air quality, including maximum allowable standards of emission of air contaminants from motor vehicles, recognizing that due to variable factors, no single standard of purity of air is applicable to all areas of the state. In adopting standards the pollution control agency shall give due recognition to the fact that the quantity or characteristics of air contaminants or the duration of their presence in the atmosphere, which may cause air pollution in one area of the state, may cause less or not cause any air pollution in another area of the state, and it shall take into consideration in this connection such factors, including others which it may deem proper, as existing physical conditions, zoning classifications, topography, prevailing wind directions and velocities, and the fact that a standard of air quality which may be proper as to an essentially residential area of the state, may not be proper as to a highly developed industrial area of the state. Such standards of air quality shall be premised upon scientific knowledge of causes as well as effects based on technically substantiated criteria and commonly accepted practices. No local government unit shall set standards of air quality which are more stringent than those set by the pollution control agency.

The pollution control agency shall promote solid waste disposal control by encouraging the updating of collection systems, elimination of open dumps, and improvements in incinerator practices. The agency shall also adopt standards for the control of the collection, transportation, storage, processing, and disposal of solid waste and the disposal of sewage sludge for the prevention and abatement of water, air and land pollution, recognizing that due to variable factors, no single standard of control is applicable to all areas of the state. In adopting standards, the pollution control agency shall give due recognition to the fact that elements of control which may be reasonable and proper in densely populated areas of the state may be unreasonable and improper in sparsely populated or remote areas of the state, and it shall take into consideration in this connection such factors, including others which it may deem proper, as existing physical conditions, topography, soils and geology, climate, transportation, and land use. Such standards of control shall be premised on technical criteria and commonly accepted practices.

The pollution control agency shall also adopt standards describing the maximum levels of noise in terms of sound pressure level which may occur in the outdoor atmosphere, recognizing that due to variable factors no single standard of sound pressure is applicable to all areas of the state. Such standards shall give due consideration to such factors as the intensity of noises, the types of noises, the frequency with which noises recur, the time period for which noises continue, the times of day during which noises occur, and such other factors as could affect the extent to which noises may be injurious to human health or welfare, animal or plant life, or property, or could interfere unreasonably with the enjoyment of life or property. In adopting standards, the pollution control agency shall give due recognition to the fact that the quantity or characteristics of noise or the duration of its presence in the outdoor atmosphere, which may cause noise pollution in one area of the state, may cause less or not cause any noise pollution in another area of the state, and it shall take into consideration in this connection such factors, including others which it may deem proper, as existing physical conditions, zoning classifications, topography, meteorological conditions and the fact that a standard which may be proper in an essentially residential area of the state, may not be proper as to a highly developed industrial area of the state. Such noise standards shall be premised upon scientific knowledge as well as effects based on technically substantiated criteria and commonly accepted practices. No local governing unit shall set standards describing the maximum levels of sound pressure which are more stringent than those set by the pollution control agency.

The pollution control agency shall adopt standards for the identification of hazardous waste and for the management, identification, labeling, classification, storage, collection, transportation, processing, and disposal of hazardous waste, recognizing that due to variable factors, a single standard of hazardous waste control may not be applicable to all areas of the state. In adopting standards, the pollution control agency shall recognize that elements of control

which may be reasonable and proper in densely populated areas of the state may be unreasonable and improper in sparsely populated or remote areas of the state. The agency shall consider existing physical conditions, topography, soils, and geology, climate, transportation and land use. Standards of hazardous waste control shall be premised on technical knowledge, and commonly accepted practices. No local government unit shall set standards of hazardous waste control which are in conflict or inconsistent with those set by the pollution control agency.

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 116.07, Subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. RULES AND STANDARDS. Pursuant and subject to the provisions of chapter 15, and the provisions hereof, the pollution control agency may adopt, amend and rescind rules and standards having the force of law relating to any purpose within the provisions of Laws 1969, Chapter 1046, for the prevention, abatement, or control of air pollution. Any such rule or standard may be of general application throughout the state, or may be limited as to times, places, circumstances, or conditions in order to make due allowance for variations therein. Without limitation, rules or standards may relate to sources or emissions of air contamination or air pollution, to the quality or composition of such emissions, or to the quality of or composition of the ambient air or outdoor atmosphere or to any other matter relevant to the prevention, abatement, or control of air pollution.

Pursuant and subject to the provisions of chapter 15, and the provisions hereof, the pollution control agency may adopt, amend, and rescind rules and standards having the force of law relating to any purpose within the provisions of Laws 1969, Chapter 1046, for the collection, transportation, storage, processing, and disposal of solid waste and the prevention, abatement, or control of water, air, and land pollution which may be related thereto, and the deposit in or on land of any other material that may tend to cause pollution. The agency shall adopt such rules and standards for the disposal of sewage sludge, addressing the intrinsic suitability of land, the volume and rate of application of sewage sludge of various degrees of intrinsic hazard, design of disposal facilities, and operation of disposal facilities and disposal sites. The agency shall promulgate temporary rules for sewage sludge disposal pursuant to section 15.0412, subdivision 5. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 15.0412, subdivision 5, the temporary rules shall be effective until permanent rules are promulgated or March 1, 1982, whichever is earlier. Any such rule or standard may be of general application throughout the state or may be limited as to times, places, circumstances, or conditions in order to make due allowance for variations therein. Without limitation, rules or standards may relate to collection, transportation, processing, disposal, equipment, location, procedures, methods, systems or techniques or to any other matter relevant to the prevention, abatement or control of water, air, and land pollution which may be

advised through the control of collection, transportation, processing, and disposal of solid waste and the disposal of sewage sludge, and the deposit in or on land of any other material that may tend to cause pollution.

Pursuant and subject to the provisions of chapter 15, and the provisions hereof, the pollution control agency may adopt, amend and rescind rules and standards having the force of law relating to any purpose within the provisions of Laws 1971, Chapter 727, for the prevention, abatement, or control of noise pollution. Any such rule or standard may be of general application throughout the state, or may be limited as to times, places, circumstances or conditions in order to make due allowances for variations therein. Without limitation, rules or standards may relate to sources or emissions of noise or noise pollution, to the quality or composition of noises in the natural environment, or to any other matter relevant to the prevention, abatement, or control of noise pollution.

As to any matters subject to this chapter, local units of government may set emission regulations with respect to stationary sources which are more stringent than those set by the pollution control agency.

Pursuant to chapter 15, the pollution control agency may adopt, amend, and rescind rules and standards having the force of law relating to any purpose within the provisions of this chapter for the management, identification, labeling, classification, storage, collection, treatment, transportation, processing, and disposal of hazardous waste and location of hazardous waste facilities. A rule or standard may be of general application throughout the state or may be limited as to time, places, circumstances, or conditions. The public utilities commission, in cooperation with the pollution control agency, shall set standards for the transportation of hazardous waste in accordance with chapter 221. In implementing its hazardous waste rules, the pollution control agency shall give high priority to providing planning and technical assistance to hazardous waste generators. The agency shall assist generators in investigating the availability and feasibility of both interim and long term hazardous waste management methods. The methods shall include waste reduction, waste separation, waste processing, resource recovery, and temporary storage.

The pollution control agency shall give highest priority in the consideration of permits to authorize disposal of diseased shade trees by open burning at designated sites to evidence concerning economic costs of transportation and disposal of diseased shade trees by alternative methods.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 116.41, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. TRAINING AND CERTIFICATION PROGRAMS. The agency shall develop standards of competence for persons operating and inspecting various classes of disposal facilities. The agency shall conduct training programs for persons operating facilities for the disposal of waste and

for inspectors of such facilities, and may charge such fees as are necessary to cover the actual costs of the training programs.

The agency shall require operators and inspectors of such facilities to obtain from the agency a certificate of competence. The agency shall conduct examinations to test the competence of applicants for certification, and shall require that certificates be renewed at reasonable intervals. The agency may charge such fees as are necessary to cover the actual costs of receiving and processing applications, conducting examinations, and issuing and renewing certificates. Certificates shall not be required for a private individual for landspreading and associated interim and temporary storage of sewage sludge on property owned or farmed by that individual.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 400.161, is amended to read:

400.161 HAZARDOUS WASTE REGULATIONS.

The county may by ordinance establish and revise rules, regulations, and standards relating to (a) identification of hazardous waste, (b) the labeling and classification of hazardous waste, (c) the collection, transportation, processing, disposal, and storage of hazardous waste, (d) other matters as may be determined necessary for the public health, welfare and safety. The county may issue permits or licenses for hazardous waste generation and may require the generators be registered with a county office. The ordinance may require appropriate procedures for the payment by the generator of any costs incurred by the county in completing such procedures. If the generator fails to complete such procedures, the county may recover the costs of completion in a civil action in any court of competent jurisdiction or, in the discretion of the board, the costs may be certified to the county auditor as a special tax against the land as other taxes are collected. The ordinance may be enforced by injunction, action to compel performance, or other action in district court. Any ordinance under this section shall embody standards and requirements established by rule of the agency. County hazardous waste ordinances shall embody and be consistent with agency hazardous waste rules. Counties shall submit adopted ordinances to the agency for review. In the event that agency rules are modified, each county shall modify its ordinances accordingly and shall submit the modification to the agency for review within 120 days. Issuing, denying, modifying, imposing conditions upon, or revoking permits pursuant to the provisions of this section or licenses and county hazardous waste regulations promulgated hereunder and ordinances shall be subject to review, denial, suspension, modification, and reversal by the pollution control agency. The pollution control agency shall after written notification have 15 days in the case of hazardous waste permits and licenses and 30 days in the case of hazardous waste ordinances to review, deny, suspend, modify, or reverse the action of the county. After 15 days this period, the action of the county board shall be final subject to appeal to the district court as provided in section 115.05.

Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.149, Subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

Subd. 2b. INVENTORY OF SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL SITES. By October 1, 1981 February 1, 1982, the council shall adopt by resolution an inventory of eligible solid waste disposal sites and buffer areas within the metropolitan area. The council's inventory shall be composed of the sites and buffer areas proposed by the counties and reviewed and approved by the council pursuant to section 473.803, subdivision 1a. If a county does not have an approved inventory, the council shall adopt the required inventory for the council deems appropriate. The council's inventory shall satisfy all requirements and standards described in section 473.803, subdivision 1a, for sites and buffer areas proposed by counties. For sites and buffer areas included in the council's inventory, the moratorium imposed under section 473.803, subdivision 1a, shall extend until October 1, 1983.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.149, Subdivision 2c, is amended to read:

Subd. 2c. REPORT ON LOCAL EFFECTS OF SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITIES; REPORT TO LEGISLATURE. By January 4 August 15, 1982, the council shall report to the legislative commission on methods of mitigating and compensating for the local risks, costs, and other adverse effects of solid waste disposal facilities and on methods of financing mitigation and compensation measures. The methods of mitigating and compensating to be considered shall include but not be limited to the following: payment outside of levy limitations in lieu of taxes for all property taken off the tax rolls; preference for the city or town containing a facility in federal A-95 reviews conducted by the council; payment of all costs to service the facilities including the costs of roads, monitoring, inspection, enforcement, police and fire, and litter clean up costs; payment for buffer zone amenities and improvements; city or town control over buffer zone design; elimination of the tipping charge for solid waste collected in the city or town; a guarantee against any and all liability that may occur; payment for reclamation of closed sites to local design specifications.

Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.149, Subdivision 2e, is _ amended to read:

Subd. 2e. SOLID WASTE DISPOSAL FACILITIES DEVELOP-MENT SCHEDULE. By January 1, 1983, after requesting and considering recommendations from the counties, cities, and towns, the council as part of its policy plan shall determine the number of sites to be acquired within each metropolitan county for solid waste disposal facilities in accordance with section 473.833. The council shall adopt a schedule for development of - disposal facilities by each such county through the year 2000. The schedule

shall be based upon the council's reduced estimate of the disposal capacity needed because of the council's land disposal abatement plan. The schedule may include procedures to be used by counties in selecting sites for acquisition pursuant to section 473.833. The schedule shall include standards and procedures for council certification of need pursuant to section 473.823. The schedule shall include a facility closure schedule and plans for post-closure management and disposition, for the use of property after acquisition and before facility development, and for the disposition of property and development rights, as defined in section 473.833, no longer needed for disposal facilities. The schedule shall also include a closure schedule and plans for post-closure management for facilities in existence prior to January 1, 1983.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.149, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. RIGHT OF ACCESS. Whenever the council deems it necessary to the evaluation of a disposal site or buffer area under chapter 473, the council or any member, employee, or agent thereof, when authorized by it, may enter upon any public or private property for the purpose of obtaining information or conducting surveys or investigations if the entrance and activity are undertaken after reasonable notice and during normal business hours. The council shall compensate for any damage to the property caused by the entrance and activity.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.153, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. FACILITIES REQUIRED. Except as provided in subdivision 7 and section 115A.33, all sewage sludge disposal facilities and facilities for the disposal of solid waste generated by the metropolitan waste control commission shall be established and operated in accordance with this section and section 473.516. The council and the commission shall establish at least one facility for sewage sludge disposal and at least one facility for solid waste disposal the facilities needed for the disposal of sewage sludge and solid waste generated by the commission. The council and the commission shall establish at least one facility.

Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.153, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. CANDIDATE SITE SELECTION. By July December ± 15 , 1981, the council shall select three six candidate sites for the disposal of the commission's sewage sludge and three candidate sites for the disposal of the commission's solid waste, together with appropriate surrounding buffer areas. The council shall evaluate sites for candidacy on the basis of at least the following factors: local land use and land use controls, the protection of agriculture and natural resources, existing and future development patterns,

transportation facilities, distance from the points of generation, and the intrinsic suitability of sites compared with other potential sites. Notwithstanding any plan, charter provision, law, ordinance, regulation. or other requirement of the council, counties, or local units of government, no land shall be excluded from consideration for candidacy except land determined by the agency to be intrinsically unsuitable. No site shall be selected for candidacy unless the agency certifies its apparent intrinsic suitability for the use intended, based on preliminary environmental analysis and on-site surveys and investigations conducted by the agency council. The council shall provide to the agency data relating to the intrinsic suitability of the sites to be proposed as candidate sites as soon as available but no later than August 15, 1981. By September 1, 1981, the council shall propose at least six locations as candidate sites and the director of the agency shall issue a notice indicating which of those sites the director recommends be certified as intrinsically suitable. The director shall publish notice of a consolidated hearing on the recommendation. Notice shall be published in the state register and newspapers of general circulation in the metropolitan area and shall be sent by mail to local government units containing a proposed candidate site. The hearing shall be conducted by the state office of administrative hearings in a manner consistent with the completion of the proceedings and the hearing examiner's report to the agency in the time allowed by this section. The hearing shall afford all interested persons an opportunity to testify and present evidence on the subject of the hearing. The subject of the hearing shall be limited to information submitted by the council and additional information on the proposed sites which is relevant to the agency's decision on intrinsic suitability. The rulemaking and contested case procedures of chapter 15 shall not apply to this hearing. The report of the hearing examiner shall contain findings of fact, conclusions, and recommendations on the subject of the hearing. The agency shall make a final determina-tion as to the intrinsic suitability of each proposed site and shall certify them accordingly by December 1, 1981. The agency shall not be required to promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 15 on criteria and standards to govern its certification of intrinsic suitability under this section. No action of the agency shall be held invalid by reason of the agency's failure to notify any of the entities listed in this subdivision. In selecting candidate sites, the council shall prefer land which is capable of being returned to its existing use or the use anticipated in a plan of a metropolitan agency, county, or local unit of government use after closure of a disposal facility.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.153, Subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. MORATORIUM. In order to permit the comparative evaluation of sites and the participation of affected localities in decisions about the use of sites, a moratorium is hereby imposed as provided in this subdivision on development within the area of each proposed candidate site and buffer area selected by the council. The moratorium shall extend until six months follow-

ing the council's decision under subdivision 6. No development shall be allowed to occur within the area of a proposed site or buffer area during the period of the moratorium without the approval of the council. No county, city, or town land use control shall permit such development which has not been approved by the council, nor shall any county, city, or town sanction or approve any subdivision, permit, license, or other authorization which would allow such development to occur which has not been approved by the council. The council shall not approve actions which would jeopardize the availability of a candidate site for use as a solid waste facility. The council may establish guidelines for reviewing requests for approval under this subdivision. Requests for approval shall be submitted in writing to the chairman of the council and shall be deemed to be approved by the council unless the chairman otherwise notifies the submitter in writing within 15 days.

Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.153, Subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. COUNCIL SITE SELECTION. Within 90 days following the agency's decision on permit conditions and terms, the council shall select at least one of the candidate sites for acquisition and development by the commission as a sewage sludge disposal facility and at least one of the eandidate sites for acquisition and development by the commission as a solid waste disposal facility. Before its selection the council shall consult with the advisory committee and affected counties, cities, and towns.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.516, Subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. TECHNICAL MONITORING; SEWAGE SLUDGE DIS-POSAL. Each sewage sludge disposal facility of the waste control commission, or site used for the disposal of sewage sludge of the commission, shall be required to have an agency permit issued pursuant to agency rules for permitting sewage sludge disposal facilities and sites. Each permit shall require a regular monitoring and testing program to be carried out by the waste control commission. A regular inspection program shall be conducted by the agency or a county under contract to the agency. The commission shall reimburse the agency quarterly for the cost of the program, and the amounts reimbursed are hereby appropriated to the agency for the purposes of the program. The commission shall attempt to the greatest practical extent to provide a sludge quality that permits desired nutrient loadings and minimizes elements not essential for plant growth when sludge is disposed of on private property as a soil conditioner or amendment. The commission shall provide recipients with information on the facility generating the sludge and the content of the sludge taken from its various treatment facilities.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.801, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4. Unless otherwise provided the definitions of terms defined in section 115A.03 shall apply to sections 473.801 to 473.823.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.803, Subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

Subd. 1a. PROPOSED INVENTORY OF DISPOSAL SITES. By June October 4 15, 1981, each county shall adopt, by resolution of its governing body, an inventory of four proposed sites in the county suitable for mixed municipal solid waste disposal facilities and one proposed site in the county suitable for the disposal of demolition debris and shall submit the inventory to the council for approval or disapproval. The council shall evaluate and approve or disapprove each proposed site in accordance with the standards set out in this subdivision. Except as otherwise provided in this subdivision, each site shall satisfy the standards and criteria in federal and state regulations and the council's policy plan for solid waste management. In proposing and approving sites for the inventory, the counties and the council shall prefer land which is capable of being returned to its existing use or the use anticipated in a plan of a metropolitan agency, county, or local unit of government use after closure of a disposal facility. Each site shall contain no less than 80 acres and no more than 250 acres. Each proposed site shall be surrounded by a buffer area at least equal to the area of the site. No site shall be proposed by the county or approved adopted by a county or the council as part of an inventory unless the agency certifies its intrinsic suitability for the use intended, based on preliminary environmental analysis and on site surveys and investigations conducted by the county of agency. Notwithstanding any plan, charter provision, law, ordinance, regulation, or other requirement of any state agency or political subdivision, no land shall be excluded from consideration for inclusion in the inventory except land determined by the agency to be intrinsically unsuitable Each county shall provide to the agency data relating to the intrinsic suitability of the sites to be proposed for the inventory as soon as available but no later than June 15, 1981. By July 1, 1981 each county shall propose at least the number of sites required for the inventory, and the director of the agency shall issue a notice indicating which of those sites the director recommends be certified as intrinsically suitable. Notice of hearings on the director's recommendation shall be published in the state register and newspapers of general circulation in the metropolitan area and shall be sent by mail to the metropolitan council and local government units containing a proposed inventory site. A hearing shall be held in each metropolitan county and shall be conducted by the state office of administrative hearings in a manner consistent with the completion of the proceedings and the hearing examiner's report to the agency in the time allowed by this section. The hearing shall afford all interested persons an opportunity to testify and present evidence on the subject of the hearing. The subject of the hearing shall be limited to information submitted by the county and additional information on the proposed sites which is relevant to the agency's decision on intrinsic suitability.

The rulemaking and contested case procedures of chapter 15 shall not apply to this hearing. The report of the hearing examiner shall contain findings of fact, conclusions, and recommendations on the subject of the hearing. The agency shall make a final determination as to the intrinsic suitability of each proposed site and shall certify them accordingly by October 1, 1981. The agency shall not be required to promulgate rules pursuant to chapter 15 on criteria and standards to govern its certification of intrinsic suitability under this section. No action of the agency shall be held invalid by reason of the agency's failure to notify any of the entities listed in this subdivision. The council shall evaluate each site with respect to local land use and land use controls, the protection of agriculture and natural resources, existing and future development patterns, transportation facilities and other services and facilities appropriate to land disposal facilities, the quality of other potential sites, and patterns of generation of solid waste. The council shall notify a county of any site proposed by the county which the council disapproves and shall allow the county 60 days to propose an alternative site. If the county fails to propose an alternative acceptable to the council in the time allowed, the council shall propose a site acceptable to it for inclusion in the inventory of sites in that county. If in the council's judgment a county does not contain the requisite number of satisfactory sites, the council may reduce the number of sites required of that county. In order to permit the comparative evaluation of sites and the participation of affected localities in decisions about the use of sites, a moratorium is hereby imposed as provided in this subdivision on development within the area of each site and buffer area proposed by a county, pending the council's adoption of an inventory pursuant to section 473.149, subdivision 2b. For sites and buffer areas included in the council's inventory, the moratorium shall extend until October 1, 1983. No development shall be allowed to occur within the area of a site or buffer area during the period of the moratorium without the approval of the council. No county, city, or town land use control shall permit such development which has not been approved by the council, nor shall any county, city, or town sanction or approve any subdivision, permit, license, or other authorization which would allow such development to occur which has not been approved by the council. The council shall not approve actions which would jeopardize the availability of a site for use as a solid waste facility. The council may establish guidelines for reviewing requests for approval under this subdivision. Requests for approval shall be submitted in writing to the chairman of the council and shall be deemed to be approved by the council unless the chairman otherwise notifies the submitter in writing within' 15 days.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.811, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. COUNTY FINANCING OF FACILITIES. Each metropolitan county may by resolution authorize the issuance of bonds to provide funds for the acquisition or betterment of solid waste facilities, related transmission

facilities, or property or property rights for a solid waste facility the facilities, or for refunding any outstanding bonds issued for any such purpose, and may pledge to the payment of the bonds and the interest thereon, its full faith, credit and taxing powers, or the proceeds of any designated tax levies, or the gross or net revenues or charges to be derived from any facility operated by or for the county, or any combination thereof. Taxes levied for the payment of the bonds and interest shall not reduce the amounts of other taxes which the county is authorized by law to levy. The proceeds of the bonds may be used in part to establish a reserve as further security for the payment of the principal and interest of the bonds when due. Revenue bonds issued pursuant to this section may be sold at public or private sale upon such conditions as the county board shall determine, but any bonds to which the full faith and credit and taxing powers of the county are pledged shall be sold in accordance with the provisions of chapter 475. No election shall be required to authorize the issuance of the bonds. Except as otherwise provided, the bonds shall be issued and sold in accordance with the provisions of chapter 475.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.811, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2a. COUNTY SOLID WASTE INDUSTRIAL DEVELOP-MENT REVENUE BONDS. A metropolitan county may issue revenue bonds to finance solid waste and related facilities projects located inside or outside the boundaries of cities or towns described in section 368.01 under and pursuant to the provisions of chapter 474.

Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.811, Subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. COUNTY OPERATION OF FACILITIES. Each metropolitan county may operate and maintain solid waste facilities, and for this purpose may employ all necessary personnel, may adopt regulations governing operation, and may establish and collect reasonable, non-discriminatory rates and charges for the use of the facilities by any local government unit or person, estimated to be sufficient, with any other moneys appropriated for the purpose, to pay all costs of acquisition, operation and maintenance. Each metropolitan county may use itself or sell all or any part of materials or energy recovered from solid waste to private interests or public agencies for consumption or reuse by them. Section 471.345 and Laws 1951, Chapter 556, as amended shall not apply to the sale of the materials or energy provided that the dealings of each county shall be on a competitive basis so as not to create an unfair of unreasonable advantage or restraint of trade on the part of the county.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.811, Subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. COUNTY CONTRACTS. Each metropolitan county may contract for the acquisition or use of existing public or private solid waste facilities or any facilities deemed necessary or useful for resource recovery from solid waste and may contract with any person for the operation and or maintenance, or both, of any solid waste facility owned by the county. The contract shall provide for the operation and or maintenance, or both, of the facility in accordance with any regulations, criteria, and standards of the agency, the metropolitan council and the county relating thereto. Any contract for the operation or maintenance of a solid waste facility may provide for the sale of solid waste, materials, electric energy, steam or other product to the operator or for a fee payable to the operator, which may be a fixed fee, or a fee based on tonnage or a percentage of income or other measure, or any combination thereof. A metropolitan county may warrant to the operator of a solid waste facility or contract purchaser of any solid waste, materials, electric energy, steam or other product the quality, composition and available quantity of the solid waste, materials, electric energy, steam or other product to be sold or delivered.

Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.811, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 4b. CONTRACTS; NEGOTIATION. Notwithstanding any other law, a metropolitan county may contract for the acquisition, construction, improvement, maintenance or operation of solid waste facilities or property or property rights for solid waste facilities by any means available and in the manner determined by the county board, with or without advertisement for bids. A metropolitan county may select and employ a construction manager for construction and acquisition of solid waste facilities or property or property rights for solid waste facilities and negotiate and enter into a construction management agreement, which may but need not include a guaranteed maximum price. A construction manager shall give a bond to the county in accordance with section 574.26 if a construction management agreement provides for a guaranteed maximum price, provided that the amount of any bond furnished by any contractor or subcontractor for performance of and payment of labor and materials under a contract or subcontract for solid waste facilities or property or property rights for solid waste facilities included in the guaranteed maximum price may be substituted to the extent of the bond amount for the bond of the construction manager. A construction management agreement for acquisition and construction of solid waste facilities or property or property rights for solid waste facilities may be combined with a contract for maintenance or operation, or both, of the facilities and negotiated with the same person.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.811, Subdivision 5b, is amended to read:

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Subd. 5b. ORDINANCES; HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGE-MENT. Each metropolitan county shall by ordinance establish and revise rules, regulations, and standards relating to (a) the identification of hazardous waste, (b) the labeling and classification of hazardous waste, (c) the collection, storage, transportation, processing, and disposal of hazardous waste, and (d) other matters necessary for the public health, welfare and safety. The county shall require permits or licenses for the generation, collection, processing, and disposal of hazardous waste and shall require registration with a county office. County hazardous waste ordinances shall embody and be consistent with agency hazardous waste rules. Counties shall submit adopted ordinances to the agency for review. In the event that agency rules are modified, each county shall modify its ordinances accordingly and shall submit the modification to the agency for review within 120 days. Issuing, denying, suspending, modifying, imposing conditions upon, or revoking hazardous waste permits or licenses, and county hazardous waste regulations and ordinances, shall be subject to review, denial, suspension, modification, and reversal by the agency. The agency shall after written notification have 15 days in the case of hazardous waste permits and licenses and 30 days in the case of hazardous waste ordinances to review, suspend, modify, or reverse the action of the county. After this period, the action of the county board shall be final subject to appeal to the district court in the manner provided in chapter 15.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.811, Subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. COUNTY SALE OR LEASE. Each metropolitan county may sell or lease any facilities or property or property rights previously used or acquired to accomplish the purposes specified by sections 473.149, 473.151, and 473.801 to 473.823 and sections 473.827, 473.831, 473.833, and 473.834. Such property may be sold in the manner provided by section 458.196, or <u>may be</u> sold in the manner and on the terms and conditions determined by the county board. Each metropolitan county may convey to or permit the use of any such property by a local government unit, with or without compensation, without submitting the matter to the voters of the county. No real property or property rights acquired pursuant to this section, may be disposed of in any manner unless and until the county shall have submitted to the agency and the metropolitan council for review and comment the terms on and the use for which the property will be disposed of. The agency and the council shall review and comment on the proposed disposition within 60 days after each has received the data relating thereto from the county.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.831, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS. Following the adoption of the revisions to its policy plan required by section 473.149,

subdivision 20, The council may by resolution authorize the issuance of general obligation bonds of the council to provide funds for the acquisition of sites and surrounding buffer areas for development as solid waste disposal facilities pursuant to this section and section 473.833 and to provide funds for refunding obligations issued under this section. The bonds shall be sold, issued, and secured in the manner provided in chapter 475 for general obligation bonds, and the council shall have the same power and duties as a municipality and its governing body in issuing bonds under chapter 475, except as otherwise provided in this chapter. No election shall be required, and the net debt limitations in chapter 475 shall not apply. The council shall have the power to levy ad valorem taxes for debt service of the council's solid waste bonds upon all taxable property within the metropolitan area, without limitation of rate or amount and without affecting the amount or rate of taxes which may be levied by the council for other purposes or by any local government unit in the area. Each of the county auditors shall annually assess and extend upon the tax rolls in his county the portion of the taxes levied by the council in each year which is certified to him by the council. The principal amount of bonds issued pursuant to this section shall not exceed \$15,000,000.

Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.833, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

<u>Subd. 2a.</u> ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS. By January 1, 1983, each metropolitan county shall complete an analysis comparing the environmental effects of solid waste disposal facilities at the sites in the county which are included in the metropolitan inventory of solid waste disposal sites adopted by the metropolitan council pursuant to section 473.149, subdivision 2b. The analysis shall be in detail sufficient, in the judgment of the county board, to inform adequately the county site selection authority established under subdivision 3 of the environmental effects of facilities at sites within the county and to assure that facilities at the sites can reasonably be expected to qualify for permits in accordance with the rules of the agency.

Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.834, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. ALLOCATION OF DEBT SERVICE. The annual debt service on the council's solid waste bonds, issued under section 473.831, shall be annually apportioned and certified by the council to each eity and town county in the metropolitan area, in the proportion that the assessed value of all taxable property within such eity or town each county bears to the assessed value of the taxable property in all such eities and towns; as last finally equalized before October 1 in the year in which the allocation is made the counties, except that the apportionment to each county shall first be adjusted to reflect exemptions

 $\frac{\text{from payment required by subdivision 1}}{\text{subdivision 3.}} \stackrel{1}{\underline{}} \stackrel{\text{and reductions in payment required by}}{\underline{}}$

Sec. 52. APPROPRIATIONS.

Subdivision 1. The appropriation of \$1,200,000 made available for certain purposes before June 30, 1981, by Laws 1980, Chapter 564, Article XII, Section 1, Subdivision 3, Clause (b), is available for expenditure for those purposes until expended.

Subd. 2. The appropriation made in Laws 1980, Chapter 564, Article XII, Section 1, Subdivision 4, Clause (b), is available until expended.

Subd. 3. The two positions in the unclassified service created in Laws 1980, Chapter 564, Article XII, Section 1, Subdivision 6, shall not cancel when the appropriation is expended. The continuation of the positions is dependent upon the availability of money in the general services revolving fund, resource recovery account established in section 115A.15, subdivision 6.

Sec. 53. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 473.834, Subdivisions 4 and 5, are repealed.

Sec. 54. EFFECTIVE DATE; APPLICATION.

This act is effective the day following final enactment. Sections 31 to 51 apply in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, and Washington.

Approved June 1, 1981

CHAPTER 353 - S.F.No. 1132

An act relating to education; allowing area vocational-technical institutes to grant associate degrees under certain conditions; proposing new law coded in Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 121.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. [121.218] VOCATIONAL-TECHNICAL INSTITUTES; AWARDING DEGREES.

[Subdivision 1.] BOARD APPROVAL. The state board for vocational education may approve, disapprove, or modify a plan for awarding associate degrees at an area vocational-technical institute. The state board shall approve a plan only when an associate degree is required by a licensing authority and is