Notice of nonpayment or dishonor shall be sent by the payee or holder of the check to the maker or drawer by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by regular mail, supported by an affidavit of service by mailing, to the address of record printed on the check. Refusal by the maker or drawer of the check to accept certified mail notice or failure to claim certified or regular mail notice shall not constitute a defense that notice was not received.

The notice may state that unless the check is paid in full within five business days after mailing of the notice of non-payment or dishonor, the payee or holder of the check or other order for the payment of money will or may refer the matter to proper authorities for prosecution under this section.

An affidavit of service by mailing shall be retained by the payee or holder of the check.

# Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 1 is effective August 1, 1981, and applies to all crimes committed on or after that date.

Approved May 15, 1981

#### CHAPTER 203 — S.F.No. 159

An act relating to transportation; providing for the allocation of federal aid secondary funds; and the full utilization of those funds; amending Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 161.086.

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 161.086, is amended to read:

#### 161.086 FEDERAL AID, ALLOCATION.

Subject to applicable federal laws and rules and regulations, the commissioner of transportation is directed to allocate the federal aid secondary funds apportioned to the state of Minnesota by the United States of America in the following manner:

- (1) 35 percent of such the funds for expenditure on the state federal aid secondary system;
- (2) 65 percent of such the funds for expenditure on the county federal aid secondary system.

Changes or additions are indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

If the allocation to one of the federal aid secondary systems cannot be fully utilized on that system, the commissioner may reallocate those funds that cannot be utilized to the other federal aid secondary system, notwithstanding the provisions of clauses (1) and (2).

#### Sec. 2. EFFECTIVE DATE.

Section 1 is effective the day following its final enactment.

Approved May 15, 1981

## CHAPTER 204 — S.F.No. 209

An act relating to gambling devices; clarifying definitions of gambling devices; authorizing an additional gambling device; authorizing certain payments for operation of gambling devices; changing prize limitations; changing the penalty provision for violation; amending Minnesota Statutes 1980, Sections 349.26, Subdivisions 2, 4, 5, 12, 13, 14 and 15, and by adding a subdivision; 349.30, Subdivision 2; and 349.31, Subdivision 1.

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 349.26, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. "Gambling devices" mean means those gambling devices known as "paddlewheels" or "tipboards", "pull-tabs" (or "ticket jars"), or apparatus used in conducting raffles.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 349.26, Subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- Subd. 4. "Tipboard" means a board, placard or other device measuring at least 12 inches square, marked off in a grid or similar pattern columns, in which each section contains a hidden number or numbers, or other symbol, which determines the winning chances.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 349.26, Subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. "Raffle" means a game in which a participant buys a ticket for a chance at a prize with the winner determined by a random drawing to take place at a location and date printed upon the ticket.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1980, Section 349.26, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Changes or additions are indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.