members, at least one member from each economic development region, to advise and make recommendations to him and the director of volunteer services. Notwithstanding this numerical limitation, members currently serving on an advisory group to the governor's office of volunteer services shall complete their prescribed terms of office; thereafter, appointments of successors shall be made so as to be consistent with the numerical limitation contained in this section. Membership terms, compensation, removal and filling of vacancies of members of the advisory committee shall be as provided in section 15.059; provided, that members shall not be eligible for a per diem.

Sec. 2. The office and position of executive director, created pursuant to this act shall be deemed to supersede and replace the "governor's office of volunteer services" created pursuant to executive order of the governor.

Sec. 3. APPROPRIATION. There is appropriated from the general fund to the director of volunteer services the sum of \$200,000 for the purposes of this act.

Sec. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE. This act is effective July 1, 1977.

Approved June 2, 1977.

CHAPTER 390-H.F.No.676

An act relating to intoxicating liquor; civil liability for illegal sale, barter or gift thereof; amending Minnesota Statutes 1976, Sections 340.95 and 340.951.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1976, Section 340.95, is amended to read:

340.95 INTOXICATING LIQUOR; INJURIES CAUSED BY INTOXICATION, CIVIL ACTIONS, Every husband, wife, child, parent, guardian, employer, or other person who is injured in person or property, or means of support, by any intoxicated person, or by the intoxication of any person, has a right of action, in his own name, against any person who, by illegally selling, or bartering or giving intoxicating liquors, caused the intoxication of such person, for all damages, sustained; and all damages recovered by a minor under this section shall be paid either to such minor or to his parent, guardian, or next friend, as the court directs; and all suits for damages under this section shall be by civil action in any court of this state having jurisdiction thereof. Actions for damages based upon liability imposed by this section shall be governed by section 604.01. The provisions of section 604.01, as applied under this section, however shall not be applicable to actions brought by a husband, wife, child, parent, guardian or other dependent of an intoxicated person. No recovery shall be had in any action or actions pursuant to this section in excess of \$250,000 for all damages to one person and \$500,000 for all damages to two or more persons arising out of a single instance of the illegal sale or barter of intoxicating liquor.

Changes or additions indicated by underline deletions by strikeout

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1976, Section 340.951, is amended to read:

340.951 NOTICE OF INJURY. From and after July 1, 1969, Every person who claims damages from any municipality owning and operating a municipal liquor store or from the licensee of any licensed liquor establishment for or on account of any injury within the scope of section 340.95, shall give a written notice to the governing body of the municipality or the licensee of the liquor establishment, as the case may be, stating:

(1) The time and date when, and person to whom such liquor was sold, bartered, or given;

(2) The name and address of the person or persons who were injured or whose property was damaged;

(3) The approximate time and date and the place where any injury to person or property occurred.

No error or omission in the notice shall void the effect of the notice, if otherwise valid, unless such error or omission is of a substantially material nature.

This notice shall be served within 120 days after the injury occurs, and no action therefor shall be maintained unless such notice has been given, and unless it is commenced within three years one year after such injury. The time for giving the notice shall not include any period of time next succeeding the occurrence of the injury during which the person injured is incapacitated from giving such notice by reason of the injury sustained.

Actual notice of sufficient facts to reasonably put the governing body of the municipality or the licensee of the liquor establishment, as the case may be, or its insurer, on notice of a possible claim, shall be construed to comply with the notice requirements herein.

Any cause of action for injury heretofore caused by an intexicated person as a result of an illegal sale, barter or gift of liquor and not barred by the existing statute of limitations may be brought within three years after the cause of action accrued or within six months after July 1, 1969, whichever is later, if notice thereof is given within 120 days of July 1, 1969.

Sec. 3. This act is effective July 1, 1977, and applies to all causes of action accruing on or after that date.

Approved June 2, 1977.

Changes or additions indicated by underline deletions by strikeout