payment, directly or indirectly, of an admission fee or price for dancing, or a fee for a membership in a club, and shall include any manner of holding a dance which may be participated in by the public through the payment of money, directly or indirectly. When used in sections 624.42 to 624.54, the term "intoxicating liquor" and "liquor," "sell" and "sale" shall be given the same meaning, respectively, as is prescribed in Laws 1919, Chapter 455, Section 1, and acts amendatory thereof.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1976, Section 624.46, is amended to read:

624.46 APPLICATIONS. All applications for such permits shall be made upon blanks furnished by the city, or county, as the case may be, and shall be accompanied by the affidavit of two freeholders residents and shall affirmatively show by the application and affidavits that the applicant is a person of good moral character and reputation in the community in which he lives and that the applicant has not, within five years prior to the making of the application, been convicted of a felony, gross misdemeanor, or of any of the provisions of sections 624.42 to 624.54, and no such application shall be granted to any person of bad character or who has been so convicted as aforesaid, nor to any person who is keeper of any disorderly house of any kind, nor for any place which has any direct or indirect communication with any room in which intoxicating liquor is sold, given away, or otherwise used, nor for any place having any so-called "private apartments" or "private rooms" furnished or used for any other than legitimate business purposes which adjoin such dancing place or which may be reached by stairs, elevator, or passageway leading from such dancing place. No permit shall be issued under the terms of sections 624.42 to 624.54 unless the governing body or county board is satisfied that the place where the public dance is to be given or held is properly ventilated and equipped with necessary toilets, wash-rooms, lighting facilities, and that such place is not likely to become a public nuisance or detrimental to public morals.

Approved May 19, 1977.

CHAPTER 133-S.F.No.335

An act relating to elections; providing for judges of election to serve under certain conditions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1976, Sections 207.02; and 204A.17, Subdivision 1.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1976, Section 207.02, is amended to read:

207.02 ELECTIONS; JUDGES; VOTING BY MAIL. Any person entitled to vote at any general election, any primary election, any city election, or any statutory city or town election in statutory cities or towns operating under the "Australian Ballot System," who is absent on the day such election is held from the precinct in which he is entitled to vote, or who by reason of illness or physical disability or because of religious discipline or observance of a religious holiday is unable to go to the polling place of such precinct, or who is employed as a judge of election in a precinct other than his own, may vote therein

Changes or additions indicated by underline deletions by strikeout

by having his ballot delivered to the election board of such precinct on the day of such election, either by mail or by the clerk of the municipality in which such precinct is situated as provided for in sections 207.08 and 207.101, and by complying with the provisions of this chapter. No person residing in a municipality now or hereafter having permanent registration of voters, as provided by chapter 201, shall be permitted to so vote unless he has registered as a voter in accordance with such provisions or registers on election day by enclosing a completed registration card with his ballot.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1976, Section 204A.17, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:

ELECTION. Subdivision 204A.17 JUDGES OF 1. APPOINTMENT, QUALIFICATION. At least 65 days before any election for a partisan political office, the county or legislative district chairman, whichever is designated by the state party, of each political party as defined in section 200.02, subdivision 7, shall furnish a list of qualified voters in each election precinct in the county or legislative district, whichever applies, to act as election judges, to the auditor of the county in which the precinct is located. At least 55 days before the date of the election, the county auditor shall furnish to each of the several appointing authorities of judges for the various election precincts, a list of the appropriate names for each election precinct. Separate lists shall be so submitted by the county auditor for each political party. If any county or legislative district chairman of a political party shall fail to submit a list to the county auditor as hereinbefore provided, the appointing authorities shall select and appoint qualified electors as herein or otherwise provided by law. Except in cities of the first class the council of each municipality and the county board in unorganized territory shall appoint, in the manner provided for in this section, qualified voters in each precinet therein that municipality or county to be judges of election. The appointments shall be made at least 25 days before any election. The appointments shall be made from a list of qualified voters provided for in this section subject to the limitations of section 204A.18, subdivision 1. A person may be appointed an election judge for a precinct in which he does not reside if an insufficient number of names of qualified voters in that precinct are on file in the office of the appointing authority. The council or county board may make such rules as it deems necessary including the examination of applicants, to determine the qualification of judges.

At least 65 days before any election for a partisan political office, the county chairman of each of the two political parties as defined in section 200.02; subdivision 7, shall furnish to the county auditor of his county of residence, a list of qualified voters for the various election precinets in municipalities in which 1000 or more votes were east in the last general state election to act as election judges. At least 55 days before the date of the election, the county auditor shall furnish to each of the several appointing authorities of judges for the various election precinets, a list of the appropriate names for each election precinet. Separate lists shall be so submitted by the county auditor for each of the two leading political parties. If any county chairman of a political party shall fail to submit a list to the county auditor as hereinbefore provided, the appointing authorities shall select and appoint qualified electors as herein or otherwise provided by law.

Approved May 19, 1977.

Changes or additions indicated by <u>underline</u> deletions by strikeout