Cumulative	Year	Accrued I	Liability		
1		\$ 40	•		
2		81			
3		125			
4		1 7 1			
5		220			
6		270			
7		324			
8		380			
9		438			
10		500			
11 and	thereafter	50	additional	per	year

- Sec. 3. Payments of lump sum service pensions from the special fund of the association made prior to the effective date of this act are validated if consistent with the minimum service requirement set forth in section 1 of this act.
- Sec. 4. This act is effective upon approval by the city council of the city of Rockford and upon compliance with Minnesota Statutes, Section 645.021.

Approved April 8, 1976.

CHAPTER 210-HLF.No.1984

[Coded in Part]

An act relating to agriculture; establishing a family farm security program to encourage loans for farm real estate; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1974, Section 48.24, Subdivision 5; and Minnesota Statutes, 1975 Supplement, Section 290.01, Subdivision 20.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

- Section 1. [41.51] AGRICULTURE; FAMILY FARM SECURITY PROGRAM; PURPOSE. In order to aid farmers in obtaining credit for the acquisition of farm real estate, there is established a family farm security program which shall provide state money in guarantee of loans made according to the provisions of sections 1 to 13.
- Sec. 2. **[41.52] DEFINITIONS.** <u>Subdivision 1.</u> For the purposes of this act the following terms shall have the meanings given.
- <u>Subd. 2. "Applicant" means a natural person applying for a family farm security loan.</u>
 - Subd. 3. "Council" means the family farm advisory council.
 - Subd. 4. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of agriculture.

- Subd. 5. "Family farm security loan" means a loan secured by a first real estate mortgage. It shall be used for acquisition of farm land and shall be approved by the commissioner. This loan shall be guaranteed and may qualify for a payment adjustment as defined in subdivision 10 and may be a seller-sponsored loan as defined in subdivision 8.
- Subd. 6. "Farm land" means land in Minnesota that is capable of supporting the commercial production of agricultural crops, livestock or livestock products, poultry products, milk or dairy products, or fruit or other horticultural products.
- Subd. 7. "Lender" means any bank, savings bank, mutual savings bank, building and loan association, savings and loan association, organized under the laws of this state or the United States, trust companies, trust companies acting as fiduciaries, and other financial institutions subject to the supervision of the commissioner of banks; and any foreign or domestic corporation engaged in the business of insurance which is subject to the supervision of the commissioner of insurance as defined in Minnesota Statutes, Section 60A.02, Subdivision 3; and any financial institution operating under the supervision of the farm credit administration. In case of seller-sponsored loans as authorized in section 8, "lender" also means the seller of the property.
- Subd. 8. "Seller-sponsored loan" means a loan in which part or all of the purchase price of the farm is financed by a loan from the seller of the property who is a natural person or a family farm corporation as defined in section 500.24, and the remainder of the loan, if any, is supplied by a lender as defined in subdivision 7. This loan shall be secured by a first real estate mortgage evidenced by one or more notes that may carry different interest rates.
- Subd. 9. "Family farm loan guarantee" means an agreement that in the event of default the state of Minnesota shall pay the lender 90 percent of the sums due and payable under the first real estate mortgage.
- Subd. 10. "Payment adjustment" means an amount of money equal to four percent interest on the principal balance of the family farm security loan.
- Sec. 3. [41.53] ADMINISTRATION. <u>Subdivision 1.</u> ADMINISTRATOR. <u>The family farm security program shall be administered by the commissioner.</u>
- Subd. 2. RULES. The commissioner shall promulgate rules necessary for the efficient administration of sections 1 to 7; section 8, subdivisions 1 and 2; section 9, subdivisions 1 and 4; and section 13.
- Subd. 3. REPORT TO LEGISLATURE. On or before January 1 of each year the commissioner shall submit a report to the legislature, as provided in Minnesota Statutes, Section 3.195, concerning the actions
- Changes or additions indicated by underline deletions by strikeout

of the commissioner and the status of loans granted.

- Sec. 4. [41.54] ADVISORY COUNCIL. <u>Subdivision 1. MEMBERSHIP</u>; COMPOSITION. <u>There is established a family farm advisory council composed of seven members appointed by the commissioner of agriculture as follows:</u>
 - (a) Two officers from a commercial lending institution;
 - (b) One dairy farmer;
 - (c) One livestock farmer;
 - (d) One cash grain farmer:
 - (e) One officer from a farm credit association;
 - (f) One agricultural economist.
- Subd. 2. TERMS AND COMPENSATION. The council shall expire and the terms, compensation and removal of members of the council shall be governed by Minnesota Statutes, Section 15.059. The council shall meet monthly or more often as needed. Initial members shall be appointed for terms as follows: (a) for terms ending the first Monday in January, 1979: one officer from a commercial lending institution, the dairy farmer, the cash grain farmer, and the representative of consumers; and (b) for terms ending the first Monday in January, 1980: the remaining members.
- <u>Subd.</u> 3. CHAIRMAN. The members of the council shall annually elect a chairman and other officers they deem necessary.
 - Subd. 4. DUTIES. The duties of the council shall be as follows:
 - (a) To review and appraise the family farm security program;
- (b) To give advice and counsel to the commissioner regarding the family farm security program;
- (c) To review all applications for family farm security loans and make recommendations to the commissioner as to their disposition;
- (d) To make recommendations to the commissioner of agriculture, legislature and the public on or before December 31 of each year regarding any needed state policy or program changes to foster and promote the economic health and viability of the family farm.
- <u>Subd. 5.</u> **STAFF; SERVICES.** The <u>commissioner of agriculture shall provide the council with necessary staff, office space and administrative services.</u>

- Sec. 5. [41.55] ELIGIBILITY. A family farm security loan approval may be granted if the following criteria are satisfied:
- (a) That the applicant is a resident of the state of Minnesota, or shows sufficient evidence that he intends to become a resident;
- (b) That the applicant has sufficient education, training, or experience in the type of farming for which he wishes the loan and continued participation in a farm management program, approved by the commissioner, for the duration of the family farm security loan;
- (c) That the applicant, his dependents and spouse have total net worth valued at less than \$50,000 and has demonstrated a need for the loan;
- (d) That the applicant intends to purchase farm land to be used by the applicant for agricultural purposes;
- (e) That the applicant is credit worthy according to standards prescribed by the commissioner;
- (f) That the seller has not acquired the farm land for purposes of obtaining the income tax exemption allowed by sections 8 and 12 of this act.
- Sec. 6. [41.56] PROCEDURE. Subdivision 1. APPLYING FOR LOAN; LOAN DENIED. Any person desiring to acquire farm land may make application with a lender for a family farm security loan. Upon completion of the appropriate forms by the applicant and the lender, the lender shall forward the application to the commissioner for approval. The commissioner shall prescribe a screening process to determine eligibility and he may arrange for local lenders to perform this function for the state. The commissioner may approve the application if the criteria of sections 5 and 7 are satisfied, and shall notify the applicant and the lender of his decision.

If the application is denied, the commissioner shall return the application to the lender with a written statement of the reasons for the denial. The applicant shall be given a copy of the reasons for the denial of the loan. If the circumstances of the applicant change such that he becomes eligible, he may reapply.

- Subd. 2. APPROVED LOANS. If the commissioner approves the loan application, he shall retain a copy of the application for his files and return the original to the lender. The applicant and the lender may then complete the transaction for the loan.
- Subd. 3. DEFAULT; FILING CLAIM. Within 90 days of a default on a guaranteed family farm security loan, the lender shall send notice to the applicant stating that the commissioner must be notified if the default continues for another 90 days, and the consequences of that de-

fault. The lender and the applicant may agree to take any steps reasonable to assure the fulfillment of the loan obligation.

After 180 days from the initial default, if the applicant has not made arrangements to meet his obligation, the lender shall file a claim with the commissioner, identifying the loan and the nature of the default, and assigning to the state all of the lender's security and interest in the loan in exchange for payment according to the terms of the family farm security loan guarantee. If the commissioner determines that the terms of the family farm security loan guarantee have been met, he shall authorize payment of state funds to the lender, and shall notify the defaulting party. The state of Minnesota shall then become the holder of the mortgage and taxes shall be levied and paid on the land as though the owner were a natural person and not a political subdivision of the state. The commissioner may, on behalf of the state, commence foreclosure proceedings in the manner provided by law.

Subd. 4. SALE OF DEFAULTED PROPERTY. In the event that title to the property is acquired by the state, upon conveyance of title to the state and expiration of the period of redemption, the commissioner shall, within 15 days of the expiration of such period, undertake to sell the property by publishing a notice of the impending sale at least once each week for four successive weeks in a legal newspaper and also in a newspaper of general distribution in the county in which the property to be sold is situated. Such notice shall specify the time and place in the county at which the sale will commence, a description of the lots or tracts to be offered, and a general statement of the terms of sale. Except as further provided in this subdivision, the terms and method of sale shall be determined by the commissioner. The commissioner shall sell the property to the highest bidder as determined by taking sealed bids or by public auction, provided that in either event he shall select the successful bidder within 15 days of the date of the last published notice of sale. Bidders shall submit bid security in the form of a certified check or bid bond in the amount of two percent of their bid price and the successful bidder shall remit the balance of the purchase price to the commissioner within 90 days of the date of sale. Upon remittance of such balance within 90 days of the date of sale, the commissioner shall transfer title to the property to the purchaser by quitclaim deed. In the event that the purchaser fails to remit any part of such balance within 90 days of the date of sale, the purchaser shall forfeit all rights to the property and any moneys paid thereon and the state shall recommence the sale process as specified in this subdivision. Proceeds from the sale of a parcel of property obtained by the state pursuant to this section shall be paid into the special account authorized in section 13, subdivision 1, to the extent that funds from the special account were disbursed according to the terms of the family farm security loan guarantee. Proceeds in excess of the amount disbursed from the special fund shall be paid into the general fund.

Subd. 5. GUARANTEE VOID. The loan guarantee shall be void only if the guaranteed loan was obtained by fraud or material misre-

presentation of which the original lender or subsequent holder had actual knowledge.

- Sec. 7. [41.57] TERMS OF THE LOAN. Subdivision 1. FORMS; APPRAISAL PROCEDURE; LIMITATIONS. A family farm security loan shall be transacted on forms approved by the commissioner with the advice of the attorney general. The commissioner shall establish by rule an appraisal procedure. He shall thereby determine the value and income potential of the property before quaranteeing a family farm security loan. No guarantee shall be made if the purchase price of the farm land exceeds the appraisal value as determined under the provisions of this subdivision.
- Subd. 2. PAYMENT ADJUSTMENT. To be eligible for payment adjustment a family farm security loan shall have a maximum term of 20 years and shall provide for payments at least annually so that the loan shall be amortized over its term with equal annual payments of principal and interest. During the first ten years of a family farm security loan, the commissioner shall annually pay to the lender four percent of the outstanding balance due at the beginning of that year and the applicant shall pay the remainder of the payment due. After the tenth year, the applicant shall make payments according to the stated interest rate. The applicant may petition the commissioner for one ten year renewal of the payment adjustment. If a renewal is granted, in the 21st year the applicant shall reimburse the commissioner for the sums paid on the applicant's behalf under this subdivision. If no renewal is granted, the applicant shall reimburse the commissioner in the 11th year for the sums paid on the applicant's behalf under this subdivision. The obligation to repay the payment adjustment shall be a lien against the property.
- Subd. 3. ANNUAL REVIEW OF NET WORTH. The applicant, his dependents and spouse shall annually submit to the commissioner a statement of their net worth. If their net worth in any year exceeds the sum of \$100,000, the applicant shall be ineligible for a payment adjustment in that year.
- Sec. 8. [41.58] SELLER-SPONSORED LOANS. <u>Subdivision 1.</u>
 AUTHORIZATION. The <u>commissioner may provide a guarantee to the lenders on seller-sponsored loans when the buyer satisfies the eligibility criteria in section 5. The commissioner may also provide a payment adjustment on behalf of the applicant in the case of seller-sponsored loans.</u>
- Subd. 2. NEGOTIABILITY AND MARKETABILITY. A seller-sponsored loan shall be secured by a purchase money first real estate mortgage evidenced by negotiable note or notes as defined in Minnesota Statutes, Section 336.3-104. The commissioner must be notified in writing within 30 days after a family farm security loan note is sold or exchanged.

Sec. 9. [41.59] SALE OR CONVEYANCE. Subdivision 1. IMME-DIATE REPAYMENT OF LOAN. Any applicant who sells or conveys the property for which a family farm security loan was issued shall immediately retire the entire indebtedness still owed to the lender and the commissioner. The new owner may negotiate a family farm security loan in his own right, but under no circumstances may the original loan be assumed by the new owner. This subdivision is not intended to prohibit the applicant from granting a security interest in the property for the purposes of securing an additional loan.

Any applicant who fails to maintain the land covered by a family farm security loan in active agricultural production for a period of time longer than one year shall be in default. Such a default may be waived by the commissioner in the event of a physical disability or other extenuating circumstances.

Subd. 2. TAX PENALTY ON CAPITAL GAIN. Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 290 shall apply to determine the amount of the gain realized on the sale of property for which a family farm security loan has been issued. The tax imposed by chapter 290 shall be imposed on the following percentages of any gain realized on the sale of the property:

Time	lapsed from	issuance of loan	
	At least	but less than	Percent
(a)		1 year	100
रेंचे	1 year	3 years	90
(c)	3 vears	5 years	80
à	5 vears	7 years	70
(e)	7 vears	9 years	$\frac{\overline{60}}{50}$
$\frac{\frac{1}{1}}{1}$	9 years	10 years	50
<u>(- /</u>	<u> </u>	10 yours	

This tax shall no longer be applicable and the tax imposed by chapter 290 shall apply when the property for which a family farm security loan was issued has been held by the applicant for more than ten years after the issuance of the loan. Chapter 290 shall apply when the applicant has realized a loss on the sale of the property.

Subd. 3. WAIVER OF TAX PENALTY. The commissioner of revenue shall waive the additional tax imposed in subdivision 2 if the applicant has died or suffered a total disability, and the tax imposed in chapter 290 shall apply.

For the purposes of this section, "total disability" means the total and permanent loss of sight of both eyes, the loss of both arms at the shoulder, the loss of both legs so close to the hips that no effective artificial members can be used, complete and permanent paralysis, total and permanent loss of mental faculties, or any other injury which totally incapacitates the applicant from working his farm.

Sec. 10. [41.60] DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED. In carrying out their respective duties under this act, the council and the commissioner shall not discriminate between applicants because of race, color,

creed, religion, national origin, sex, marital status, disability, political or ideological persuasion.

- Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 1974, Section 48.24, Subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. Loans or obligations shall not be subject under this section to any limitation based upon such capital and surplus to the extent that they are secured or covered by guarantees, or by commitments or agreements to take over or to purchase the same, made by the commissioner of agriculture on the purchase of agricultural land or by any Federal Reserve bank or by the United States or any department, bureau, board, commission, or establishment of the United States, including any corporation wholly owned directly or indirectly by the United States.
- Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes, 1975 Supplement, Section 290.01, Subdivision 20, is amended to read:
- Subd. 20. GROSS INCOME. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the term "gross income," as applied to corporations includes every kind of compensation for labor or personal services of every kind from any private or public employment, office, position or services; income derived from the ownership or use of property; gains or profits derived from every kind of disposition of, or every kind of dealing in, property; income derived from the transaction of any trade or business; and income derived from any source.

For each of the taxable years beginning after December 31, 1960 and prior to January 1, 1971, the term "gross income" in its application to individuals, estates, and trusts, shall mean the adjusted gross income as computed for federal income tax purposes as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1970 for the applicable taxable year, with the modifications specified in this section.

For each of the taxable years beginning after December 31, 1970, the term "gross income" in its application to individuals, estates, and trusts shall mean the adjusted gross income as computed for federal income tax purposes as defined in the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through the date specified herein for the applicable taxable year, with the modifications specified in this section.

- (i) The Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1970, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1970 and prior to January 1, 1973.
- (ii) The Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1972, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1972.

- (iii) The Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1973, shall be in effect for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1973.
- (iv) The Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1974, shall be in effect for the taxable years beginning after December 31, 1974.

References to the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 in clauses (a), (b) and (c) following shall mean the code in effect for the purpose of defining gross income for the applicable taxable year.

- (a) Modifications increasing federal adjusted gross income. There shall be added to federal adjusted gross income:
- (1) Interest income on obligations of any state other than Minnesota or a political subdivision of any such other state exempt from federal income taxes under the Internal Revenue Code of 1954:
- (2) Interest income on obligations of any authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States, which the laws of the United States exempt from federal income tax, but not from state income taxes:
- (3) Income taxes imposed by this state or any other taxing jurisdiction, to the extent deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income and not credited against federal income tax;
- (4) Interest on indebtedness incurred or continued to purchase or carry securities the income from which is exempt from tax under chapter 290, to the extent deductible in determining federal adjusted gross income;
- (5) Amounts received as reimbursement for an expense of sickness or injury which was deducted in a prior taxable year to the extent that the deduction for such reimbursed expenditure resulted in a tax benefit:
- (6) Losses which do not arise from events or transactions which are assignable to Minnesota under the provisions of sections 290.17 to 290.20, including any capital loss or net operating loss carryforwards or carrybacks resulting from such losses, and including any such non-assignable losses which occur prior to the time the individual becomes a resident of the state of Minnesota;
- (7) The amount of any federal income tax overpayment for any previous taxable year, received as refund or credited to another taxable year's income tax liability, proportionate to the percentage of federal income tax that was claimed as a deduction in determining Minnesota income tax for such previous taxable year.

The overpayment refund or credit, determined with respect to a husband and wife on a joint federal income tax return for a previous taxable year, shall be reported on joint or separate Minnesota income tax returns. In the case of separate Minnesota returns, the overpayment shall be reported by each spouse proportionately according to the relative amounts of federal income tax claimed as a deduction on his or her separate Minnesota income tax return for such previous taxable year:

- (8) In the case of a change of residence from Minnesota to another state or nation, the amount of moving expenses which exceed total reimbursements and which were therefore deducted in arriving at federal adjusted gross income;
- (9) In the case of property disposed of on or after January 1, 1973, the amount of any increase in the taxpayer's federal tax liability under section 47 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1974, to the extent of the credit under section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1974, that was previously allowed as a deduction either under section 290.01, subdivision 20 (b) (9) or under section 290.09, subdivision 24; and
- (10) Expenses and losses arising from a farm which are not allowable under section 290.09, subdivision 29;
- (11) Expenses and depreciation attributable to substandard buildings disallowed by section 290.101;
- (12) The amount by which the gain determined pursuant to section 9, subdivision 2 of this act exceeds the amount of such gain included in federal adjusted gross income.
- (b) Modifications reducing federal adjusted gross income. There shall be subtracted from federal adjusted gross income:
- (1) Interest income on obligations of any authority, commission or instrumentality of the United States to the extent includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes but exempt from state income tax under the laws of the United States;
- (2) The portion of any gain, from the sale or other disposition of property having a higher adjusted basis for Minnesota income tax purposes than for federal income tax purposes, that does not exceed such difference in basis; but if such gain is considered a long-term capital gain for federal income tax purposes, the modification shall be limited to fifty per centum of such portion of the gain. This modification shall not be applicable if the difference in basis is due to disallowance of depreciation pursuant to section 290.101.
- (3) Interest or dividend income on securities to the extent exempt

 Changes or additions indicated by underline deletions by strikeout

from income tax under the laws of this state authorizing the issuance of such securities but includible in gross income for federal income tax purposes;

- (4) Income which does not arise from events or transactions which are assignable to Minnesota under the provisions of sections 290.17 to 290.20:
- (5) Losses, not otherwise reducing federal adjusted gross income assignable to Minnesota, arising from events or transactions which are assignable to Minnesota under the provisions of sections 290.17 to 290.20, including any capital loss or net operating loss carryforwards or carrybacks resulting from such losses;
- (6) If included in federal adjusted gross income, the amount of any overpayment of income tax to Minnesota, or any other state, for any previous taxable year, whether such amount is received as a refund or credited to another taxable year's income tax liability;
- (7) The amount of any pension or benefit which is excluded from gross income under the provisions of section 290.08, subdivision 6; and
- (8) The amount of compensation for personal services in the armed forces of the United States or the United Nations which is excluded from gross income under the provisions of section 290.65; and
- (9) In the case of property acquired on or after January 1, 1973, the amount of any credit to the taxpayer's federal tax liability under section 38 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December 31, 1974, but only to the extent that the credit is connected with or allocable against the production or receipt of income included in the measure of the tax imposed by this chapter.
- (c) Modifications affecting shareholders of electing small business corporations under section 1372 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, or section 290.972 of this chapter.
- (1) Shareholders in a small business corporation, which has elected to be so taxed under the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, but has not made an election under section 290.972 of this chapter, shall deduct from federal adjusted gross income the amount of any imputed income from such corporation and shall add to federal adjusted gross income the amount of any loss claimed as a result of such stock ownership. Also there shall be added to federal adjusted gross income the amount of any distributions in cash or property made by said corporation to its shareholders during the taxable year.
- (2) In cases where the small business corporation has made an election under section 1372 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, but has not elected under section 290.972 of this chapter and said corporation is liquidated or the individual shareholder disposes of his stock

and there is no capital loss reflected in federal adjusted gross income because of the fact that corporate losses have exhausted the shareholders basis for federal purposes, such shareholders shall be entitled, nevertheless, to a capital loss commensurate to their Minnesota basis for the stock.

(3) In cases where the election under section 1372 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 antedates the election under section 290.972 of this chapter and at the close of the taxable year immediately preceding the effective election under section 290.972 the corporation has a reserve of undistributed taxable income previously taxed to shareholders under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, in the event and to the extent that such reserve is distributed to shareholders such distribution shall be taxed as a dividend for purposes of this act.

Items of gross income includible within these definitions shall be deemed such regardless of the form in which received. Items of gross income shall be included in gross income of the taxable year in which received by a taxpayer unless properly to be accounted for as of a different taxable year under methods of accounting permitted by section 290.07, except that (1) amounts transferred from a reserve or other account, if in effect transfers to surplus, shall, to the extent that such amounts were accumulated through deductions from gross income or entered into the computation of taxable net income during any taxable year, be treated as gross income for the year in which the transfer occurs, but only to the extent that such amounts resulted in a reduction of the tax imposed by this act, and (2) amounts received as refunds on account of taxes deducted from gross income during any taxable year shall be treated as gross income for the year in which actually received, but only to the extent that such amounts resulted in a reduction of the tax imposed by this act.

- (d) Modification in computing taxable income of the estate of a decedent. Amounts allowable under section 291.07, subdivision 1(2) in computing Minnesota inheritance tax liability shall not be allowed as a deduction in computing the taxable income of the estate unless there is filed within the time and in the manner and form prescribed by the commissioner a statement that the amounts have not been allowed as a deduction under section 291.07 and a waiver of the right to have such amounts allowed at any time as deductions under section 291.07. The provisions of this paragraph shall not apply with respect to deductions allowed under section 290.077 (relating to income in respect of decedents). In the event that the election made for federal tax purposes under section 642(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 differs from the election made under this paragraph appropriate modification of the estate's federal taxable income shall be made to implement the election made under this paragraph in accordance with regulations prescribed by the commissioner.
- Sec. 13. [41.61] APPROPRIATIONS. Subdivision 1. There is appropriated from the general fund to a special account in the state trea-

sury the sum of \$10,000,000 to be invested by the state board of investment in such securities as authorized by law.

Such sums as may be needed from time to time to pay lenders for defaulted loans is appropriated from the special account to the commissioner. The sum of all outstanding family farm security loans guaranteed by the commissioner at any time shall not exceed ten times the amount of money in the special account created in this subdivision.

Subd. 2. The sum of \$800,000 from the general fund is appropriated to the commissioner to be used for payment adjustment under section 7, subdivision 2.

Subd. 3. There is appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner the sum of \$74,300 for the biennium ending June 30, 1977, for administrative expenses incurred in fulfilling the provisions of this act.

Approved April 8, 1976.

CHAPTER 211—H.F.No. 1993

[Coded in Part]

An act relating to education; providing standards for the education of handicapped children; requiring a hearing and appeals process; limiting expenditures to meet federal requirements; amending Minnesota Statutes 1974, Section 120.17, Subdivisions 3 and 4, and by adding subdivisions; and Minnesota Statutes, 1975 Supplement, Section 120.17, Subdivision 1.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes, 1975 Supplement, Section 120.17, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:

120.17 EDUCATION; STANDARDS FOR EDUCATION; HANDI-CAPPED CHILDREN. Subdivision 1. SPECIAL INSTRUCTION FOR HANDICAPPED CHILDREN. Every district shall provide special instruction and services, either within the district or in another district, for handicapped children of school age who are residents of the district and who are handicapped as set forth in section 120.03. When the provision of instruction, training, and services may result in hardship or injury to the child, the school board may appeal the mandatory provisions of Laws 1971, Chapter 689 to the commissioner of education who shall determine what provisions shall be made by the district for the education of the child. School age means the ages of four years to 21 years for children who are deaf, blind, crippled or have speech defects; and five years to 21 years for mentally retarded children; and shall not extend beyond secondary school or its equivalent. Every district may