

thereof enforced in the same manner and at the same time as is provided by law for the extension, collection, and enforcement of other town taxes.

**Sec. 2. [164.041] REMOVAL OF LEVY LIMIT; ROAD AND BRIDGE PURPOSES.** It is the intent of this legislation to remove all limitations relating specifically to the authority of a town to levy taxes for road and bridge purposes and any act for a single town or for a group of towns relating specifically to a limitation on the authority of a town to levy taxes for road and bridge purposes, however stated in mills, dollars, or a per capita amount is hereby superseded; provided that nothing in this act shall be construed to permit a levy in excess of the limitations imposed by sections 275.10 and 275.50 to 275.59.

**Sec. 3.** This act is effective the day following its final enactment.

Approved June 2, 1975.

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**CHAPTER 269—S.F.No.306**

*An act relating to courts; authorizing county boards to direct county and municipal courts to hold conciliation court sessions during the evening and on Saturday and at specified locations throughout the county or municipality; amending Minnesota Statutes 1974, Sections 487.30; 488A.13, Subdivision 5; 488A.30, Subdivision 4; and 491.02.*

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:**

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1974, Section 487.30, is amended to read:

**487.30 COURTS; CONCILIATION COURTS; EVENING SESSIONS.** Subdivision 1. The conciliation court, if established, shall hear and determine civil claims if the amount of money or property which is the subject matter of the claim does not exceed \$500 for the determination thereof without jury trial and by a simple and informal procedure. The rules of the supreme court shall provide for a right of appeal from the decision of the conciliation court to the county court for a trial on the merits.

Subd. 2. The county board in the case of a single county court district and the respective county boards in the case of a combined county court district may direct conciliation court sessions to be held at specified times during the evening and on Saturday and at specified locations throughout the district.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1974, Section 488A.13, Subdivision 5, is amended to read:

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Subd. 5. **QUARTERS FOR COURT, SUPPLIES.** The county of Hennepin shall provide suitable quarters for the court, and court may be held at any of the regular places of holding court set forth in section 488A.01, subdivision 9, clause (a), as may be designated by a majority of the judges of the court, and the applicable provisions of said section 488A.01, subdivision 12, shall apply. In addition to the regular places and times of holding court, the county board may direct conciliation court sessions to be held at specified times during the evening and on Saturday and at specified locations throughout the county. The clerk shall procure and furnish all necessary blanks, stationery, books, furniture, furnishings and other supplies for the use of the court and the officers thereof at the expense of the county with the consent of the county board and under the supervision and approval of a majority of the judges.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1974, Section 488A.30, Subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. **QUARTERS FOR COURT, SUPPLIES.** The county of Ramsey shall provide suitable quarters for the court at such places within the county as may be designated by a majority of the judges, and court shall be held at such places. In addition to the regular places and times of holding court, the county board may direct conciliation court sessions to be held at specified times during the evening and on Saturday, and at specified locations throughout the county. The administrator shall procure and furnish all necessary blanks, stationery, books, furniture, furnishings and other supplies for the use of the court and the officers thereof at the expense of the county, under the supervision and approval of a majority of the judges, with the consent of the county board.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1974, Section 491.02, is amended to read:

491.02 **DUTIES; POWERS.** The conciliation judge shall have all powers of a court of conciliation and shall exercise all the special powers conferred by this chapter. The conciliation court shall be open at such times as shall be fixed by rule of the municipal court for the hearing and determining of controversies submitted to such court in accordance with the provisions of this chapter and at evening and Saturday sessions as the county board may direct as hereinafter provided.

The county board may direct conciliation court sessions to be held at specified times during the evening and on Saturday and at specified locations throughout the municipality. When such judge is not acting as such conciliation court, under this chapter, he shall act as a regular judge of the municipal court. No costs shall be taxed to either party in this court except that the plaintiff, upon commencing any action in such court, shall pay to the clerk thereof the sum of \$3 as a filing fee which may be included in any judgment in favor of the plaintiff, but the judge may include in the settlement and judgement such

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actual disbursements of the prevailing party as are now allowed by law in civil actions, and as may seem to him just and proper, or he may refuse to include any disbursements if same shall appear just and proper, under the circumstances. The clerk and court officers of the municipal court shall be, respectively, ex officio clerk and court officers of the conciliation court, but neither the clerk nor any of these officers shall charge any fee for filing or serving any paper in any case brought under the terms of this chapter, while the same is pending in the conciliation court except said original \$3 filing fee. Causes in this court shall be conducted by the parties without attorneys, but a removal to the municipal court, as provided in this chapter, may be taken through an attorney at law.

Approved June 2, 1975.

## CHAPTER 270—S.F.No.318

[Not Coded]

*An act relating to the cities of St. Charles, Dover and Eyota and the sanitary sewer board of the Dover, Eyota and St. Charles area sanitary district in the counties of Olmsted and Winona; providing certain powers; amending Laws 1973, Chapter 160, Section 10, Subdivision 3; Section 12, Subdivisions 1 and 2; and by adding a section.*

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Laws 1973, Chapter 160, Section 10, Subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **DOVER, EYOTA AND ST. CHARLES, CITIES OF; SANITARY DISTRICT; GENERAL POWERS OF GOVERNMENT UNITS; LOCAL TAX LEVIES.** To accomplish any duty imposed on it by the board, the governing body of every government unit may, in addition to the powers granted in this act and in any other law or charter, exercise the powers granted any municipality by Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 117, 412, 429, 475, Sections 115.46, 444.075 and 471.59 with respect to the area of the government unit located in the district. In addition thereto, the governing body of every government unit located in whole or part in the district may levy taxes upon all taxable property in that part of the government unit located in the district for all or a part of the amounts payable to the board, to be assessed and extended as a tax upon such taxable property by the county auditor for the next calendar year, free from any limitation of rate or amount imposed by law or charter. Such tax shall be collected and remitted in the same manner as other general taxes of the government unit. Any ad valorem taxes levied by the governing body of a government unit to pay any sums charged to it as provided in Laws 1973, Chapter 160, Section 9 shall be considered special levies within the meaning of Minnesota

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