which will eventually achieve effective screening shall be acceptable. Plantings shall be used in connection with any fence or other non-natural screening device.

- (2) Any such junk yard or portion thereof which cannot effectively be screened shall be removed or relocated pursuant to the provisions of this section on or before July 1, 1974-1979. Any such junk yard lawfully existing on a highway which is made a part of the trunk highway system after January 1, 1972-1975, and becomes nonconforming thereby shall be effectively screened or removed or relocated within three four years thereafter. Any junk yard which comes into existence after July 1, 1971 which does not conform to this section, or which becomes nonconforming after July 1, 1971, or which becomes nonconforming after action by the commissioner pursuant to this section, is hereby declared to be a public nuisance and illegal, and the commissioner may enter upon the land where the junk yard is located and may screen the same, or may relocate or dispose of the junk yard after 90 days notice to the owner or dealer thereof, if known, or to the owner of the land. In this event, no compensation shall be paid to the owner or dealer or owner of the land, and the commissioner may collect the cost of screening, removal, relocation or disposal from the owner or dealer, if known, or from the owner of the land upon which the junk yard is located.
- (3) None of the articles commonly found in junk yards shall be allowed to remain on the grounds for more than 24 hours unless within the buildings or the properly screened area as provided herein, nor shall any junk in any junk yard be allowed to extend above existing or planned screening so as to be visible from the highway.

Approved June 2, 1975.

CHAPTER 267—S.F.No.220

An act relating to health; providing for loans to medical and osteopathy students enrolled in an accredited medical school within or without the state who agree to practice in rural communities within the state; amending Minnesota Statutes 1974. Section 147.30.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1974, Section 147.30, is amended to read:

147.30 PUBLIC HEALTH; LOANS TO MEDICAL AND OSTEOPATHY STUDENTS WHO AGREE TO PRACTICE IN RURAL COMMUNITIES. The state of Minnesota may provide loans to students for the cost of the education and living expenses during the time the recipient

Changes or additions indicated by underline deletions by strikeout

is enrolled in an accredited medical school in the state of Minnesota, or accredited school of osteopathy the graduates of which are eligible for licensure in Minnesota, and to students domiciled in Minnesota and enrolled in an accredited medical school or school of osteopathy located outside the state, if the recipient agrees in writing to practice medicine or osteopathy in a rural community in Minnesota designated as an area in need of medical doctors or osteopaths by the higher education coordinating commission. Each recipient shall execute a note to the state payable on demand for the principal amount of the loan with interest at not more than eight percent per annum the rate applicable to any particular note to be determined by the commission. Interest shall run on the principal balance from the date of the loan until the principal sum is paid said interest to be payable when the principal sum is paid: provided that the obligation to repay the principal and interest on any such loan shall be forgiven if the recipient has practiced medicine or osteopathy for three years in an area in need of medical doctors or osteopaths as designated by the higher education coordinating commission. If the recipient fails to fulfill the obligation to practice, the principal and interest on any such loan shall be payable according to the terms of the note executed by such recipient. Assistance may be granted in the amount that the commission determines sufficient for the purpose specified in this section not to exceed \$6,000 per recipient per year. Loans shall be renewed on an annual basis contingent on the good standing of the recipient in the program. No individual recipient shall receive loans to exceed \$24,000 in aggregate principal amount. The commission may delay the time for beginning practice not more than four years after the recipient has qualified to practice if the recipient wishes to seek additional medical or osteopathic training.

Approved June 2, 1975.

CHAPTER 268—S.F.No.282

[Coded in Part]

An act relating to towns; removing the levy limit for road and bridge purposes; amending Minnesota Statutes 1974, Section 164.04, Subdivision 2.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1974, Section 164.04, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. TOWNS; ROAD AND BRIDGE LEVY; FIXED AT ANNUAL TOWN MEETING. The electors of each town shall have power at their annual town meeting to determine the amount of money which shall be raised by taxation for road and bridge purposes; not exceeding eight and one-third mills per dollar on the taxable property of the town. The tax so voted shall be extended, collected, and payment

Changes or additions indicated by underline deletions by strikeout