- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 490.15, is amended to read:
- 490.15 ESTABLISHMENT: COMPOSITION. The commission on judicial standards is established and consists of one judge of the district court, one judge of a municipal court, one judge of the probate county court, two lawyers who have practiced law in the state for ten years and four citizens who are not judges, retired judges or lawyers. The commission may employ or appoint an executive secretary. Members representing the district, municipal and probate county courts shall be appointed by their respective judicial organizations and the lawyer members shall be appointed by the board of governors of the Minnesota state bar association. The citizen members shall be appointed by the governor with the advice and consent of the senate. The term of each member shall be four years, except that one of the lawyer members and two of the citizen members first appointed shall serve for two years. No member shall serve more than two full four-year terms or their equivalent. Membership terminates if a member ceases to hold the position that qualified him for appointment. Members serve without compensation, but shall be reimbursed for necessary expenses incurred in the performance of their duties.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 490.17, is repealed.

 Approved May 11, 1973.

CHAPTER 215—H.F.No.1624

An act relating to voting machines; substituting secretary of state for the attorney general on the Minnesota voting machine commission; amending Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 206.08.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

' Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 206.08, is amended to read:

206.08 VOTING MACHINES; MINNESOTA VOTING MACHINE COMMISSION CREATED. There is hereby created a body to be known as the Minnesota voting machine commission, consisting of three members, including the attorney general secretary of state, who shall be chairman.

Changes or additions indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.

There shall be appointed as members of the commission, two competent and responsible persons, who shall be master mechanics or graduates of a school of mechanical engineering.

The governor shall appoint one of the members and the attorney general secretary of state the other.

None of the members of the commission shall, directly or indirectly, have any pecuniary interest in any voting machine. The appointees shall serve for a term of four years from the date of appointment and until their successors are in like manner appointed. The appointing power may fill vacancies in the commission. The members of the commissions so appointed shall qualify without delay by taking and filing with the secretary of state an oath of office in writing in the usual form, and shall elect one of their members to be secretary and one to be treasurer.

Any person, company, or corporation, owning or being interested in any voting machine may apply to the commission to examine such machine and to report as to its compliance with the requirements of the law and on its accuracy, durability, efficiency and capacity to register the will of the electors. The commission shall thereupon examine the machine so submitted, and make and file its report thereon. The examination shall not be required as to each individual machine, but only as to each particular kind or type of machine, before its adoption, use or purchase as provided herein.

The report of the commission shall be signed by the attorney general secretary of state and at least one other member, and shall be filed with the secretary of state within ten days after the close of said examination.

If, from the report, it shall appear that in the opinion of the commission, the kind of machine so examined complies with the requirements of this chapter and can be used safely at elections in this state, under the conditions prescribed by this chapter, and by the laws of the state where the same do not conflict herewith, then the said machine shall be deemed approved by the said commission, and machines of its kind may be adopted and purchased for use, and may be used at elections in this state as herein provided. No form of voting machine not so approved may be used at any election in this state. The attorney general secretary of state shall have authority to adopt regulations, consistent with this chapter, relating to general use of approved electronic voting machines.

The commission may license any electronic voting system for experimental use at any election prior to its approval for general use. Such experimental use shall be observed by the commission or any person designated by them and the results so observed shall be considered at any proceedings for approval for general use there-

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after. The attorney general secretary of state shall have authority to adopt regulations, consistent with this chapter, relating to such experimental use. The extent of such experimental use shall be determined by the commission; provided that the governing body of any municipality licensed to use an electronic voting system for the state general election in 1966 may provide for the use of an electronic voting system in all precincts of such municipality at any or all elections in the two years following July 1, 1967, without obtaining the consent of the commission.

As the examination fee herein, the application shall be accompanied by the sum of \$150 which shall be deposited in the state treasury to be expended in conformity with this paragraph. There shall be deducted from the amount of such deposit all expenses incurred by the commission in the discharge of its duties. The remainder of such deposit shall be paid in equal parts to the members of the commission other than the attorney general secretary of state as full compensation for their services and expense herein. Such moneys as are necessary to carry out the terms and provisions of this paragraph are hereby appropriated annually to the commission from the general fund in the state treasury.

Approved May 11, 1973.

CHAPTER 216—S.F.No.531

[Coded]

An act relating to deceptive trade practices; making the law relating thereto uniform with that of certain other states.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

- Section 1. [325.771] UNIFORM DECEPTIVE TRADE PRACTICES ACT; DEFINITIONS. Subdivision 1. As used in sections 1 to 6, unless the context otherwise requires; the terms defined in this section have the meanings ascribed to them.
- Subd. 2. "Article" means a product as distinguished from its trademark, label, or distinctive dress in packaging.
- Subd. 3. "Certification mark" means a mark used in connection with the goods or services of a person other than the certifier to indicate geographic origin, material, mode of manufacture, quality, accuracy, or other characteristics of the goods or services or to indicate that the work or labor on the goods or services was performed by members of a union or other organization.

Changes or additions indicated by underline, deletions by strikeout.