public authorities in extraordinary emergencies nor restrict the power and authority of the department of public service as provided for in other provisions of law. Provided, however, that in the event any local subdivision of government has enacted ordinances relating to the method of installation or requiring underground installation of such community antenna television lines, the permit granted by the commissioner of highways shall require compliance with such local ordinance.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 222.37, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:

222,37 PUBLIC ROADS; USE, RESTRICTION. Subdivision 1. Any water power, telegraph, telephone, pneumatic tube, community antenna television, or electric light, heat, or power company may use public roads for the purpose of constructing, using, operating, and maintaining lines, subways, canals, or conduits, for their business, but such lines shall be so located as in no way to interfere with the safety and convenience of ordinary travel along or over the same; and, in the construction and maintenance of such line, subway, canal, or conduit, the company shall be subject to all reasonable regulations imposed by the governing body of any county, town, village, borough or city in which such public road may be. Nothing herein shall be construed to grant to any person any rights for the maintenance of a telegraph, telephone, pneumatic tube, community antenna television system, light, heat, or power system within the corporate limits of any city or, village or borough until such person shall have obtained the right to maintain such system within such city or, village or borough, or for a period beyond that for which the right to operate such system is granted by such city or, village or borough.

Approved May 23, 1973.

CHAPTER 569—S.F.No.1374

An act relating to elections; nomination, affidavits and election of county court judges; amending Minnesota Statutes 1971, Sections 202.03, Subdivision 1; 202.04, Subdivisions 1 and 3; 203.41; 487.03, Subdivision 2; and repealing Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 487.03, Subdivision 3.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 202.03, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- 202.03 COUNTY COURTS; ELECTION OF JUDGES; NON-PARTISAN NOMINATION. Subdivision 1. OFFICES, BALLOT. The chief justice and the associate justices of the supreme court, judges of the district and, probate and county courts, all members of the state legislature, and all elective county officers shall be nominated upon separate nonpartisan ballots, as hereinafter provided. The ballot shall be designated "ballot of candidates to be nominated without party designation."
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 202.04, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 202.04 AFFIDAVIT OF CANDIDACY. Subdivision 1. FIL-ING, DATE. Not more than 70 nor less than 56 days before the primary election any eligible person who desires to have his name placed on the primary ballot as a candidate for any elective office to be filled at the general election, except presidential electors, shall file his affidavit with the secretary of state when to be voted for in more than one county, and with the county auditor when to be voted for in a single county stating the following:
- (a) That he is a qualified voter in the subdivision where he seeks nomination;
 - (b) The name of his political party if for a partisan office;
 - (c) The office for which he desires to be a candidate;
- (d) That he has not filed as a candidate for any other office at the same primary election;
- (e) That he is, or will be on general election day, 21 years of age or more, and 30 days resident in the district from which he seeks election;
- (f) If tiling to be a United States senator, that on the next January 3 he will be 30 years of age or more and nine years a citizen of the United States;
- (g) If filing to be a United States representative, that on the next January 3, or in the case of an election to fill a vacancy within 21 days after the election, he will be 25 years of age or more and seven years a citizen of the United States;
- (h) If filing to be governor or lieutenant governor, that on the first Monday of the next January he will be 25 years of age or more and on general election day he will have been a resident of Minnesota for one year;

- (i) If filing to be a supreme court justice, a district court judge, a probate judge, county court judge or a municipal judge that he is learned in the law as defined by section 488.06 or other law;
- (j) If filing to be a senator or representative in the legislature, that on election day he will have resided in the state for not less than one year and in the legislative district from which he seeks election for not less than six months;
- (k) If for a partisan office, that he affiliated with his political party at the last general election, and either that he did not vote thereat or voted for a majority of the candidates of the political party at the election, and intends to so vote at the ensuing election.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 202.04, Subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- Subd. 3. JUDICIAL CANDIDATES, DESIGNATION OF TERM. In addition to the statements required to be set forth in subdivision 1 any person who files as a candidate for the office of associate justice of the supreme court of, as a candidate for the office of judge of the district court, or as a candidate for the office of county court judge, shall state in his affidavit of candidacy the office of the particular justice or judge for which he is a candidate. The filing of the affidavit of candidacy and a compliance with all other requirements of this section and section 202.05 makes the person a candidate for that nonpartisan office only.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 203.41, is amended to read:
- 203.41 JUDICIAL OFFICE. Subdivision 1. NOTICE OF ELECTION. Each justice of the supreme court and each district or county court judge is deemed to hold a separate nonpartisan office. When one or more justices of the supreme court or one or more judges in a judicial or county court district are to be nominated at the same primary election or elected at the same general election, the notice of election shall state the name of each justice or judge whose successor is to be nominated or elected.
- Subd. 2. BALLOT, FORM. The official ballot shall contain the names of all candidates for each judicial office, and it shall state the number of candidates for whom an elector may vote. The official ballot shall designate each office as:

"For the office of associate (or chief justice) of the supreme court to which was elected for the regular name of justice

term," or "to which was appointed." name of justice

or in the case of the district court:

"for the office of judge of the district court of judicial district to which was elected for name of judge the regular term," or "to which was appointed," name of judge or in the case of the county court:

"for the office of judge of the county court of the county or counties of to which name of judge

was elected for the regular term," or:

"for the office of judge of the county court of the county or was appointed,"

as the case may be. The ballots for both the primary and general elections shall show the names of the justice or judge whose successor is to be elected at the general election, and in the case of a district court judge, the number of the judicial district, in the spaces provided for that purpose. Where voting machines are used and the statements provided in this section cannot be inserted because of length, the designation shall be:

"Successor to elected (or appointed)."

The office of judge of the district court of Hennepin county, Juvenile Court Division, shall also be designated on the ballot in conformity with section 260.021.

- Subd. 3. INCUMBENT, DESIGNATION. In any case when the chief justice, associate justice, or judge is a candidate to succeed himself, the word, "incumbent" shall be printed after his name where it appears among the names of the candidates for the office.
- Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 487.03, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. ELECTION. (1) Each judge shall be elected at the general election for a term of six years, beginning on the first Monday of the January next following his election and until his successor qualifies. Each-judge holds a separate nonpartisan office. When one or more judges of the court are to be nominated or elected at a primary or general election, the notice of election shall state the name of the judge, if any, whose successor is to be elected or nominated.

- (2) Each person desiring to have his name placed upon the primary ballot as a candidate for judge, except as provided in (3) of this subdivision, shall state in his affidavit of candidacy the office of the particular judge for which he is a candidate. The filing of this affidavit with the county auditor in each county of the county court district and compliance with all other requirements of law constitutes a person a candidate for that office. No person shall be a candidate for more than one county court judgeship at any election.
- (3) In any election following reduction of the number of county court judges pursuant to section 487.01, subdivision 7 the requirement contained in Minnesota Statutes, Section 202.04, Subdivision 3 that a candidate for office of judge state the office for which he is a candidate shall not apply. In such a situation all parties filing for office of judge shall run against each other for the remaining seats. However, each candidate who otherwise would have qualified to have the word "incumbent" printed after his name on the ballot pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, Section 203.41, Subdivision 3 shall retain this right.
- Sec. 6. <u>Minnesota Statutes 1971, Section 487.03, Subdivision 3, is repealed.</u>

Approved May 23, 1973.

CHAPTER 570—S.F.No.1404

[Coded in Part]

An act relating to veterans; the enforcement of veterans' preference rights by the commissioner of veterans affairs; authorizing the attorney general to represent veterans in certain cases; appropriating money; amending Minnesota Statutes 1971, Chapter 197, by adding a section.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1971, Chapter 197, is amended by adding a section to read:

[197.481] VETERANS; ENFORCEMENT OF RIGHTS. Subdivision 1. PETITION. A veteran who has been denied rights by the state or any political subdivision, municipality, or other public agency of the state under sections 43.30, 197.45, 197.46, 197.47, and 197.48 may petition the commissioner of veterans affairs for an