indicate the limitations imposed and the chauffeur operating under such limited license shall have such license in his immediate possession at all times when operating as a chauffeur. Such a limited chauffeur's license may also be issued by the secretary of state when in his judgment the privileges of a chauffeur should be limited in that manner because of convictions of other than major offenses against the traffic laws or ordinances or other conditions pertaining to the chauffeur's qualifications.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1967, Section 171.12, Subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- Subd. 2. Accident reports and abstracts of court records of conviction filed. The department shall file all accident reports and abstracts of court records of convictions received by it under the laws of this state and its political subdivisions, and in connection therewith maintain convenient records or make suitable notations in order that an individual record of each licensee showing the convictions of such licensee and the traffic accidents in which he has been involved shall be readily ascertainable and available for the consideration of the department upon any application for renewal of license and the revocation, suspension, or limitation of licenses. No record shall be maintained of a conviction of any Minnesota resident for an offense committed while operating a vehicle as a chauffeur in any other state or Canadian province unless such state or province is one with which Minnesota engages in reciprocal reporting of convictions.

Approved May 28, 1969.

## CHAPTER 872-H. F. No. 1425

An act relating to education; acceptance of federal aid to education by the state; amending Minnesota Statutes 1967, Section 124.62, Subdivision 1

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1967, Section 124.62, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 124.62 Education; acceptance of federal aid. Subdivision 1. In the event that the United States enacts legislation providing educational assistance to the states for the purpose of
- (1) General improvement of public elementary and secondary schools,

Changes or additions indicated by italies, deletions by strikeout.

- Improvement of school library service,
- (3) Improvement of health, welfare, and recreational service in the public schools,
  - (4) Improvement of nursery schools and kindergartens,
  - (5) Improvement of services for handicapped pupils,
- (6) Improvement of educational and vocational guidance activities,
  - (7) Improvement of vocational education,
  - (8) Improvement of rehabilitation and placement services,
- (9) Improvement of technical and vocational institutes of secondary grade,
- (10) Stimulation and improvement of parttime, civic, vocational and general adult education and recreational activities conducted by school systems,
  - (11) Transportation of pupils,
  - (12) Purchase of books and instructional material,
  - (13) Provision of scholarships,
  - (14) Improvement of teacher preparation,
  - (15) Construction of school buildings,
- (16) Facilitating administration in state department of education,
- (17) Stimulating and facilitating adequate <del>rural</del> library services <del>and</del>,
- (18) Stimulating and improving school lunch and milk programs, breakfast programs and other school oriented food programs,
- (19) Providing donated foods for schools, institutions, summer camps and welfare programs,
- (20) Providing for the initiation, maintenance, or expansion of nonprofit food service programs for children in service institutions. Service institutions means private, nonprofit institutions or public institutions, such as child day-care centers, settlement houses, or recreation centers, which provide day care, or other child care where children are not maintained in residence, for children from areas in which poor economic conditions exist and from areas in which there are

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high concentrations of working mothers, and includes public and private nonprofit institutions providing day care services for handicapped children, and

(18) (21) Making provision for educational research, planning and demonstrations, or for one or any combination of the above purposes,

At a time when the legislature is not in session, the governor shall have power to accept the provisions of such act or acts of congress of the United States, or to accept such parts or provisions as may be separately acceptable, by executive order, upon recommendation of the state board and pending further action by the legislature.

Approved May 28, 1969.

## CHAPTER 873-H. F. No. 1755

## [Not Coded]

An act relating to the probate-juvenile court of Winona county; authorizing the appointment of a referee; specifying his powers, duties, and compensation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

- Section 1. Winona county; probate-juvenile court; referee. Subdivision 1. The judge of probate-juvenile court in Winona county may appoint one or more attorneys admitted to the practice of law in this state as referee in probate-juvenile court. The appointment shall be in writing and filed with the court. The referee holds office at the pleasure of the judge who appoints him.
- Subd. 2. The judge may assign to the referee so appointed the same duties as may be assigned to a referee under Minnesota Statutes, Section 260.031. The referee assigned duties under this subdivision has the same powers as a referee has under section 260.031. Procedures applicable to matters heard before a referee appointed under section 260.031 are applicable to matters heard before the referee assigned duties under this subdivision.
- Subd. 3. The judge also may assign to the referee appointed under this section the same duties as may be assigned to a referee under Minnesota Statutes, Sections 525.10 to 525.103. The provisions of section 525.10 relating to bonding apply to a referee who is

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