and 7, (exclusive of special assessments, delinquent interest and charges for service) levied on a claimant's homestead in 1967 or any calendar year thereafter pursuant to Minnesota Statutes 1965, Chapters 272 and 273. When a homestead is owned by two or more persons or entities as joint tenants or tenants in common and one or more persons or entities is not a member of claimant's household, "property taxes accrued" is that part of property taxes levied on such homestead as reflects the ownership percentage of the claimant and his household. For purposes of this paragraph property taxes are "levied" when the tax roll is delivered to the local treasurer for collection. When a claimant and his household own their homestead part of the preceding calendar year and rent the same or a different homestead for part of the same year "property taxes accrued" means only taxes levied on the homestead when both owned and occupied as such by claimant and his household at the time of the levy, multiplied by the percentage of 12 months that such property was owned and occupied by such household as its homestead during the preceding year. When a household owns and occupies two or more different homesteads in the same calendar year, property taxes accrued shall relate only to that property occupied by the household as a homestead on the levy date. Whenever a homestead is an integral part of a larger unit such as a farm, or a multi-purpose or multi-dwelling building, property taxes accrued shall be that percentage of the total property taxes accrued as the value of the homestead is of the total value except that the claimant may use the total property taxes accrued for the larger unit, but not exceeding 40 80 acres of land, except as the limitations of section 290.0608 apply. For the purpose of sections 290,0601 to 290,0617, the "unit" refers to that parcel of property covered by a single tax statement of which the homestead is a part.

Sec. 3. Effective date. This act shall be effective with respect to all taxable years commencing on or after January 1, 1968.

Approved February 21, 1969.

## CHAPTER 18—S. F. No. 110

An act relating to depositories of public funds; authorizing hospital districts to receive collateral of public depositories other than surety bonds; amending Minnesota Statutes 1967, Sections 118.01; 118.10; and 118.11.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by strikeout:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1967, Section 118.01, is amended to read:

Depositories; hospital districts; depository bonds. 118.01 Any bank or trust company authorized to do a banking business in this state, designated as a depository of county, city, village, borough, town, school district, hospital district, or county sanitarium commission funds as provided by law may, in lieu of the corporate or personal surety bond required to be furnished to secure such funds, deposit with the treasurer of the municipality making such designations, such bonds, certificates of indebtedness, or warrants, except bonds secured by real estate, as are legally authorized investments for savings banks under the laws of the state, or the bonds of any of the insular possessions of the United States, or the bonds of any state, or its agency, the payment of the principal and interest of which, or either, is provided for otherwise than by direct taxation, or notes secured by first mortgages of future maturity, upon which interest is not past due, on improved real estate free from delinquent taxes, within the county wherein the bank or trust company is located, or within counties immediately adjoining such county in the state of Minnesota. The total in amount of such collateral computed at its market value shall be at least ten percent more than the limit of deposit which would be permitted if a corporate or personal surety bond was furnished. The depository may at its discretion furnish both a bond and collateral aggregating the required amount. Any collateral so deposited shall be accompanied by an assignment thereof to the municipality designating such depository, which assignment shall recite that such depository shall pay over to the treasurer or his order on demand or, if a time deposit, when due, free of exchange or any other charges, all moneys deposited therein at any time during the period such collateral shall be so deposited and to pay the interest thereon when due at the agreed rate; and that, in case of any default upon the part of the depository, the governing body of the municipality making the designation shall have full power and authority to sell such collateral, or as much thereof as may be necessary to realize the full amount due the municipality and to pay over any surplus to the depository or its assigns. A depository may in its discretion deposit collateral of a value less than the total designation and may from time to time, during the period of its designation, deposit additional collateral and make withdrawals of excess collateral or substitute other collateral for that on deposit or any part thereof. Authority is vested in the treasurer to return the collateral to the depository when the trust so created is terminated and he shall, in the case of a reduction of the deposit, permit the depository to withdraw the excess portion thereof. All interest on the collateral so deposited when collected shall be paid

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to the depository so long as it is not in default. Before any collateral is deposited with the treasurer it shall first be approved by the same authority that designated the depository, but no such authority shall be necessary for the withdrawal of collateral. The closing of a depository shall be deemed a default upon the part of the depository and no demand upon the part of the municipality or its treasurer shall be necessary to establish such default. If a depository shall close, any time deposit placed therein shall immediately become due and payable. If both bond and collateral are furnished by a depository, all or any part of the collateral may be withdrawn without in any way impairing the full force and effect of the bond unless it shall contain a provision that the collateral shall not be withdrawn without the consent of the surety thereon. If a corporate surety bond is furnished by a depository, it shall be in a penal sum not to exceed the amount designated as the limit of deposit therein, notwithstanding any other provisions of law to the contrary. At no time shall the treasurer maintain a deposit in any depository against collateral in excess of 90 percent of the market value thereof. Any provision of law authorizing any county, city, village, borough, town, school district, hospital district, or county sanitarium commission to designate banks as depositories shall be construed to include trust companies authorized to do a banking business. All bonds furnished under the provisions of this section shall be approved by the governing body of the municipality making such designation and filed in the office of the county auditor as provided by section 124.05, and all collateral deposited under the provisions of this section shall be approved by the governing body of the municipality making such designation and after such approval deposited with the treasurer of such municipality, unless the governing body of such municipality shall by resolution fix and determine some other place for the safe-keeping of such collateral. Such collateral shall not be redeposited in the bank or trust company furnishing the same.

Any banking corporation pledging such securities, at any time it deems it advisable or desirable, may substitute obligations of the United States of America for all or any part of the securities pledged. The collateral so substituted shall be approved by the treasurer of the county, or by the governing body of the city, village, borough, town, school district, hospital district, or county sanitarium commission making such designation at its next official meeting.

Such securities so substituted shall, at the time of substitution, have a market value sufficient, together with the market value of the original securities for which no substitution is made, to equal or exceed \$110 for every \$100 of public deposits.

In the event of such substitution the holder or custodian of the

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securities shall, on the same day, forward by registered or certified mail to the public corporation and the depository bank, a receipt specifically describing and identifying both the securities so substituted and those released and returned to the depository bank.

"Municipality" for the purpose of this section means county, city, village, borough, town, school district, hospital district, or county sanitarium commission.

- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1967, Section 118.10, is amended to read:
- Depositories insured under federal act excused from giving security to extent of insurance coverage. No bank or trust company authorized to do a banking business in this state, designated as a depository of state, county, village, borough, town, school district, hospital district, or county sanitarium commission funds, and cities howsoever organized, as provided by law, the deposits of which bank or trust company are insured in whole or in part under the provisions of the act of Congress of the United States of June 16, 1933. creating the federal deposit insurance corporation and the temporary federal deposit insurance fund, shall be required to furnish any corporate or personal surety bond, or deposit any collateral in lieu of bond, to secure such funds, in so far as such funds shall constitute "insured deposit liabilities" of such bank or trust company within the provisions of that act of Congress. Nothing in this section shall be construed to release any bank or trust company from furnishing surety bond or collateral for all deposits in excess of the insurance afforded by the national banking act.
- Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1967, Section 118.11, is amended to read:
- 118.11 Limitation of deposits not dependent on capital and surplus; application. No designation of a bank or trust company as a depository of state, county, town, city, village, borough, school district, hospital district, or county sanitarium commission funds and no deposit of such funds in such designated depository shall be limited by the amount of the capital or surplus of such depository, but the authority designating such depository may nevertheless fix the limit of deposit to be made therein and shall require security therefor as provided by law.

This section shall apply to all cities, villages, and boroughs, however organized.

Approved February 21, 1969.

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by strikeout.