which the amount in controversy does not exceed the sum of $4,000
$6,000, exclusive of interest and costs.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1965, Section 488A.021, Subdivision 1, is amended to read:

488A.021 Judges. Subdivision 1. Number of judges. There are 44 16 judges of the municipal court of the county of Hennepin.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 1965, Section 488A.10, Subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. Trials by judge without jury. In a trial upon a charge of violation of any municipal ordinance, charter provision, rule or regulation the defendant shall have the right to a jury trial on such a charge. A charge of a violation of any municipal ordinance, charter provision, rule or regulation, other than a violation dealing with driving while under the influence of an alcoholic beverage or narcotic drug, speeding that is a third or further offense occurring in one year, or careless or reckless driving where a personal injury is involved, shall be heard, tried and determined by a judge without a jury, and the defendant shall have no right to a jury trial on such a charge, except as otherwise required by law. In the event of such trial without jury, there shall be a right of appeal as provided in Minnesota Statutes. Section 488.20; and provided further that where there has been a conviction in a trial without jury as provided above, the commissioner of highways shall not by reason thereof revoke or suspend the defendant's driver's license.

Approved June 2, 1967.

EXTRA SESSION
CHAPTER 51—S. F. No. 30
[Not Coded]

An act relating to the legislature; proposing an amendment to Article IV, Section 11 of the Constitution of the state of Minnesota; allowing the legislature three days after an adjournment to present bills to the governor; allowing the governor 14 days after an adjournment to sign or veto a bill.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by strikeout:
Section 1. Legislature; veto power; constitutional amendment. An amendment to Article IV of the Constitution of the state, Section 11 is hereby proposed to the people of the state for their approval or rejection, which section when amended shall read as follows:

Sec. 11. Every bill which shall have passed the Senate and the House of Representatives, in conformity to the rules of each house and the joint rules of the two houses, shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the governor of the state. If he approves, he shall sign and deposit it in the office of secretary of state for preservation, and notify the house where it originated of the fact. But if not, he shall return it, with his objections, to the house in which it shall have originated; when such objections shall be entered at large on the journal of the same, and the house shall proceed to reconsider the bill. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of that house shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered; and if it be approved by two-thirds of that house it shall become a law. But in all such cases the votes of both houses shall be determined by yeas and nays, and the names of the persons voting for or against the bill shall be entered on the journal of each house, respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law in like manner as if he had signed it, unless the legislature, by adjournment within that time, prevents its return. Bills may be presented to the governor during the three days following the day of the final adjournment of the legislature and the legislature may prescribe the method of performing the acts necessary to present bills to the governor after adjournment. The governor may approve, sign and file in the office of the secretary of state, within 14 days after the adjournment of the legislature, any act passed during the last three days of the session, and the same shall become a law. If any bill passed during the last three days of the session is not signed and filed within 14 days after the adjournment, it shall not become a law.

If any bill presented to the governor contain several items of appropriation of money, he may object to one or more of such items, while approving of the other portion of the bill. In such case he shall append to the bill, at the time of signing it, a statement of the items to which he objects, and the appropriation so objected to shall not take effect. If the legislature be in session, he shall transmit to the house in which the bill originated a copy of such statement, and the items objected to shall be separately reconsidered. If, on reconsideration, one or more of such items be approved by two-thirds of the members elected to each house, the same shall be a part of the law,

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by strikeout.
notwithstanding the objections of the governor. All the provisions of this section, in relation to bills not approved by the governor, shall apply in cases in which he shall withhold his approval from any item or items contained in a bill appropriating money.

Sec. 2. This proposed amendment shall be submitted to the people of the state for their approval or rejection at the general election for the year 1968 in the manner provided by law for the submission of amendments to the Constitution. The ballots used at the election shall have printed thereon:

"Shall the Constitution of the State of Minnesota be amended to give the legislature three days after adjournment to present bills to the governor and to give the governor 14 days in which to sign or veto bills passed during the last three days of a session?

Yes________________

No________________"

Approved June 2, 1967.

EXTRA SESSION

CHAPTER 52—S. F. No. 51

[Coded in Part]

An act relating to the parolee loan fund of the department of corrections; amending Minnesota Statutes 1965, Section 241.25, Subdivision 4 and by adding a subdivision.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1965, Section 241.25, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. Parolee loan fund; imprest fund, use. The commissioner of corrections may use the money in the imprest fund of his department to make emergency loans as provided in subdivision 3 and to meet other emergencies.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1965, Section 241.25, Subdivision 4, is amended to read as follows:

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by strikeout: