nanced by the issuance and sale of county welfare deficiency bonds, said bonds to be issued and sold subject to the provisions of Laws 1927, Chapter 131, as amended, except that a vote of the people shall not be required and the last maturity of said bonds shall not be later than three years from the date of issue; provided further that the board of county commissioners by a five-sevenths vote may, in lieu of the five mill deficiency levy provided above, and in lieu of issuing welfare deficiency bonds, provide for the retirement of the deficiency existing in any one year or for a period of years, by a deficiency levy in such amount as the board may decide so as to pay off said deficiency over a period of years.

Sec. 2. This act shall become effective only after its approval by a majority vote of the members of the county board of St. Louis county, and a majority vote of the members of the county welfare board of St. Louis county, and upon compliance with the provisions of Laws of 1959, Chapter 368.

Approved April 14, 1961.

## CHAPTER 346—H. F. No. 1267

An act relating to rights of parent or guardian to maintain an action for injury of a minor child in civil cases, and relating to deposits of the recovery; amending Minnesota Statutes 1957, Section 540.08.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1957, Section 540.08, is amended to read:

540.08 Injury to child or ward; suit by parent or guardian. A father may maintain an action for the injury of his minor child. When such father has deserted his family or is dead the mother of such minor child may maintain the action. When custody of the injured child has been granted to either parent by a court having jurisdiction, that parent may maintain the action. A general guardian may maintain an action for the injury of his ward. A guardian of a dependent, neglected, or delinquent child, appointed by a court having jurisdiction, may maintain an action for the injury of such child. If no such action is brought by the father or mother, an action for the injury may be brought by a guardian ad litem, either before or after the death of such parent.

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by strikeout.

Before any such parent receives any property as a result of any such action, he shall file such bond as the court prescribes and approves as security therefor. In lieu of this bond, upon petition of the parent, the court may order that the property so received shall be invested in securities issued by the United States, which shall be deposited pursuant to the order of the court, or such property shall be deposited as or added to a savings account in a bank, savings and loan association, or trust company, subject to the order of the court. A copy of the court's order and the evidence of such deposit shall be filed with the clerk of such court. No settlement or compromise of any such action is valid unless it is approved by a judge of the court in which the action is pending.

Approved April 14, 1961.

## CHAPTER 347—H. F. No. 1322

## [Coded]

An act relating to auxiliary forests; providing for new contracts and modification of prior contracts upon division of ownership of land by transfer of title; amending Minnesota Statutes 1957, Section 88.49, as amended by Laws 1959, Chapters 130 and 561, by adding a new subdivision.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1957, Section 88.49, as amended by Laws 1959, Chapters 130 and 561, is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

Subd. 11. Auxiliary forests; transfer of title; procedure on division. The title to the land in an auxiliary forest or any part thereof is subject to transfer in the same manner as the title to other real estate, subject to the auxiliary forest contract therefor and to applicable provisions of law. In case the ownership of such a forest is divided into two or more parts by any transfer or transfers of title and the owners of all such parts desire to have the same made separate auxiliary forests, they may join in a verified application therefor to the county board of the county in which the forest is situated in a form prescribed by the commissioner of conservation. If the county board determines that each of the parts into which the forest has been divided is suitable and sufficient for a separate auxiliary forest as provided by law, it

Changes or additions indicated by italics, deletions by strikeout.