

in the theory and practice of cosmetology, and no part of such course shall be offered at a separate location from the school without approval of the board.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 155.11, Subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. An approved school shall maintain upon its staff one full time competent and qualified instructor for each 20 students, or fraction thereof, and such school shall give and require a course of training and instruction of 1,500 hours of classroom work, divided into classified hours conforming with the curriculum issued by the board, these hours not to exceed eight hours per day, to include both practical instruction and study and recitation in sanitation, sterilization, and the use of antiseptic consistent with the practical and theoretical requirements as applicable to and as provided in this chapter, and shall comply with all rules and regulations relating to schools as in this chapter contained. Where the registrant in a school is enrolled for the entire beauty course, then the requirements set forth by this chapter relating to the hours of study in manicuring may be modified at the discretion of the board. *All teachers of cosmetology shall be required to register with the board.*

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 155.02, is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

[Subd. 8.] *A registered cosmetologist is any person licensed under Subdivision 2. Such person shall be entitled to use the designation "Registered Cosmetologist" or the initials "R.C." after his name.*

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 155.02, is amended by adding a new subdivision to read:

[Subd. 9.] *Whenever the word "school" is used herein said word shall also mean "branch" and each branch shall be subject to the provisions applicable to a school.*

Approved April 29, 1957.

CHAPTER 925—H. F. No. 2078

An act relating to the practice of chiropody; amending Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 153.08, as amended, and Section 153.15, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 153.08, as

amended by Laws 1957, Chapter 192, Section 4, is amended to read:

153.08 Unprofessional conduct. The board may after hearing refuse to issue a certificate to any person, or may revoke the certificate and cancel the registration of any person registered under the provisions of this chapter, who after investigation shall be found by a majority vote of the board guilty of grossly unprofessional and dishonest conduct. The words "unprofessional and dishonest conduct" shall be held to mean, within the provisions of this chapter:

- (1) The willing betrayal of a professional secret;
- (2) Having professional connection with, or lending the use of one's name to, an unregistered chiropodist, or having professional connection with anyone who has been convicted in court of any criminal offense;
- (3) Being guilty of offenses involving moral turpitude, habitual intemperance, or being habitually addicted to the use of morphine, opium, cocaine or other drugs having a similar effect, or for using, selling, or giving away any substance or compound containing alcohol or drugs for other than legal and legitimate purposes;
- (4) Practice of chiropody with any type of business establishment other than an approved hospital or medical clinic or accredited college or university, or private office or association with another chiropodist or medical practitioner; *provided that any chiropodist may practice with any existing business establishment where chiropody is presently being practiced.*
- (5) Violation of any of the provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 153.15, as amended by Laws 1957, Chapter 192, Section 7, is amended to read:

153.15 Any person who shall unlawfully obtain registration under this chapter, whether by false or untrue statements contained in his application to the board or by presenting to the board a fraudulent diploma, certificate, or license, or one fraudulently obtained, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor; and, upon conviction thereof, punished by a fine of not less than \$25 nor more than \$100 or by imprisonment for not less than 30 nor more than 90 days; and any person not being lawfully authorized to practice chiropody in this state and registered as aforesaid, who shall advertise as a chiropodist in any form, or hold himself out to the public as a

chiroprapist, or who shall attempt to mislead any person or the public into assuming that he or she is licensed, or who, not being duly licensed to practice medicine, osteopathy, or chiropractic in this state, shall offer to diagnose or treat the ailments of the human foot, or who shall diagnose or treat the ailments of the human foot by medicinal, mechanical, or surgical means, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; and, upon conviction thereof, for each offense, punished by a fine of not less than \$25 nor more than \$100 or by imprisonment for not less than 30 nor more than 90 days; provided, *that the simple sale of shoes, appliances or similar devices including arch supports and the adjustment thereof, or the sale of heel pads, cushions or other devices shall not be considered the practice of chiroprody; however the adjusting of, or the addition of corrective wedging of said shoes, appliances or similar devices for correction of feet ailments except as provided above shall be by prescription of a licensed practitioner under the terms of this chapter. Provided, however, that no appliance prescribed by a chiroprapist for the prevention, correction or relief of foot ailments or troubles shall be in any manner altered, adjusted or readjusted by any person other than licensed practitioner of chiroprody.*

It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to publish directly or indirectly or circulate any fraudulent, false, or misleading statements as to the skill or method of practice of any person or operator in the practice of chiroprody, or in any way to advertise chiroprody as to be practiced without pain, or to advertise in any manner with a view to deceiving the public, or to claim superiority over other chiroprapists, or to publish reports of cases or certificates of same in any advertising media, or to advertise as using any anaesthetic, drug, formula, material, medicine, method, or system, or to advertise fee chiroprody services or examinations, or to advertise any amount as a price or fee for the service of any person engaged in the practice of chiroprody. Any licensed and registered chiroprapist may announce by way of a professional card containing only the name, title, degree, office location, office hours, telephone number, and residence address and telephone number, if desired, and if he limits his practice to a specialty he may announce it, but such card shall not be greater in size than eight column inches, and such information may be inserted in public print when not more than two columns in width and four inches in depth; outdoor or similar signs shall not exceed 12 by 18 inches and the text limited to the above qualifications. It shall not be considered unprofessional or unlawful to conduct an educational campaign to give information as to the practice of chiroprody, providing such campaign is first approved by the Minnesota state board of chiroprody

examiners. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section as it relates to advertising shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Approved April 29, 1957.

CHAPTER 926—H. F. No. 2097

[Coded]

An act relating to the appointment of advisory members to certain port authorities; amending Laws 1957, Chapter 812, Section 2.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Laws 1957, Chapter 812, Section 2, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

[Subd. 5] There shall also be appointed to serve in an advisory capacity only to such port authority one member of the Minnesota State Senate who represents such county in the Senate and one member of the Minnesota House of Representatives who represents such county in the House of Representatives. If such county is represented in the Minnesota Legislature by only one senator and one representative, these members of the legislature shall serve on such commission. If the county is represented by more than one senator and more than one representative in the legislature, the members of that county's Minnesota Senate delegation representing such county shall choose and appoint such senator so to serve, and the members of the House delegation representing such county shall choose and appoint such representative so to serve. Such appointed senator and representative, serving on such commission, shall serve only in a consultant and advisory capacity, and shall receive no pay nor emoluments of any kind for such service.

Approved April 29, 1957.

CHAPTER 927—H. F. No. 2096

[Not Coded]

An act relating to the conciliation and municipal courts of the City of Saint Paul; increasing the jurisdiction thereof; increasing the number of judges thereof; fixing the salaries of the judges, clerks, deputy and assistant clerks and sten-