

Section 1. Laws 1953, Chapter 575, as amended by Laws 1955, Chapter 423, Section 1, is amended to read:

Section 1. **School districts, emergency certificate of indebtedness.** Any school district having a population of less than 3,000 according to the last federal census and subject to the provisions of Laws 1951, Chapter 63, in which the pupil enrollment in the school year beginning in 1953 or in the school year beginning in 1954, 1955, 1956, 1957 or 1958 shall exceed the enrollment in the school year beginning in 1951 by more than 75 percent may issue and sell emergency certificates of indebtedness in the manner and in the amounts hereinafter set forth. The total principal amount of such certificates issued in any school year shall not exceed the amount of the increased costs in such school year resulting directly from such increased enrollment, after deducting increased revenues or aids resulting directly therefrom and to be received in said year. All certificates issued hereunder shall become due and payable not later than December 1, 1956, or three years after issuance, and shall bear interest at not to exceed four percent per annum. Such certificates shall be general obligations of the district, and the full faith and credit of the district are pledged for their payment when due.

Approved April 26, 1957.

CHAPTER 733—H. F. No. 2054

[Not Coded]

An act to authorize certain school districts to incur indebtedness and to issue bonds for the purpose of providing money for necessary school buildings.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **School districts authorized to incur indebtedness for school buildings.** Any school district having an assessed value of taxable property therein as last equalized for purposes of taxation in excess of \$1,000,000 but not in excess of \$2,500,000 and none of such valuation consists of iron ore, and having outstanding bonds in an amount exceeding \$500,000 but not exceeding \$900,000 and having a total area in excess of 3000 acres but not in excess of 17,000 acres and which operates not less than three schools giving education in grades one to 12 inclusive with not more than 1500 scholars in average daily attendance and in which the school board shall have determined that the great increase in the num-

ber of scholars necessitates the building of additional facilities, may incur additional indebtedness and issue and sell additional bonds in an amount not exceeding \$750,000 for the purpose of providing money for constructing additional school building or buildings.

No bonds shall be issued until the proposal to issue such bonds shall have been submitted to the voters of the school district and approved by a majority of the voters voting at said election.

Sec. 2. Issuance of bonds. These bonds shall be issued and sold pursuant to the provisions of Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 475, and may be issued in excess of any limitations upon indebtedness provided by law.

Sec. 3. Tax levy. The school board may levy taxes for the payment of these bonds and interest thereon without limitation as to rate or amount and in excess of existing limitations, and the money collected on these taxes shall be used only for the payment of these bonds and interest thereon.

Approved April 26, 1957.

CHAPTER 734—S. F. No. 414

[Coded]

An act relating to permits by state fire marshal to dry cleaning establishments; amending Laws 1955, Chapter 478, Sections 2, 5, and Section 4, as amended.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Laws 1955, Chapter 478, Section 2, is amended to read:

Sec. 2. [76.33] Dry cleaning, dry dyeing business, operation. No person shall:

a. Advertise as conducting dry cleaning or dry dyeing business, or either, until such person shall have made application to the state fire marshal for permission to engage in such business and paid the fee hereinafter provided.

b. Operate any establishment of a class for which a license has not been obtained or use in any establishment except as herein provided, a solvent utilized in establishments of any lower class than that for which license has been obtained.

c. Keep or store any flammable liquids in any building