

city or village may contract with any other city or village for the joint or cooperative obtainment or use of such facilities without limitation of time.

Subd. 6. Merger of funds for joint system. In any municipality in which both sewerage and waterworks systems are operated by the same governing body or independent board, such body or board may, except as prohibited by home rule charter, combine the operations of the two systems, and provide for a single fund for both systems and for the use of charges derived from either system for the authorized purposes of both systems, including payment of the principal and interest on obligations issued as provided in Subdivision 2 to finance capital costs of either or both systems. All obligations issued, taxes and special assessment levied, charges imposed and covenants made with respect to a combined sewerage and waterworks system shall be deemed authorized and limited by the provisions of this section in the same manner as if such system furnished sewer service only.

Sec. 2. Repealer. Minnesota Statutes 1953, Sections 443.08, 443.09, 443.10, 443.11, 433.12, 443.13 and 444.08 are repealed.

Approved April 24, 1957.

CHAPTER 609—H. F. No. 1636

[Not Coded]

An act relating to the salary of probate judge in certain counties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Salary, probate judge certain counties. In any county having an assessed valuation over \$34,000,000 and less than \$38,000,000 as of the passage of this act, and having over 45,000 and less than 50,000 inhabitants according to the 1950 census, the salary of the probate judge shall be \$10,000 per annum. This salary is in lieu of all other salary now provided by law for such office including compensation received for duties as a juvenile court.

Sec 2. Fees. All fees collected by the probate court for certified copies of instruments, letters and orders shall be turned over to the general revenue fund of the county.

Approved April 24, 1957.
