

quent, and also the sum of taxes and assessments with penalties and costs, with interest at the rate *fixed by law for the respective years* to the date of repurchase from the time such taxes and assessments would have been delinquent that would have been levied and assessed against a parcel between the date of forfeiture and the date of repurchase, computed by the county auditor in the manner provided by this section. The county auditor shall levy taxes on the parcel as in the case of omitted taxes for all the years in which on account of the forfeiture no tax was levied.

Approved April 20, 1955.

CHAPTER 613—H. F. No. 838

[Coded]

An act to provide scholarships for Indian students in accredited or approved colleges or business, technical or vocational schools; and making an appropriation therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. [120.41] **Definitions.** Subdivision 1. For the purposes of this act the terms defined in this section shall have the meaning ascribed to them.

Subd. 2. "Indian student" means any student who has one-fourth or more Indian blood.

Subd. 3. "Eligible Indian student" means an Indian student who has the capabilities, to profit from appropriate courses in approved schools.

Sec. 2. [120.42] **Scholarships to Indian students.** The state board of education may award scholarships to any Indian student for advanced or specialized education in accredited or approved colleges or in business, technical or vocational schools. Scholarships shall be used to defray tuition, incidental fees and the cost of board and room and shall be paid directly to the college or school concerned. The amount and type of each such scholarship shall be determined through the advice and counsel of the Minnesota Indian Scholarship Committee. No scholarship shall exceed \$800 to any Indian student in any one school year. If a course of study is completed in less than 36 weeks, the scholarship shall be prorated accordingly.

When an Indian student satisfactorily completes the work required by a certain college or school in a school year he is

eligible for additional scholarships, if additional training is necessary to reach his educational and vocational objective. Scholarships may not be given to any Indian student for more than four years of study.

Sec. 3. [120.43] Acceptance of employment in trade. Any Indian student who receives a scholarship is expected to accept employment in the trade or profession for which trained and to practice it.

Sec. 4. Appropriation. For the purposes specified in this act there is hereby appropriated out of any money in the income tax fund not otherwise appropriated the sum of \$5,000 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1956, and the sum of \$7,500 for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1957. At the close of each such fiscal year any unexpended balance of said sum shall revert to the income tax fund except so much thereof as is necessary to pay the balance of those scholarships which have been awarded and are not completed or terminated.

Approved April 20, 1955.

CHAPTER 614—H. F. No. 849

An act relating to the venue of civil actions; amending Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 542.09.

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 542.09, is amended to read:

542.09 Residence; defendant, corporation. All actions not enumerated in section 542.02 to 542.08 and section 542.095 shall be tried in a county in which one or more of the defendants reside when the action is begun or in which the cause of action or some part thereof arose. If none of the parties shall reside or be found in the state, the action may be begun and tried in any county which the plaintiff shall designate. A corporation, other than railroad companies, street railway companies, and street railroad companies whether the motive power is steam, electricity, or other power used by these corporations or companies, also telephone companies, telegraph companies, and all other public service corporations, shall be considered as residing in any county wherein it has an office, resident agent, or business place. The above enumerated public service corporations shall be considered as residing in any county wherein the cause of action shall arise and wherein any part of its lines of railway, railroad, street railway, street railroad, without regard to the motive power of the railroad,