

holding at such temperature for not less than 25 seconds. Nothing contained in this definition shall be construed as excluding any other process which has been demonstrated to be equally efficient and is approved by the commissioner.

Subd. 2. Immediately after pasteurization such mix or ice-cream mix shall be cooled in properly operated equipment approved by the commissioner to a temperature of 45 degrees Fahrenheit or lower and held at or below that temperature until frozen.

Subd. 3. A recording thermometer record chart, properly dated, of each batch of mix or ice-cream mix pasteurized for use in the manufacture of frozen foods, mix base, or ice-cream mix base, shall be available at the plant of pasteurization at all reasonable times, for inspection by the department of agriculture, dairy, and food.

Subd. 4. At no time after pasteurization shall frozen foods, mix, ice-cream mix, reconstituted mix base, or reconstituted ice-cream mix base have a bacterial count exceeding 50,000 bacteria per gram, standard plate count, in more than one of any four consecutive samples taken on separate days, unless the last individual sample taken is within the standards prescribed herein. Compliance shall be determined in accordance with the latest standard methods of the American Public Health Association. Such tests shall be made of a representative sample of frozen foods, mix, ice-cream mix, mix base, reconstituted mix base, ice-cream mix base, or reconstituted ice-cream mix base taken from an unbroken package in the possession of the manufacturer, but in the event that no unbroken package is available when sample is requested, then it shall be taken from a broken package in the possession of the manufacturer.

Approved April 19, 1955.

CHAPTER 539—S. F. No. 1344

[Not Coded]

An act relating to certain school districts having a population in excess of 10,000 and less than 20,000 and an assessed valuation in excess of \$20,000,000 and authorizing bonds for constructing, rebuilding, or rehabilitating schoolhouses and the levying of taxes therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **School districts, bonds for building purposes, tax levy.** Any school district now or hereafter having a population of more than 10,000 and less than 20,000, and an assessed valuation in excess of \$20,000,000 may issue and sell its bonds in the principal amount of not to exceed \$250,000 for the purpose of constructing, rebuilding or rehabilitating schoolhouses or additions thereto. Such bonds shall be issued and sold in the manner provided by law except that they may be authorized by a two-thirds vote of the members of the school board without the question being submitted to the electors of the district. The district may levy taxes for the payment of such bonds and interest thereon in excess of any existing limitations upon the tax levies of such district. The authority granted by this act shall be in addition to and not a limitation upon any other powers of the district with respect to the issuance and payment of bonds.

Approved April 19, 1955.

CHAPTER 540—S. F. No. 1366

[Not Coded]

An act relating to acquisition of sites and issuance of bonds for school building purposes in certain school districts and the levy of taxes for the payment thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Independent school districts with 50% anticipated increase in school enrollment.** The construction of commercial plants for the mining and concentration of taconite, as defined in Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 298.23, has resulted in increasing to an unusual degree the demand for school facilities in certain school districts in order to take care of greatly increased school enrollments resulting therefrom. This act is applicable to all independent school districts within whose limits a taconite plant or plants are under construction with a planned capacity upon completion in excess of 5,000,000 tons of taconite concentrates per year, and in which districts the anticipated increase in school enrollment, as a result of the construction and operation of said plants, exceeds 50% of the school enrollment immediately prior to the commencement of such construction. The adoption of a resolution by the school board determining that there is under construction within the limits of such district a taconite plant with a planned capacity in excess of the tonnage hereinbefore set forth, and that the anticipated increase in school enrollment as a result thereof