of the United States or Canada, or who has made declaration of his intention to become a citizen of the United States; who speaks and writes the English language; who is of good moral character and repute, and has been actively engaged for eight or more years in architectural or engineering work, or engaged for six or more years in surveying work. The character of such work shall be satisfactory to the Board. Each scholastic year of teaching or of study satisfactorily completed, of architecture, engineering, or land surveying in a school or college of architecture or engineering accredited by the National Architectural Accrediting Board or by the Engineers' Council for Professional Development, shall be considered as equivalent to one year of such active engagement, provided, however, that three years of actual experience of a standard satisfactory to the board shall be required in addition to school attendance.

An honorably discharged veteran of World War I or World War II shall be given credit for such experience or education gained in the armed services of the United States as meets the standards fixed by the board.

(2) To any person who holds a like unexpired certificate of registration issued to him by proper authority in the District of Columbia, in any state or territory of the United States, or in any province of Canada, in which the requirements for registration of architects, engineers, or land surveyors are equal to those fixed by the board and by the laws of this state, and in which similar privileges are extended to the holders of certificates of registration issued by this state.

Approved April 15, 1955.

CHAPTER 434-S. F. No. 515

An act relating to express trusts; amending Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 501.11.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 501.11, is amended to read:

- 501.11 Express trusts, purposes. Express trusts may be created for any of the following purposes:
 - (1) To sell lands for the benefit of creditors;
- (2) To sell, mortgage, or lease lands for the benefit of legatees, or for the purpose of satisfying any charge thereon;
 - (3) To receive the rents and profits of lands, and ap-

ply them to the use of any person, during the life of such person, or for any shorter term, subject to the rules prescribed in chapter 500;

- (4) To receive the rents and profits of lands, and to accumulate the same, for either of the purposes, and within the limits prescribed in chapter 500;
- (5) To receive and take charge of any money, stocks, bonds, or valuable chattels of any kind and to invest and loan the same for the benefit of the beneficiaries of such express trust; and the district courts of the state shall, upon petition and hearing, have power to appoint a trustee for the purpose herein set forth, requiring such trustee to give such bond for the faithful execution of such express trust as to the court may seem right and proper; and express trusts created under the provisions of this paragraph shall be administered under the direction of the court:
- (6) For the beneficial interests of any person, whether such trust embraces real or personal property or both, when the trust is fully expressed and clearly defined on the face of the instrument creating it, provided that the trust shall not continue for a period longer than the life or lives of specified persons in being at the time of its creation, and for 21 years after the death of the survivor of them, and that the free alienation of the legal estate by the trustee is not suspended for a period exceeding the limit prescribed in chapter 500; provided, however, that the aforesaid limitation on the period of continuance of such trusts shall not apply to a trust forming a part of a stock bonus, pension, or profit sharing plan of an employer for the exclusive benefit of some or all of his employees.
- (7) Any city or village may receive, by grant, gift, devise, or bequest, and take charge of, invest, and administer, free from taxation, in accordance with the terms of the trust, real or personal property, or both, for the benefit of any public library, or any public cemetery, or any public park, located in, or within ten miles of, such city or village, or for the purpose of establishing or maintaining a kindergarten or other school or institution of learning therein.

Provided that any such city or village shall, with the approval of the District Court of the county wherein such city or village is located, sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of, freed of the provisions of such trust, any such tract, lot, parcel, reserve, block, or subdivision of the platted part of any such city or village, embraced within the area described in such grant, gift, devise, or bequest when any such tract, lot, parcel, re-

serve, block, or subdivision of the platted part of any such city or village shall be found to be unfit for the uses and purposes expressed in any such grant, gift, devise or bequest.

The income realized from any such sale, lease, or disposal of such trust property shall be credited to the funds of said trust of the city or village wherein said property is located.

Each city of the second class in this state, in addition to the foregoing, may receive by grant, gift, devise, or bequest, and take charge of, convert, invest, and administer, free from taxation, in accordance with the terms of the trust, real or personal property, or both, of any kind or nature and wherever located, for any public or charitable purpose, or to provide, enlarge, improve, lease, and maintain for the use and benefit of the inhabitants of such city, animal, bird, fish, game, and hunting preserves, public parks, public grounds, public waterways, public bath houses and grounds used in connection therewith, and public playgrounds within or without the limits of such city, whether within or without this state, or for the support, medical treatment, and nursing of the worthy poor residing in such city.

Approved April 15, 1955.

CHAPTER 435-S. F. No. 619

An act to regulate the labeling and fixing of standard grades for apples; amending Minnesota Statutes 1953, Sections 17.30, 17.31, 17.32 and 17.33.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 17.30, is amended to read:
- 17.30 Apples, standard grades. The commissioner shall by rule establish official standards for grading and classifying all apples offered for sale in Minnesota.
- Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 1953, Section 17.31, is amended to read:
- 17.31 Apples, packages plainly marked. All apples offered for retail sale and each closed package of apples offered or exposed or packed for retail sale shall be conspicuously marked with a label bearing the name and address of the grower or packer, the name of the variety, the minimum size and the grade, except that when apples are sold at retail from open bins, open containers, or in bags, each bin or display of