license or certificate has been so revoked, suspended, or refused, may on written application to the board have the same re-issued to him or the suspension lifted upon satisfactory showing that the disqualification has ceased.

- Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 1949, Section 155.15, is amended to read:
- License; display, renewal. Every holder of a 155.15 license granted by the board, as provided in this chapter, shall display it in a conspicuous place in his place of business. All licenses shall expire December 31 of the year in which issued, unless renewed as herein provided. The holder of a license issued by the board shall annually, on or before December 31, renew his license and pay the renewal fee. If such license is not renewed on or before December 31, of the year in which it is issued, but renewed within six months from the date of expiration thereof, such licensee shall pay a penalty of \$1.00, in addition to the renewal fee of an operator's license and \$2.00, in addition to the renewal fee of a manager-operator's or manicurist's license. In the event that such renewal shall be applied for more than one year subsequent to the expiration date of the last license, then such applicant shall be required to take an examination in the same manner as if no license had ever been issued.
- Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 1949, Section 155.202, is hereby repealed.

Approved April 23, 1951.

## CHAPTER 682—H. F. No. 1210

An act relating to the powers of the state board of parole and amending Minnesota Statutes 1949, Section 637.06.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

- Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 1949, Section 637.06, is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 637.06. Powers of board; limitations. The state board of parole may parole any person sentenced to confinement in the state prison or the state reformatory, provided that no convict serving a life sentence for murder who has not been

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previously convicted of a felony shall be paroled until he has served 25 years, less the diminution which he would have been allowed for good conduct had his sentence been for 25 years; and provided further that no convict serving a life sentence for murder who has been previously convicted of a felony shall be paroled until he has served 35 years, less the diminution which would have been allowed for good conduct had his sentence been for 35 years, and then only by the unanimous consent, in writing, of the members of the board of pardons. Upon being paroled and released, such convicts shall be and remain in the legal custody and under the control of the state board of parole, subject at any time to be returned to the state prison, the state reformatory, or the state reformatory for women and the parole rescinded by such board, when the legal custody of such convict shall revert to the warden or superintendent of the institution. The written order of the board of parole, certified by the chairman of the board, shall be sufficient to any peace officer or state parole and probation agent to retake and place in actual custody any person on parole or probation to the state board of parole, but any probation or parole agent may, without order of warrant, when it appears to him necessary in order to prevent escape or enforce discipline, take and detain a parolee or probationer to the state board of parole and bring such person before the board of parole for its action. Paroled persons, and those on probation to the state board of parole, may be placed within or without the boundaries of the state at the discretion of the board, and the limits fixed for such persons may be enlarged or reduced according to their conduct.

In considering applications for parole or final release, the board shall not be required to hear oral argument from any attorney or other person not connected with the prison or the reformatory in favor of or against the parole or release of any prisoners, but it may institute inquiries by correspondence, taking testimony or otherwise, as to the previous history, physical or mental condition, and character of such prisoner, and to that end shall have authority to require the attendance of the warden of the state prison or the superintendent of the state reformatory or the state reformatory for women and the production of the records of these institutions, and to compel the attendance of witnesses, and each member of the board is hereby authorized to administer oaths to witnesses for every such purpose.

Approved April 23, 1951.