

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 1949, Section 348.071, Subdivision 8, is amended to read:

Subd. 8. Every person who shall fraudulently claim or obtain any reward for the killing of a *wolf, lynx, bobcat* or fox, or issue any fraudulent or unauthorized certificate or warrant therefor, or claim reward upon a *wolf, lynx, bobcat* or fox which he has in any way protected or upon any tame or captive *wolf, lynx, bobcat* or fox which he has protected or harbored, either full-blood or crossed, or upon the offspring of any *wolf, lynx, bobcat* or fox which he theretofore protected or harbored, shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor and punished by a fine of not less than \$100 or more than \$1,000, or imprisonment in the county jail for not less than 90 days or more than one year.

Approved April 21, 1951.

CHAPTER 659—H. F. No. 1342

[Not Coded]

An act equalizing educational opportunities for children attending public schools in certain counties and authorizing the counties to make a levy therefor.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Tax levy for equalizing educational opportunities.** In each county in the state, in which the assessed valuation of any organized school district having an area of ten or more townships is more than one-half of the assessed valuation of the county, the county auditor shall annually, on or before the 10th day of October, make a levy of ten mills upon all the taxable property in the county, which tax and the proceeds thereof shall be apportioned, as and when other apportionments are made, among the school districts, including unorganized territory of the county on the basis of their respective average daily attendance during the preceding school year.

Sec. 2. **Tax is additional.** This levy shall be in addition

to all other tax levies made by school districts within the county.

Sec. 3. Apportionment. In any county having joint school districts, the tax shall be apportioned to such districts on the basis of the average daily attendance of school children who are residents of the county in which the tax is levied.

Sec. 4. Limitation on use. The amounts apportioned to each district, including unorganized territory, from the proceeds of the tax shall not be used for the purchase of any school site or the erection of any school building.

Sec. 5. Application. This law shall not apply in any county where a county school tax is now being levied as provided in Laws 1919, Chapter 271, or in counties containing cities of the first class.

Approved April 21, 1951.

CHAPTER 660—H. F. No. 1436

[Not Coded]

An act relating to filing fees and fees in the probate courts in certain counties; amending Laws 1947, Chapter 251.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Laws 1947, Chapter 251, Section 1, is amended to read:

Section 1. St. Louis County; probate court, filing fee. In all counties of the state, now or hereafter having a population in excess of 150,000 inhabitants and an area in excess of 5,000 square miles, the fees charged in probate court shall be as follows:

(1) No proceeding in the probate court for the allowance of a will, special administration, general administration, decree of descent, or summary distribution, shall be com-