

CHAPTER 481—S. F. No. 770.

An act relating to old age assistance recipients.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Declaration.—The Legislature of the State of Minnesota hereby recognizes: that manpower in the State of Minnesota, as elsewhere, is one of the gravest problems with which we are confronted; that there are in Minnesota today many able-bodied and patriotic citizens who through no fault of their own have been forced to accept assistance from the Federal Government, the State and its counties cooperating, in order to gain subsistence; that many of these aged people now receiving old age assistance are capable of and most anxious to perform such services as they may to aid the war effort and are ready and willing to render much needed services on the farm and in industry; that the employment of such men on our farms and in our industries would greatly alleviate the present labor problems, give those cooperating a feeling of deep and abiding satisfaction and at the same time conserve in great measure social security funds,

Therefore, the Legislature of the State of Minnesota declares that the general welfare of the State will be benefited by the fulfillment of the provisions hereinafter contained:

Sec. 2. Subdivision (1) Persons receiving old age assistance may engage in useful occupation.—Any person receiving old age assistance may, during the duration of this act, by giving written notice to the Welfare Board in the county in which he resides, engage in farm or industrial labor under the conditions herein provided.

Subd. (2) Recipient to notify board, when beginning work.—Upon notifying such board in writing of his desire to engage in such needed temporary employment, such old age assistance recipient shall notify the board as to the wages or compensation in money which he is to receive. If such wages or compensation in money are equal to or greater than the amount allotted as old age assistance by the local welfare board, then such old age assistance recipient shall not receive any compensation from the old age assistance funds until he shall be restored to such old age assistance rolls as herein provided. If the amount received as such wages or compensation in money is less than the amount of the old age assistance granted, then the amount of the old age assistance grant shall be reduced by the local welfare board to the extent of his wages or compensation in money so received.

Subd. (3) Recipient to notify board when completing work.—When such old age assistance recipient shall notify the local

welfare board that his employment is terminated, then such local welfare board shall forthwith reinstate the full amount of the old age assistance grant if it shall be found that such old age assistance recipient is otherwise qualified under the law.

Sec. 3. To be in force for duration.—This act shall be in force and effect from and after its passage, but shall expire and be of no further force and effect six months after the end of hostilities in World War Number Two.

Approved April 16, 1943.

CHAPTER 482—S. F. No. 449.

(AMENDING SECTION 149.05 MINNESOTA STATUTES 1941.)

An act relating to the business and practice of embalming and/or funeral directing, regulation thereof, and the licensing and registration of persons engaged therein; amending Mason's Supplement 1940, Section 5821.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Law amended.—Mason's Supplement 1940, Section 5821, is amended to read as follows:

5821. License—grounds for denial, suspension and revocation—certiorari—rules and regulations.—The Board may refuse to grant, refuse to renew, or may suspend or revoke a license of any applicant or licensee for the following causes or acts:

(a) The obtaining of, or attempt to obtain, a license by fraudulent representation;

(b) Conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude;

(c) Violation of the laws of this state relative to the burial or disposal of dead human bodies, or of the rules and regulations of the board in relation to the care, custody or disposition of dead human bodies, or the disinfecting of premises where contagion exists;

(d) For incompetency or untrustworthiness in the practice of embalming and/or funeral directing;

(e) The use of misleading advertising;