- (5) All churches, church property and houses of worship.
- (6) Institutions of purely public charity.
- (7) All public property exclusively used for any public purpose.
- (8) Personal property of every household of the value of \$100. The county auditor shall deduct such exemption from the total valuation of such property as equalized by the tax commission assessed to such household, and extend his levy of taxes upon the remainder only. The term 'household' as used in this section shall be defined as a domestic establishment maintained either (1) by two or more persons living together within the same house or place of abode, subsisting in common and constituting a domestic or family relationship, or (2) by one person.

In ease there is an assessment against more than one member of a household the \$100 exemption shall be divided among the members assessed in the proportion that the assessed value of the personal property of each bears to the total assessed value of the personal property of all the members assessed. The personal property of each household claimed to be exempt shall be limited to property in one taxing district, except in those cases where a single domestic establishment is maintained in two or more adjoining districts."

Approved February 18, 1943.

CHAPTER 42-H. F. No. 293

An act relating to wild animals and the issuance of licenses. Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Persons on leave or furlough from military duty may hunt or fish without license.—All resident men and women in any of the military or naval forces of the United States, or in any reserve or component of the military or naval forces now or hereafter organized, who are stationed outside of the state of Minnesota and are within the state upon regularly granted leave or furlough, may hunt and fish at such times in a lawful manner without having procured a license so to do, but must carry on their persons in lieu of the license required of other residents, their official leave or furlough papers.

Sec. 2. Must have either license or official leave or furlough papers.—Any act requiring a license to hunt or fish performed by such persons without either having a license or official leave or furlough papers upon the person performing such an act, shall constitute a misdemeanor.

Approved February 18, 1943.

CHAPTER 43-H, F. No. 368

(Amending Section 63.36 Minnesota Statutes 1941.)

An act relating to employers who make deductions from wages for employees' funds amending Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 3444.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Law amended.—Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 3444, is amended to read as follows:

3444. Mutual benefit associations; employers who make deductions from wages or employees' funds must secure license.— No employer shall make deductions from the wages of his employees for the purpose of furnishing them with medical or hospital care, accident, sickness or old age insurance or benefits, unless he first receives from the commissioner of insurance a licence for the benefit plan he operates or proposes to operate. license shall be granted only when the commissioner is satisfied that the benefits given are commensurate with the charges made and that the charges will keep the fund solvent. All such licenses shall be for the period of one year. The commissioner may require a statement of the operation of the fund, on a form to be prescribed by him, before granting a renewal. The fee for any such license is \$1.00 and for filing the annual statement \$1.00. Before granting a license the commissioner of insurance shall submit the proposed plan to the chairman of the industrial commission in order that he may determine whether the benefits are in conjunction with benefits under the workmen's compensation act.

This section shall not apply to deductions made from employees' wages for group insurance issued by insurers authorized to transact business in this state.

Approved February 18, 1943.