

of the county auditor and the county treasurer at not less than \$2,000 and not more than \$2,500 annually.

Approved April 12, 1943.

CHAPTER 395—H. F. No. 886.

(AMENDING SECTION 580.29 MINNESOTA STATUTES 1941.)

An act relating to the holders of junior mortgages paying defaults under prior mortgages, and amending Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 9632.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Law amended.**—Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 9632, is amended to read as follows:

9632. **Holder of junior liens may pay default in prior liens.**—Any person who has a mortgage lien upon any land against which there exists a prior mortgage may pay any taxes or assessments on which any penalty would otherwise accrue, and may pay the premium upon any *policy* of insurance procured in renewal of any existing policy upon mortgaged premises, and may, in case any interest upon any prior or superior *lien* is in default, or any part of the principal shall become due, or amortized instalments which may be in default upon any such prior *lien*, pay the same, and all such sums so paid shall become due upon such payment and be a part of the debt secured by such junior mortgage, shall bear interest from date of payment at the same rate as the indebtedness secured by such prior *lien*, and shall be collectible with, as a part of, and in the same manner as the amount secured by such junior mortgage. Such payments shall be proved by the affidavit of the junior mortgagee, his agent or attorney, stating the items and describing the premises, and a copy must be filed for record with the register of deeds.

Approved April 12, 1943.

CHAPTER 396—H. F. No. 894.

(AMENDING SECTION 205.46 MINNESOTA STATUTES 1941.)

An act relating to the appointment of election judges in cities of the first class, amending Mason's Supplement 1940, Section 601-6(6) a.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Law amended.**—That Section 601-6(6) a, of Mason's Supplement 1940, is hereby amended to read as follows:

601-6(6) a. **Judges in municipalities except cities of the first class.**—The council of each municipality, except cities of the first class, at least 25 days before any election, shall appoint three qualified voters of each district therein to be judges of election. In villages having but one district, and not included in any town, the members of the council shall be judges, subject to the qualifications and restrictions provided for members of town boards in like cases. In cities of the first class judges and clerks shall be appointed by the city clerk at least 25 days before an election from a list of qualified voters in each district certified by the civil service commission of the municipality. At least 60 days before an election said civil service commissioner shall receive applications on verified forms prepared by it from persons qualified to act as such judges and clerks, in which application said applicant shall state his party affiliation, and said commission shall conduct such inquiry, investigation and examination as it deems necessary to establish the qualifications of the applicants. Said commission shall set up such rules and regulations as it deems necessary for carrying out the provisions of this act. *At least 30 days before the first election in any calendar year wherein elections are held* such civil service commission shall certify to the city clerk a list of such persons in each district who have satisfied said commission of their qualifications to act as judges and clerks. Said commission shall certify the names of two persons having the highest rating from each political party for each district. From said certified list said city clerk shall appoint three judges and one clerk shall belong to the same political party; provided further, however, that if there be not two qualified persons in each political party for each said district, then in that event said commission shall certify those having the next highest rating without regard to party affiliation in order that six persons may be certified for each said district. Should the list certified by said civil service commission not contain the names of sufficient qualified persons in each election district, the city clerk shall appoint a sufficient number of qualified voters of the district to act as such judges and clerks. Vacancies in the office of judges and clerks shall be filled by the city clerk from the list certified by said civil service commission. Said commission shall certify additional names to the city clerk when the eligible list for any election district is exhausted. No two election judges and/or clerks shall reside in the same building. No two judges or clerks in any district shall bear the relationship to each other of husband and wife, parent or child or brother or sister, nor shall they bear that relationship to any

candidate for election, or any officer or employee of such city. No city official or employee shall act as judge or clerk. Any person appointed as a judge or clerk under this act shall not acquire any right or status as a regular city employee.

This section shall not apply to any city of the first class while there is in effect a resolution adopted within 60 days after the passage of this act by a majority vote of the governing body of said city electing not to accept or come under this section, in which event the council of such city of the first class shall appoint three qualified judges of each district therein to be judges of election. Said council shall appoint the judges from that number of citizens who have made application therefor and the council may require that they designate their party affiliations thereon.

Approved April 12, 1943.

CHAPTER 397—H. F. No. 908.

An act relating to firemen's relief associations and firemen's pensions and levies therefor in certain cities of the third class having an assessed valuation of over \$5,000,000 and less than \$9,000,000.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Firemen's Relief Association in certain cities of third class.**—The fire department of each city of the third class in this state having an assessed valuation of over \$5,000,000 and less than \$9,000,000 employing six or more regular and fully paid firemen and having a population of less than 13,000 according to the last Federal census, shall maintain a firemen's relief association which shall be duly incorporated under the laws of the State of Minnesota. All such associations now existing as such corporations, or hereafter incorporated under the laws of this state, shall have perpetual existence.

Sec. 2. **Organization and operation.**—Such relief associations shall be organized, operated and maintained in accordance with their own articles of incorporation and by-laws, by firemen, as herein defined, who are members of said fire department. Each such association shall have power to regulate its own management and its own affairs, and all additional corporate powers which may be necessary or useful; subject, however, to the regula-