

turned against at least ten defendants or wherein the district court shall have been held for 20 days or more, \$1,100. For all services rendered by such clerks, except as included in this act, *they* shall receive the same fees and compensation as now provided by law. At the end of each year, in *each county* having less than 45,000 inhabitants, upon a showing by the clerk of court to the county auditor by a sworn statement that the salary herein provided, together with all fees and emoluments for official services, has not equaled \$2,000.00, the auditor shall issue to such clerk a warrant for an amount *sufficient* to make all the returns from said office equal the sum of \$2,000.00. In counties having an assessed valuation of less than \$7,000,000, where the salary, fees, and emoluments have not equaled \$1,500 the auditor shall issue a warrant for an amount *sufficient* to make all returns from said office equal the sum of \$1,500. When it *appears* to the county board of any county having a population less than 45,000, upon a showing made by the clerk thereof, that the salary provided *in this act* is inadequate for the services performed by such clerk for such county, the county board may increase such salary at any regular meeting of such board to a just and reasonable salary for the services of such clerk. If dissatisfied with the action of the county board, *such* clerk may appeal to the district court within 30 days by filing with the auditor a notice thereof. The court, either in term or vacation and upon eight days' notice to the chairman of the county board, shall hear such appeal and determine the amount of such salary for the term of office by *its* order, copy of which shall be filed with the county auditor. In *any county* with a taxable valuation less than \$6,000,000, the clerk shall be allowed no fees, in excess of 1,000 descriptions, for entering the annual real estate tax judgments, but such fees shall be included in every case in entering said judgements.

Sec. 4. **Law amended—Inconsistent acts repealed.**—Laws 1909, Chapter 335, Section 4, is amended to read as follows:

All acts and parts of acts, either general or special, except Special Laws 1891, *Chapters 423 and 424*, and Revised Laws 1905, *Section 2694, Subdivision 49*, inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved March 26, 1943.

CHAPTER 192—H. F. No. 575.

An act fixing the salary of the sheriff in any county now or hereafter having a population of more than 150,000 inhabitants

and an area of more than 5,000 square miles; amending Laws 1935, Chapter 218, Section 1.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Salaries of sheriff in certain counties.**—*In any county in this state which now or having a population of more than 150,000 inhabitants and an area of more than 5,000 square miles, the sheriff shall receive an annual salary of \$6,000, payable in the same manner as the salaries of other county officers are paid.*

Approved March 26, 1943.

CHAPTER 193—H. F. No. 585.

An act relating to the investment of funds of counties, cities, villages and boroughs.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Investment of municipal funds.**—Any municipal funds, not presently needed for other purposes, may be invested in any obligations in which sinking funds are now authorized to be invested pursuant to Mason's Minnesota Statutes 1927, Section 1938-11, including appreciation bonds issued by the United States of America on a discount basis.

The term "municipal funds" as used herein shall include all general, special, permanent, trust, and other funds, regardless of source or purpose, held or administered by any county, city, village or borough, or by any officer or agency thereof, in the State of Minnesota.

Investments of municipal funds shall be made by the officer or agency controlling their disposition.

Such county, city, village, or borough, or official or agency thereof, may at any time sell such obligations purchased pursuant to this act, and the money received from such sale and the interest and profits on such investment shall be credited to the fund from which the investment was made. Any such obligation may be deposited for safe-keeping with any bank or trust company.

Sec. 2. **Act supplemental.**—This act is supplemental to any other statutory or charter provisions relating to the investment or administration of municipal funds and supersedes such provisions