

records to the clerk of such district and to the county superintendent, of the number and names of pupils, with their attendance, and such district shall retain its organization and shall be entitled to public money, including the special state aid granted to ungraded elementary schools, under such rules as may be fixed by the commissioner of education, except that state apportionment for non-resident pupils enrolled in the high school department shall go to the districts in which the high school is located. Such aid shall be paid from the appropriation made for common schools."

Approved April 21, 1941.

CHAPTER 377—S. F. No. 462

An act to amend Section 10780 of Mason's Minnesota Statutes 1927 relating to the powers and duties of the board of pardons of the State of Minnesota and authorizing said board to issue a pardon extraordinary to persons convicted of crime when under the age of 21 years.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Law amended.—That Section 10780 Mason's Minnesota Statutes 1927 be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 2. Pardons—reprieves—unanimous vote—Such board may grant an absolute or a conditional pardon, but every conditional pardon shall state the terms and conditions on which it was granted. A reprieve in a case where capital punishment has been imposed may be granted by any member of the board, but for such time only as may be reasonably necessary to secure a meeting for the consideration of an application for pardon or commutation of sentence. Every pardon or commutation of sentence shall be in writing, and shall have no force or effect unless granted by a unanimous vote of the board duly convened.

"Section 3. Persons may petition for pardon extraordinary.—*Any person, convicted of crime in any Court of this State, who was under the age of 21 years at the time when said criminal act was committed, and which person has served the sentence imposed by the said Court and complied with all the orders of said Court with respect thereto, including probation or parole, and has been discharged of said sentence*

either by order of Court or by operation of law, may petition the board of pardons for the granting of a pardon extraordinary. If the board of pardons shall determine that such person has been convicted of no criminal acts other than the act upon which such conviction was founded and is of good character and reputation, the board may, in its discretion, grant to such person a pardon extraordinary. Such pardon extraordinary, when granted, shall have the effect of restoring such person to all civil rights, and shall have the effect of setting aside said conviction and nullifying the same and of purging such person thereof and such person shall never thereafter be required to disclose the said conviction at any time or place other than in a judicial proceeding thereafter instituted.

“Section 4. Rules and proceedings.—The application for such pardon extraordinary and the proceedings thereunder and notice thereof shall be governed by the statutes and the rules of the board in respect to other proceedings before the board and shall contain such further information as the board may require.”

Approved April 22, 1941.

CHAPTER 378—S. F. No. 557

An act relating to the registration of title to lands forfeited to the State for taxes and other lands, amending Mason's 1940 Supplement, Section 8249, and Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 8254.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Law amended.—The Mason's Supplement 1940, Section 8249, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

“8249. Application.—An application for registration may be made by any of the following persons:

First—The person or persons who singly or collectively own the land. Tenants in common shall join in the application.

Second—The person or persons who singly or collectively have the power of disposing of the land.