

CHAPTER 262—H. F. No. 1537

An act to legalize proceedings heretofore taken in independent school districts in certain cases for the issuance of bonds for certain purposes and authorizing the completion of such proceedings and the issuance of such bonds in an amount not to exceed \$50,000.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Proceedings in independent school districts validated.—In all cases where an independent school district has heretofore determined to issue the bonds of such district at a special school meeting and election in an aggregate amount not exceeding \$50,000 and maturing in installments commencing not later than the fifth year for the purpose of constructing a new auditorium-gymnasium, additional school rooms and equipping the same where more than 200 votes cast at such meeting were in favor of such bond issue and less than 100 votes were against such bond issue, all proceedings heretofore taken, including the election and sale of the bonds and the fixing of the maturities of such bonds so that the largest annual installment of principal is more than two and one-half times the smallest annual installment of principal, are hereby legalized and declared to be valid and of full force and effect and the school district is hereby authorized to issue the negotiable coupon bonds of said district in an amount not exceeding the total amount authorized at said election.

Sec. 2. Not to apply to pending actions.—This act shall not apply to or affect any action or appeals now pending where the validity of any such proceedings is called in question.

Approved April 14, 1939.

CHAPTER 263—S. F. No. 26

An act amending 1938 Supplement to Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 9447, Subdivision 16, relating to exemptions of wages from attachment and garnishment.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Garnishment and attachment of wages.—The 1938 Supplement to Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 9447, Subdivision 16, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"16. The wages of any person not exceeding thirty-five dollars, plus five dollars additional for each actual dependent of such person, due for any services rendered by him or her for another during thirty days preceding any attachment, garnishment or the levy of any execution against him or her, provided, that all wages paid to such person, and earned within said thirty day period, shall be deemed and considered a part of, or all, as the case may be, of said exemption of thirty-five dollars, plus five dollars additional for each dependent. Said exemption above referred to shall be allowed out of the wages of any such person as a right whether claimed or not, unless said employee, his agent or attorney, shall file with the court in which said action is pending his written waiver of all or part of such exemption; in the absence of proof of dependents he shall be entitled to an exemption of \$35.00, in any event; and if proof is made by affidavit or testimony of additional dependents he shall be entitled to such additional exemption as provided by this Act; provided, that the party instituting garnishment proceedings shall pay the cost of any garnishment where the amount in the hands of the garnishee is wholly exempt. *The exemption shall be allowed out of the wages of any such person and paid when due by the employer, as if no garnishment summons had been served.* The spouse of such person, all minor children under the age of eighteen years and all other persons wholly dependent upon him or her for support are to be classed as dependents within the meaning of this Act, provided, however, that the maximum exemption in any case shall not exceed \$50.00. *The salary or wages of any debtor who is or has been a recipient of relief based on need shall, upon his return to private employment after having been a recipient of public relief, be exempt from attachment, garnishment or levy of execution for a period of six months after his return to employment, provided, however, that he may take advantage of such exemption provisions only once in every three years, provided, however, that agencies distributing relief shall at the request of creditors, or their agents or attorneys, inform them whether or not any debtor has been a recipient of relief based on need within such period of six months.*"

Sec. 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved April 15, 1939.