

office shall receive for filing or file any petition containing more than double the number of signatures so required. Any person whose name is so presented and filed may withdraw the same by filing an affidavit of withdrawal thereof in the same office in which such petition is filed. Provided, each candidate for state offices, congressmen at large, and judges of the supreme court shall pay to the secretary of state the sum of \$50.00 each at the time of filing his affidavit with said officer."

Approved March 24, 1937.

CHAPTER 94—S. F. No. 140

An act relating to the fixing of minimum salaries for judges of the probate court in certain counties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Minimum salary of Judge of Probate.—The minimum annual salary of the judge of the probate court, in all counties of this state, except as hereinafter provided, shall be the same amount as provided by law for the year 1930, regardless of any decrease in valuation, any change in population or any other factor on which such salary may have been based.

Section 2. Salary of Judge of Probate fixed in certain counties.—In all counties having a population of more than 8500 inhabitants according to the federal census for 1930, where the salary of the judge of the probate court was less than \$1800 for the year 1930, the minimum annual salary in any such county shall be the sum of \$1800 per annum. Provided, however, that this section shall not apply to any county, which, when described by the number of full or fractional congressional townships, the 1935 assessed valuation, exclusive of money and credits and the population, according to the 1930 federal census, shall come within any of the following classifications: 19 to 21 townships, valuation \$4,500,000 to \$4,800,000, population 9500 to 9900 inhabitants; 29 to 31 townships, valuation \$1,700,000 to \$2,000,000, population 9400 to 9700 inhabitants; 18 to 20 townships, valuation \$5,800,000 to \$6,000,000, population 11000 to 11500 inhabitants; 20 to 22 townships, valuation \$3,500,000 to \$3,700,000, population 10000 to 10700 inhabitants; 15 to 17 townships, valuation \$7,000,000 to \$7,300,000, population 12000 to 12400 inhabitants.

Section 3. Minimum salaries in certain counties.—In all counties having a population of less than 8500 but more than 5000 inhabitants according to the federal census for 1930, where the salary

of the judge of the probate court was less than \$1500 for the year 1930, the minimum annual salary in any such county shall be the sum of \$1500 per annum.

Section 4. Salary of Judge of Probate fixed by general law.—Except for the minimum amounts as herein provided, the salary of the judge of the probate court shall be as otherwise provided by law.

Section 5. Application of Act.—This act shall not apply to any county where the salary of the judge of the probate court is fixed by Laws 1933, Chapters 16, 76, 143, 166, 212, 284, 432 or Laws 1935, Chapter 361, or laws of the extra session of 1935-36, Chapter 27, nor to any county where such salary has been, or may be fixed by any other law passed at the 1937 session of the Legislature.

Section 6. Provisions severable.—If any part, section or provision of this act shall be found to be unconstitutional or invalid by any court of competent jurisdiction, it shall not affect the remainder of this act.

Section 7. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

Approved March 24, 1937.

CHAPTER 95—H. F. No. 272

An act to amend Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 4137, regulating all assignments, sales, and transfers of wages or salary, providing an exception thereto in the case of payroll deductions for insurance, group annuities, credit unions, and community chest fund purposes.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Assignment of wages in certain cases.—That Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 4137, be and the same is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

Section 4137. Every assignment, sale, or transfer, however made or attempted, of wages or salary to be earned or to become due in whole or in part more than sixty (60) days from and after the date of making of such transfer, sale or assignment shall be absolutely void. *Provided, however, that a written contract may be entered into between an employer and employe wherein the employe authorizes the employer to make payroll deductions for the purpose of paying*