

Section 1. **Law amended.**—Laws of 1929, Chapter 388, Section 4, is amended to read as follows:

“Section 4. **Classification of teacher’s certificates.**—There shall be *three* classes of teacher certificates:

1. Elementary School Certificate
2. High School Certificate
3. *Junior College Certificate*

(a) *The Junior College Certificate shall qualify any holder thereof to teach in junior college such subjects or in such subject fields as are thereon specified. It shall be based on such training and experience as may be required by the State Board of Education.”*

Approved April 21, 1937.

CHAPTER 341—S. F. No. 1529

An act to amend Laws 1937, Chapter 217, relating to the salary of probate judges in certain counties.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Law amended.**—That Laws 1937, Chapter 217, Section 1, be amended to read as follows:

“Section 1. **Salary of judge of probate in certain counties.**—In all counties of this state now or hereafter having a land area of more than 380 square miles and less than 400 square miles and having more than 37,000 platted lots therein and a population of more than 20,000 according to the last federal census the annual salary of the Judge of Probate shall be Twenty-eight hundred dollars.”

Approved April 21, 1937.

CHAPTER 342—H. F. No. 1563

An act to provide for primary election in certain independent school districts; and to provide for the method and procedure of holding primary elections, and for the compensation to be paid the election judges and clerks thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

Section 1. Primary election in certain independent school districts.—Any independent school district having a population of not less than 7500 nor more than 11,000 inhabitants, and an assessed valuation of not less than \$2000.00 per capita of population, exclusive of monies and credits, may hold an election of nominees, hereinafter designated as the “primary election” for the purpose of nominating candidates for school offices by adopting one of the following methods:

1. By resolution of two-thirds vote of the governing body of the independent school district; or

2. By a petition signed by at least 10 per cent of the voters of said independent school district, addressed to the governing body of said independent school district, requesting that said governing body submit to the voters thereof the determination of the question as to whether said independent school district shall have a primary election system for the purpose of nominating candidates for school offices of such independent school district at a special election to be held for that purpose. Within 15 days after receiving such a petition, the governing body shall provide for such special election and shall give not less than 10 nor more than 15 days posted notice thereof. The form of question to be voted on shall be as follows: “Shall the independent school district of adopt the primary election system for the nomination of candidates for school offices.” If a majority of the voters at such special election shall vote in the affirmative, such primary election system shall be deemed to be in force and effect.

Section 2. Date of primary.—The primary election shall be held not less than 10 days nor more than 14 days preceding the school election to be determined by the governing body. The clerk of such governing body shall give at least 10 days published display notices in the official newspapers of the time and place of holding the same, of the hours during which the polls will be open, and of the offices for which candidates are to be nominated. All voting at the primary election shall be by ballot. The clerk of the governing body of such school district shall, at least one week before the primary election, cause to be published a sample of the school primary ballot in the official newspapers of such independent school district, or if there is no newspaper therein, in the official newspaper of the county in which said independent school district is situated, and shall also post a sample printed copy in his office for public inspection. The judges and clerks of election shall certify the results of said primary election to the governing body of the independent school district, which shall forthwith canvass the vote and shall issue certificates of nomination to the four candidates for each office receiving the

highest number of votes. Thereafter, the names of the four candidates receiving the highest number of votes shall be placed upon the ballot for the general election.

Section 3. Filing—fee.—At least 20 days before the primary election any party eligible and desirous of having his name placed on the primary ballot as a candidate for any school office, shall file his affidavit with the clerk, stating his residence, that he is a qualified voter of such independent school district, and the office for which he desires to be candidate. Upon payment by such candidate of \$2.00 to the clerk of such independent school district, the clerk shall place the name of such candidate upon the primary election ballot of such independent school district.

Section 4. Compensation of judges and clerks.—The judges and clerks of said election shall receive the same compensation as is provided for the judges and clerks at the regular independent school district election.

Section 5. Primary election laws to apply.—All laws now in force as applies to primary elections generally, are to apply to this act as far as applicable.

Approved April 21, 1937.

CHAPTER 343—H. F. No. 49

An act establishing county welfare boards and defining their powers and duties, and providing for the levy of a tax necessary to effectuate the purposes of this act.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. County welfare boards established.—There shall be established in each county of the state a County Welfare Board which shall consist of five members, to be chosen as follows:

(a) Except in Counties which contain a city of the first class and Counties having a Poor and Hospital Commission, three members shall be chosen by the Board of County Commissioners, and at least one but not more than three shall be members of the Board of County Commissioners. Such members shall be residents of the County, shall hold office for the term of two years, and thereafter as each term expires a successor shall be appointed by the Board of County Commissioners for a like term of two years. Two members,