CHAPTER 240-S. F. No. 208

An act to amend Section 6 of Chapter 58 Special Session Laws of 1933, the same being "An act regulating the manufacture, sale and distribution of intoxicating liquor and of fermented malt beverages, the levy and collecting of a tax thereon, providing for the use of the proceeds thereof; for financing, and also providing for penalties for violation of the act".

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Law amended.—That Section 6 of Chapter 58 Special Session Laws of 1933 be and the same hereby is amended so as to read as follows:

"Sec. 6. Exceptions.—Sales by a manufacturer, wholesaler or brewer for shipment outside the state in interstate commerce shall not be subject to the payment of the tax, nor shall sales to any regularly appointed and ordained rabbi, priest, minister or paster of any church or established religious organization of wine for sacramental purposes be subject to the payment of such tax."

Approved April 17, 1937.

CHAPTER 241—S. F. No. 274

An act to legalize and validate the defective execution of instruments and the record and filing thereof.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Certain instruments legalized and validated.—That in all cases where instruments affecting real estate within this state, or letters of attorney authorizing the same, have for six years been actually recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds or filed in the office of the Registrar of Titles of the county where the real estate thereby affected was, at the time of such record or filing, or is, situate, whether such instruments were duly or properly admitted to record or filed, all such instruments and the record of all such instruments may nevertheless be read in evidence in any court within this state and such records shall be received as prima facie evidence of the contents of the original instruments of which they purport to be records;

And all such records and instruments shall have the same force and effect as they would have if such original instruments, at the time they were so recorded, or filed, had been legally entitled to record or filing.