

## CHAPTER 141—H. F. No. 1068

*An act relating to levies for general corporation purposes in villages having a population of not less than 3,200 or more than 3,400, according to the 1930 federal census, and an assessed valuation, exclusive of monies and credits, of not more than \$900,000.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

**Section 1. Tax levy in certain villages.**—Any village now or hereafter having a population of not less than 3,200 or more than 3,400 according to the 1930 federal census, and an assessed valuation of not more than \$900,000.00, exclusive of monies and credits, may levy annually for general corporation purposes, an amount not exceeding 25 mills on such assessed valuation.

**Sec. 2.** This act shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage.

Approved April 6, 1937.

## CHAPTER 142—H. F. No. 1030

*An act to authorize cities of the fourth class operating under home rule charters to issue and sell municipal bonds and to use the proceeds thereof in the construction of a community building in certain cases.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota :

**Section 1. Cities of fourth class may issue bonds for community buildings.**—The city council or other governing body of any city of the fourth class in the State of Minnesota operating under a Home Rule Charter pursuant to the provisions of Section 36, Article 4 of the State Constitution, having a population of over 2,750 and less than 2,850 is hereby authorized and empowered for the purpose of constructing a community building to issue the negotiable bonds of such city to an amount authorized by such city council; said bonds to be made in such denomination and payable at such places and at such times, not exceeding thirty years from the date thereof, as may be deemed best, to mature serially, and to bear interest at a rate not to exceed six per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, with interest coupons attached, payable at such place or places as shall be designated therein; provided that no such bonds shall be sold for less amount than the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon.

**Sec. 2. Indebtedness limitation not to apply.**—The bonds authorized by this act may be issued and sold by any such city, not-

withstanding any limitations contained in its charter or in any law of the state prescribing or fixing any limit upon the bonded indebtedness of such city.

**Sec. 3. Tax levy to retire bonds.**—The full faith and credit of any such city shall at all times be pledged for the payment of any bonds issued under this act and for the payment of the current interest thereon, and the governing body of such city shall each year include in the tax levy a sufficient amount for the payment of such interest as it accrues, and for the accumulation of a sinking fund for the redemption of such bonds at their maturity. All bonds issued under the authority of this act shall be sealed with the seal of the city issuing the same and signed by the mayor and attested by the city clerk, except that the signature to the coupons, attached to such bonds, if any, may be lithographed thereon.

**Sec. 4. Governing body may issue bonds.**—Such city of the fourth class may by resolution of its governing body, without submitting the proposition to the electors thereof, issue and sell such bonds and pledge the general obligation of said city or of any certain fund, or both, to the payment thereof, provided the same be sold for cash only in the manner prescribed by Mason's Minnesota Statutes of 1927, Section 1943.

Approved April 5, 1937.

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#### CHAPTER 143—H. F. No. 1023

*An act to amend Laws of 1923, Chapter 238, Section 47, relating to the municipal court of the city of Duluth.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

**Section 1. Appeal to Supreme Court.**—That Laws of 1923, Chapter 238, Section 47, be and the same is hereby amended to read, as follows:

“Sec. 47. In any case in which a judgment or order shall be rendered in said municipal court, and from which any party is entitled to appeal, such party may cause the same to be removed by appeal from said municipal court to the supreme court of the state of Minnesota, upon the same grounds and in like manner, and upon like proceedings and with like effect as now or hereafter may prevail in case of appeals from the said district court to the supreme court of the said state; and all laws of a general nature relating to appeals from the district court to the supreme court of the said state, shall;