

shall have a settlement in the county in which he has longest resided within such year, if it has the county system; if it has the town system, his settlement shall be in the town, city or village therein in which he has longest resided within such year. The time during which a person has been an inmate of a hospital, poorhouse, jail, prison, or other public institution, or under commitment to the guardianship of the state board of control or one of its state institutions as a feeble-minded, delinquent or dependent person, and each month during which he has received relief from the poor fund of any county or municipality or from funds supplied by the state of Minnesota or the United States or any department or departments thereof, supplied as direct relief or in providing work on a relief basis and in lieu of direct relief shall be excluded in determining the time of residence hereunder, except that a ward of the state public school shall have the legal settlement of the family with whom he has resided for two or more years under a written contract with the state public school providing for his care, education and treatment as a member of such family. Every minor not emancipated and settled in his own right shall have the same settlement as the parent with whom he has resided. *Provided, that every minor not emancipated and settled in his own right and living apart from his parents and not supported by his parents shall, after receiving aid and support from others uninterruptedly for a period of two years, acquire the settlement of the person with whom he has resided for a period of not less than two years.*

A settlement in this state shall be terminated and lost by:

1. Acquiring a new one in another state.
2. *By voluntary and uninterrupted absence from this state for a period of one year with intent to abandon his residence in the state of Minnesota.*

Approved January 24, 1936.

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#### CHAPTER 69—H. F. No. 91.

*An act to amend Laws 1931, Chapter 295, Section 1, relating to the licensing and regulating the running at large of dogs.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **Dog licenses, etc.**—Laws 1931, Chapter 295, Section 1, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

“Section 1. The board of county commissioners of any county, by a majority vote, may provide for the licensing and regulating the running at large of dogs, and create a livestock indemnity fund to be handled and disbursed as hereinafter set forth. After the plan therefor shall have been in operation in any county for at least one year, the board of county commissioners thereof may, by a majority vote, abandon the same. In any county containing a city of the first class or a city of the second class located in more than one county the board of county commissioners shall exclude from the operation of this act such city of the first class or a city of the second class located in more than one county.”

Approved January 24, 1936.

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#### CHAPTER 70—H. F. No. 125.

*An act relating to maternal and child health and to other public health services and federal aid therefor.*

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. **State Treasurer to be custodian of federal monies in certain cases.**—The state treasurer of the state of Minnesota is hereby appointed as the custodian of all monies received or which may hereafter be received, by the state of Minnesota, by reason of any federal aid granted for maternal and child welfare service, and for public health services, which monies shall be expended in accordance with the purposes expressed in the Acts of Congress granting such aid, and solely in accordance with plans to be prepared by the state board of health; that the plans so to be prepared by said state board of health for maternal and child health service shall be approved by the United States Children's Bureau; and that the plans of the state board of health for public health service shall be approved by the United States Public Health Service. Such plans shall include the training of personnel for both state and local health work, and shall conform with all the requirements governing federal aid for said purposes; and such plans shall be designed to secure for the